were in circulation.

THEY WILL NOT PROVIDE FOR RE-TIREMENT OF GREENBACKS.

The Hopkins Amendment Adopted-To Vote To-Morrow - The Tariff Bill Passed-Russia's Gold Offer Other Washington News.

Special to The Indianapolis News. Washington, D. C., December 27 .-Speaker Reed and his Republican advisers were brought to a sharp halt in their program for relieving the Treasury. The tariff bill went through yesterday with little opposition manifested terday with little opposition maintened to the withdrawars of that month and the two succeeding months amounted to \$84,-900,000, nearly \$50,000,000 in excess of exports, or nearly the entire amount of gold paid for the bonds. After the syndicate contract of February 8, 1895, until the decontract of February 8, 1895, until the way are provided and the two succeeding months amounted to \$84,-900,000, nearly \$50,000,000 in excess of exports, and the two succeeding months amounted to \$84,-900,000, nearly \$50,000,000 in excess of exports, and the two succeeding months amounted to \$84,-900,000, nearly \$50,000,000 in excess of exports, and the two succeeding months amounted to \$84,-900,000, nearly \$50,000,000 in excess of exports, and the two succeeding months amounted to \$84,-900,000, nearly \$50,000,000 in excess of exports, and the two succeeding months amounted to \$84,-900,000, nearly \$50,000,000 in excess of exports, and the two succeeding months amounted to \$84,-900,000, nearly \$50,000,000 in excess of exports, and the two succeeding months amounted to \$84,-900,000,000 in excess of exports, and the two succeeding months amounted to \$84,-900,000,000 in excess of exports, and the two succeeding months amounted to \$84,-900,000,000 in excess of exports, and the two succeeding months amounted to \$84,-900,000,000 in excess of exports and the two succeeding months amounted to \$84,-900,000,000 in excess of exports and the two succeeding months amounted to \$84,-900,000,000 in excess of exports and the two succeeding months amounted to \$84,-900,000,000 in excess of exports and the two succeeding months amounted to \$84,-900,000,000 in excess of exports a bond bill to-day, but it was soon found necessary to make concessions in order to insure its passage. These concessions are an amendment submitted by Hopkins, of Illinois, and accepted by the ways and means committee, designed to protect the continued circulation of the greenbacks and to give longer time for debate. The first concession is far-reaching, and changes the character of the bond bill materially. It was one of the original objects of this bill to make it possible for the Secretary of the Treasury to absorb the greenbacks and hold them in the Treasury. That was the undisguised purpose of the bill, but as soon as it became generally known there was a langerous revolution of sentiment on the Republican side, which resulted in the Hopkins amendment, providing for the issue of the greenbacks by the Secretary to the end that there should be no contraction of the currency.

This incident easily demonstrated that the preponderance of the Republican sentiment is against retiring the greenbacks, or their sequestration in the Treasury, un-

It is known that several Indiana Con gressmen were opposed to the original bond bill—they are not in line yet. An effort to secure interviews with them on the subject failed this morning. Congressan Henry is not one of them, and will, from the ways and means committee. The vote to-morrow on the bond bill is expected sition to it. Speaker Reed is busy to-day whipping refractory Republicans into line. It is believed he will succeed in passing the bill, but with more Republic

THE BILL IN THE HOUSE. The Various Amendments Made To It -The Rule Adopted.

Washington, D. C., December 27.-The Washington, D. C., December 27.—The ways and means committee has adopted the amendment to the bond bill suggested by Mr. Hopkins, of Illinois, to prevent the accumulation in the Treasury of the greenbacks and their practical retirement without cancellation. The amendment provides that nothing in the act shall be construed to repeal or modify the act of 1878, for the reissue of the greenbacks when redeemed. Another amendment was adopted making the bonds issued under the act payable within fifteen years. The second amendment had been sugwhen Mr. Hill, of New York, introduced the shock was heard. At all these places it seemed to be a great explosion, and anxious inquiries were sent in all directions of the pleasure of the Government, after five years from their date, and it was thought best to make a definite termination to them. The amendand the bill was reported to the House, as

Mr. Tarsney (Dem.), of Missouri, offered an amendment to repeal the act of 1878 for reissusing the greenbacks, but failed to get any support for it. The amendment mittee this morning, providing that the greenbacks should be reissued, is considered a great concession to the dissatis-

The battle over the bond bill attracted large crowds to the House galleries again to-day. As soon as the journal had been approved, Mr. Dingley, chairman of the ways and means committee, reported the bond bill as amended by the ways and nufftee to day, and it was remeans committee to day, and it was referred to the committee of the whole.

Mr. Daniels (Rep.), of New York, chairman of the first committee on elections, as a privileged matter, made a unanimous report in favor of seating Hugh R. Belknap in place of Lawrence E. McGann, from the Third Illinois district. Mr. McGann had decided that he was not entitled to the seating the seat of the seat o titled to the seat, and there was therefore ontest over the matter. The radopted, and Mr. Belknap

worn in.

Mr. Henderson (Rep.), of Iowa, from
the committee on rules, then presented
the rule for the consideration of the bond
bill. It provided for debate until 10 o'clock to-night, with a recess from 5 until

general turiff bill, the exact effect of which on particular industries and on the revenues no one knew, had been rushed through the House. To-day it had been proposed to rush through a bond bill in the same summary manner, but the murmurings of discontent on the other side had forced the autocrat of the House and the so-called leaders to yield a little more time. He admonished the other side that it was only by resistance that they could

was only by resistance that they could btain their rights.

Mr. Balley (Dem.), Texas, agreed in a Mr. Balley (Dem.), Texas, agreed in a general way to the proposition that there had been a great abuse of the privilege of debate on public questions and that the great desideratum was a vote; but, he said, while useless debate should be abridged, full and fair debate was essential. Yesterday, with four hours' debate, a bill which would burden the people with \$40,000,000 of additional taxes was passed. Te-day the performance was to be repeated, but this time posterity was to be saddled with an interest-bearing debt of which no one knew how many millions. The country, he said, would no more tolerate precipitate haste than it would undue delay.

due delay.

Mr. McMillin (Dem.), Tennessee, asked why the Republican leaders proposed to cut their associates off without opportunity to offer amendments. Were those in authority afraid of their associates? Could they not be trusted to do anything but

when the twenty minutes allowed the Democratic side had been consumed, Mr. Henderson, who was in charge of the rule, without making any reply to the criticisms from the other side, demanded a vote on the adoption of the rule, which was taken by yeas and nays. The rule was adopted—195 to 101. It was not a strict party vote. The Populists voted with the Democrats against its adoption. strict party vote. The Populists votes with the Democrats against its adoption with the Democrats against its adoption

Cleveland and Carlisle Do Not Favor

Washington, D. C., December 27.-Chairman Dingley, of the ways and means committee, has received a letter from Secretary Carlisle, which is priserning the condition of the Treasury Mr. Dingley will not make the letter pubturnish the House with all data that may be needed. The condition of the Treasury is represented as very serious, and dd. Mr. Dingley has informed the retary that a gold bond was out of question and could not be consid-d. Secretary Carlisle did not say to

THE BOND BILLS CHANGED can not be floated, and did not discuss tary Carlisle that bonds to the amount this feature of the case. This latter de-nial was made because reports to this a rate a trille less than 3 per cent. effect concerning the Secretary's letter

> President Cleveland and his advisers, it is learned, are strongly opposed to the House bond bill, and this feeling caused Secretary Carlisle to write to Chairman Dingley. Aside from the very important objection that the bonds are to be redeemed in coin instead of gold, as recommended by the President, it is understood that the requirement that the bonds be sold by subscription meets with disapprov-The experience of the Government, it s said, with sales by advertisement show he ineffectual character of this means of tion to the gold reserve. The public notice for the first sale was issued in Jan-uary, 1894. The payments were made in February principally, and in that month the withdrawals of gold amounted to about \$16,000,000 in excess of the exports instead of decreasing, reached th sum of \$84,000,000 during the succeeding six months. The second sale was made by notice, published on November 13, 1894, and the withdrawals of that month and the

> contract of February 8, 1895, until the de-liveries had been completed, during the succeeding summer, there were no ma-terial withdrawals or exports.
>
> The records of the first bond sale show that the individual subscriptions amounted to only \$745,490, while banking firms subscribed for \$15,722,000 and insti-tutions for \$35,824,750. The individual sub-scriptions to the second sale amounted to only \$1,533,850; those from banking firms to \$37,813,500; institutions, \$18,993,800, or a total (exclusive of the syndicate's bid for \$100,000,000) of \$78,341,150.
>
> The ability of the Government to float

The ability of the Government to float any considerable loan under the terms of any considerable loan under the terms of the pending bill also is brought in question. The quotation of the United States 4 per cent. bonds of 1925, was yesterley 116 bid. This produced to the purchaser a return of over 3 per cent. How, then, the administration asks, can the bonds in the proposed law which are limited to 3 per cent, be sold at par?

IN THE SENATE TO-DAY.

Matters Considered Relating To the Two Important House Bills.

Washington, D. C., December 27 .-- In the Senate to-day Mr. Burrows (Ren.) of Michigan presented a tariff bill. He explained that under the Wilson bill many House bill, passed yesterday, had raised duties on articles already on the dutiable list, but had not reached those on the of this year, aggregated \$28,689, and for the free list, except in a few instances. The bill he now introduced placed 60 per cent. support any temporary measure reported of the duty under the law of 1890 on those articles placed on the free list under the present law. Mr. Sherman (Rep.) of Ohio suggested that it was contrary to precedents for revenue bills to originate in the senate. It could be considered only as an amendment, not as a bill. Mr. Burrows accordingly offered the measure as senters than were developed on the tariff an amendment, and it was referred to he finance committee.

Mr. Hale (Rep.), Maine, offered a resolution directing the Secretary of the Navy to accept the ram Katahdin and place her South Dakota, urged that this proposition tended toward a bad precedent. These

The bond question made its appearance when Mr. Hill, of New York, introduced the following resolution: quarterly."
Mr. Hill spoke in favor of the resolution

THE TARIFF BILL PASSED.

What It Provides - Almost a Strict

Party Vote On It. Washington, D. C., December 27 .- The House yesterday afternoon responded to the appeal of the President by passing a tariff bill, the operation of which is limited to two and one-half years, and which is designed to raise \$40,000,000 for the selief of the Treasury. The special order under which it was brought to a vote at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon, after three and one-half hours of debate, was ironclad in its character, and compelled the members to adopt or reject it without opportunity of offering amendments of any

The bill repeals the present tariff law until August 1, 1896. It restores 60 per woolens, lumber and carnets, and makes a horizontal increase of the present rates in all other schedules, except sugar, of 15 per cent. The vote on final passage was

The only divergences from party lines were as follows: Baker of Kansas, Bell of Colorado, Kem of Nebraska and Stroud of North Carolina, all Populists, voted against the bill. Hall of Missouri, and The Debate To-Day.

Mr. Crisp (Dem.), Georgia, opposed the and Skinner of North Carolina (Pop.), adoption of the rule. Yesterday he said a Newlands of Nevada, silver man. The record showed forty-seven members not

Mr. Henry's Explanation. Special to The Indianapolis News.

Washington, D. C., December 27.—"The new tariff bill does not fully satisfy me," said Congressman Henry, of Indiana, "but I voted for it on the understanding that it is a temporary measure. ed no claims for special recognition of glass, tin-plate or other local matters because it was useless. I favor a general revision of the whole schedule on a protective basis."

RUSSIA'S OFFER OF GOLD. How It Came To Be Made and Why

It Was Declined. Special to The Indianapolis News. Washington, D. C., December 27 .- If the statements of at least one Cabinet officer and several officers of the Treasury are correct, the story of Russia's gold offer to the United States has been overson. On Wednesday it was impossible, on account of the holiday, to get an opinion from anybody in position to speak reliably disposition to discuss it, and a strange lack of information, as to any recent of-

fer from Russia. In 1893 an offer was made of much maller proportions, and the Washington brokers only learned of it in a vague way day before yesterday. The offer came through diplomatic channels, when the vanishing gold reserve and prospective ister of Foreign Affairs called on Andrew D. White, the American minister at St. Petersburg, and offered to loan the United States from the Russian treasury \$60,-000,000 of gold on a call loan. Minister White immediately communicated the tary Gresham. The latter presented it to the Cabinet. It created great surprise, and was received as a manifestation of friendly interest from Russia, but its says the Secretary offers to acceptance was considered impracticable, and Secretary Gresham, instructed by the fuse thanks. The old proposition was re-

Evening Telegram, has sold his holdings again dismissed as being inadvisable. to Mayor M. M. Dunlap, of this city, and hereafter the Telegram will be Mr. Dingley that a 3 per cent, bond syndicate. Mr. Morgan assured Secre-

Against the Traffic Association.

Washington, D. C., December 27.-Chairman Morrison, of the Interstate Commerce Commission, to-day sent to the Senate a copy of the articles of organization of tha Railroad Joint Traffic Association, and also a copy of a letter which the commission has sent to the Attorney-General. The that the agreement is in conflict with the interstate commerce law and requests him to direct the United States district atrney for the southern district of New York to institute proceedings by injuncion or otherwise to prevent its being carried into effect.

Special to The Indianapolis News Washington, D. C., December 27 .- Con-

Bills By Indiana Congressmen. Special to The Indianapolis News. Washington, D. C., December 27.-Bills have been introduced by Congressman Faris, to correct the military record of James S. Staggs, and by Congressman Hardy, for the relief of Sam H. Sentenne and Paul Boieau, by the payment to them of \$435 and \$246 respectively, for extra work performed for the Department of

To Build New Warships. Washington, D. C., December 27.—Sec-etary Herbert has formally awarded to the Newport News Company, of Virginia, contracts for building both the new battleships, for one of which the Union iron-works, of San Francisco, and the Cramps were competitors. The bid which was accepted was \$2 225,000 for each ship.

The President has approved the award. Indianapolis Postal Receipts. Special to The Indianapolis News. Washington, D. C., December 27.—A statement given out by the Postmaster-General shows that the postal receipts at Indianapolis for the month of November, same month of last year, \$28,598, an in crease of \$91, or 3 per cent.

Congressman Hardy's Illness. Special to The Indianapolis News. Washington, D. C., December 27.—Congressman Hardy was confined to his room from last Saturday until yesterday, suf-fering great pain from tonsilitis.

A GREAT EXPLOSION.

Four Tons of Giant Powder - It Shook Things Up.

Chicago, December 27.-What appeared to be another earthquake shock shock Chicago at 4 o'clock this morning, and made the country tremble for miles around. It did not come in the low, rumbling manner in which earthquakes usually occur, but with a great boom. The explosion was caused by four tons of giant powder, which was accidentally ignited near the little town of Romeo, on the drainage canal which is in course of construction. Throughout an area of about fifty miles square, from Waukegan, west to Michigan City, Ind., on the east, the shock was heard. At all these places Probably as many as a million people were awakened by the shock. The explosion occurred in the same place when last week a number of workmen were

last week a number of workmen were killed and injured by a similar accident on a smaller scale.

Not a stick of wood or a scrap of iron of the magazine was left. About the only tangible result was an immense hole in the ground. A seventy-five-pound weight, known to have been at the magazine, was found half a mile away, where it had been carried by the force of the shock. A number of cranes were somewhat dam. been carried by the force of the shock. A number of cranes were somewhat damaged, but aside from this, and the destruction of the magazine, and dynamite, there was no loss, except from breakage of windows in a great area. That no one was killed or injured is due to the fact that there were no watchmen on duty in the vicinity at the time and no night the vicinity at the time and no night shifts employed on the line. The idea is that the explosion occurred in the drying room of the powder-house. The nearest habitation to the place of the disaster is a quarter of a mile distant—the contractors' boarding-houses. Nearly two hundred men there were thrown from their beds to the floor, but none was injured.

Thought It Was An Earthquake. Special to The Indianapolis News. Laporte, Ind., December 27.-A tel phone message from Michigan City this

morning reports a distinct earthquak shock as being felt there at 4 o'clock this morning. The peculiar sensation was more plainly felt in some sections of the city than in others, the disturbance being particularly manifest at the northern prison, where the convicts wer Reports received here from other points report that the shock was felt at the same hour, the vibrations o the earth causing more or less excite

Another Fatal Explosion. Hazleton, Pa., December 27.-By an ex plosion of powder at Milnesville this afternoon Andrew Lawrence, Bart Tormey and William Girard were instantly

CORBETT BREAKING DOWN.

The Pugilist Said To Be Becoming Physical Wreck.

Chicago, December 27 .- A special to the Times-Herald from New York says: Among sporting men here the report is current that James J. Corbett, the erst while champion pugilist, has good reason for quitting the prize-ring. It is said that he is physically unable to stand a severe course of training, and that should he for any class heavy-weight. According to a friend of Corbett, the big fellow is going the same road traveled by Jack Dempsey. The first to recognize beinpsey. The life to recognize the trouble is said to have been "Billy" Brady, who is now on his way to Australia. Brady, it is said, knew that Corbett's method of life was the cause of his trouble, and at least a year ago warned him ble, and at least a year ago warned him that a physical as well as a mental collapse would be inevitable if he did not face squarely about. Letters in which Corbett acknowledged his mistake are said to be in existence. In them he promised to reform, but if the reports of his present condition are true, he certainly has failed to make good his promise.

Porter Brothers & Co. Embarrassed. San Francisco, December 27.—Porter Bros. & Co., the heaviest dealers in dried fruits on the coast, have announced dried fruits on the coast, have ammonistatheir inability to meet their payments, and have asked their creditors for an extension of time. No statement of assets and liabilities is made, but as the firm has done a business of \$1,500,000 during the present year, the amounts are believed to be large. Heavy investments in fruit lands and warehouses are said to be the to be large. Heavy investments in fruit lands and warehouses are said to be the cause of the suspension. The firm owns big warehouses all over the State, and dried fruits and nuts.

Straight-Out Republican. Anderson, Ind., December 27 .- John Williams, editor and manager of the

munication except through the United States. and hereafter the relegian will ams straight-out Republican. Mr. Williams will continue in charge of the news department of the paper for the time being, with W. H. Dennison as city editor.

WHY INDIANA'S WAR GOVERNOR WAS SENT TO PARIS.

dence Then-England May Agree To Arbitration - Rumors In London-To-Day's News.

W. R. Holloway, who was private secretary to Governor Oliver P. Morton during the war, talked to-day of a recent letter to the Chicago Post, in which it was stated that Morton visited Paris essman Hatch to-day introduced the shortly after the close of the war on a Legansport public building bill. He returned yesterday from his district, where he had a conference with Logansport citizens on the subject. The bill appropriates \$100,000. This is the identical bill introduced last session by Congressman Hamnond.

**Secret mission to call the attention of Emperor Napoleon III to the fact that French soldiers were occupying American territory in violation of the Monroe doctrine, and to impress upon the Emperor doubt the wisdom of any European alliment to the French troops from Mexico. The corbin America." Legansport public building bill. He re- secret mission to call the attention of the French troops from Mexico. The correspondent states that Governor Morton and President Johnson were bitter politi cal enemies, but had one common trait. Americanism: the mission was secret, and of the Department of State, or in any of authority to speak for the and in behalf portrait is represented as dignified, serene of the President of the United States, and and with a pleasing smile, while the copy his power was recognized by the Emis of the time Gen. Phil the peror; and that about that time Gen. Phil the expression changed. Miss Columbia, Sheridan was dispatched with an "army pretty and fashlonably dressed in the observation" down to the Mexican border to give emphasis to Morton's mission, where he saw the French troops beat a hurried retreat and sail ingloriously for

Mr. Holloway said: "The statements again.

The artist who drew the cartoon is the well-known Phil May. Hon. Robert R. Hitt, the present chairman of the House committee on foreign elations. Mr. Hitt was Senator Morton's private secretary for several years after his election to the Senate, and was the World's W. C. T. U. for some years secretary of the American legation at Paris, under Minister E. B. Washburn, and is in all probability the facts. The correspondent, however, has got things mixed," continued Colonel Holloway. "That visit was instigated and made at the request of Edwin M. Stanton, then Secretary of War, who suggested it to the President, who approved

and entered into the project heartily.

"As I recall the circumstances, the President, Secretary of War, General Grant and many of our leading statesmen were greatly annoyed at the presence of French troops in Mexico, and the sup-posed attempt to found an empire on this centinent, they having taken advantage of our civil war to get a foothold. There was an impression in official quarters that John Bigelow, our minister at Paris, who had previously been secretary of legation under Minister William L. Dayton, was secretly in sympathy with the efforts of the French to establish Maxamillian in Mexico. Governor Morton went to Paris, by special appointment of Pres-ident Johnson, ostensibly to collect certain information about army matters, albough this fact was not known to a

Minister Bigelow's Representations the War Department, no reports would Ill., on the north, to Kankakee, Ill., on | be made to the State Department, and Bigelow suspected the character of his mission, and treated him with scant courtesy, which fact was noted and commented upon by the American colony then

when informed by the French Minister of Fereign Affairs that Mr. Bigelow had said, in substance, to him, 'that inasmuch as the experiment of founding an empire on this continent was being tried, the people of the United States wanted to see t have a fair trial.' The Governor said used all the powers at his command disabuse the mind of the Minister of Foreign Affairs of the impression he had got from our minister, who, the Governor ssured him, was misinformed both as to the wishes of the people and the Govern-ment. When Governor Morton repeated this to President Johnson, after his re-turn, I remember that he said the Present was 'mad all over.

"The statement that Governor Morton and President Johnson were bitter political enemies is a mistake. They were warm personal friends when the Governor sailed on this mission, and only separated politically when Mr. Johnson abandoned the provident was a supersonal friends with the president of the control of the president was a supersonal friends. party that elected him Vice President.
There were many prominent Republicans
at Washington who expressed the opinion
that if Governor Morton had not been absent from this country during the of Congress in 1864-65 Andrew J. would not have drifted away from would not nave drifted away from his party, that Governor Morton would have been able to keep him in line and to have induced him to have signed the civil rights bill, the rock upon which he split with the Republican party.

What General Sturm Did. "I remember very well that during the fall of 1865 Secretary Stanton asked Governor Morton if he did not know some energetic ex-officer who would make a good quartermaster-general for Mexico, as Minister Romero had asked him to recommend some ex-officer of experience and capacity who could assist in reorganizing the Mexican army and devising ways and means to secure guns and munitions of war. "The Governor said: 'How would Gen Herman Sturm, of Indianapolis, do? 'Splendid,' said the Secretary. 'Please telegraph him to come here at once.' Morton did so, and when Sturm arrived Secretary Stanton introduced him to Minister Romero, who offered to appoint him quar-

termaster-general of Mexico, but Sturm would not accept that, as it would necessitate his becoming a citizen of Mexico. sitate his becoming a citizen of mexico. Finally Sturm was appointed general agent of the republic of Mexico, and empowered to devise ways and means to raise money, procure supplies, arms and munitions of war for the republic of Mexi-

"The first movement made by General Sturm was to secure the passage of a series of resolutions by the Indiana Legislature sympathizing with the republications of Mexico and demanding the enforcement of Mexico and demanding the ento-centent of the Monroe doctrine. Other States were visited, and similar resolutions were passed by their legislatures, all of which were sent abroad by the Associate Press, and finally a monster mass-meeting was held in Cooper Institute, New York, which was addressed by a number of proposity of proposity. was addressed by a number of prominint statesmen, including Mr. Evarts and Hen-Ward Beecher. ry Ward Beecher. "he resolutions pressed sympathy with the struggling public of Mexico and demanded the forcement of the Monroe doctr Through General Sturm's efforts, a least the property of the Monroe doctr Through General Sturm's efforts, a least through design and the months of the structure of the months of the structure of the months of the structure of th was put upon the market and a large int of arms and munitions of war irchased and sent to the Mexican army All this was going on during the time Governor Morton was in Paris, and I have no doubt had its influence in Fringing about the final withdrawal of the French troops and the execution of Maxamillan."

ENGLAND WILLING TO ARBITRATE.

So It Is Rumored In Caracas - De pending Upon the United States. Caracas, Venezuela, December 27.—It is rumored here that England, believing that the United States is determined to fight, is now willing to arbitrate with Venezuela, and wishes to resume diplomatic relations for that reason. The ezuelan government officials, while despeak officially, regarding this rumor, say that Venezuela can not now renew negotiations or receive any com-

There is great excitement here over a recent dispatch cabled to the London Everyone demanded the expuljuncture and his counsel was accepted.

The society for defense of Venezurlan territory has elected President Cleveland and President Crespo honorary presidents. It offers the government 50,000 men ready for war.

RUMORS IN LONDON. An Alleged Telegram From Olney-

Proposed European Alliance. London, December 27 .- A New York dispatch to the Daily News says: "There is a rumor that the Secretary of State has sent a private telegram to Lord Salisbury assuring him that the passage of the commission bill was not to be construed as a hostile act." The paper says editorially on this: "There is nothing incredible or surprising in such an announcement. On the contrary, it would be highly hon-

orable in Mr. Olney." The Vienna correspondent of the Daily News says that Spain has already notified the British government of its opposition President Cleveland, and that it is be-France, Spain and Holland-will form s

In An English Cartoon. London, December 27.-The Daily Graphic had a cartoon in the Christmas number, entitled "A New Copy of an Old Master." President Cleveland, in the role of an artist, has made a copy of the portrait of President Monroe The original stars and stripes, poses as a critic in the

Lady Somerset's Message. Chicago. December 27.-The following cablegram was received to-day, directed to Miss Frances E. Willard, president of

Regate, England, December 27. "We join prayers and influence to yours to avert the greatest calamity possible to only person in Washington who knew the the world—a war between nations in whose history is involved the highest hopes humanity. God grant we may stand united to fight oppression everywher 'LADY HENRY SOMERSET, Vice-President."

JAY GOULD'S ESTATE.

Its Taxable Value \$73,615,423 - The Taxes On It.

New York, December 27 .- Since March 1893, lawyer David McClure, who was appointed appraiser in the matter of the taxation of the Jay Gould estate, has been working on his final report and filed it yesterday with Assistant Tax Assessor Casey in the surrogate's office. The lawyer's work consisted in ascertaining the value of the estate which would be taxable under the transfer act of 1892.

The report sustains the testator's will, in which the four executors, George J., Edwin, Howard and Helen M. Gould, were "As the appointment was made through acting executors and trustees and making the total property taxable under what is be made to the State Department, and Secretary Stanton informed Governor Morton that no written reports would be expected, and I do not believe any were ever made. While Morton was in Paris, per year upon each one of his four ex-

According to lawyer McClure's report, the Gould family is now taxed \$574,000. At the time of the probating of the will they paid in \$500,000, receiving a rebate of abw assert that the value of the estate abw assert that the value of the securi-ties is placed entirely too high and refuse to pay. They will, no doubt, appeal from the final report of the appraiser as sub-mitted to the suprementation. mitted, to the surrogate and in the event of an adverse decision, carry the case the Court of Appeals. In that ev-years of litigation can be looked for. years of litigation can be looked for.

On the other hand, the State is not entirely satisfied with the report. It is claimed that the expenses and commissions should not be deducted from th principal and thus be exempt from taxa-tion. It is likely that the State will ap-peal if the Goulds receive a favorable de-cision from the surrogate.

"KING WINTER" ON FIRE.

An Abrupt Ending of a Church

Peoria, III., December 27.—Christmas fee tivities at the First Presbyterian church last night came to an abrupt end. "King Winter" impersonated by Howard Figher caught fire, ran down into the auditorium and wound up his appearance on any stage by creating a panic among the children. A number of them were injured by the fire which "King Winter" scattered in his flight, and by the rush of the frightened people to escape. The church itself narrowly escaped destruction. The injured are: Elsie Win, arm broken;

Howard Fisher, burned about the face and head; Mrs. Ella Kuhn, suffering from nerv-

Money Recovered.

San Francisco, December 27.-Two of the highwaymen who "held up" a Mission-street car Wednesday night and robbed Reuben Clarke, an Ingleside race-track employe, of \$3,000, have been arrested The discovery of a pouch containing \$600, which was buried near the Cliff House, led to the capture. The police buried the sack where it was found, and then lay in wait with Winchesters for the bandits. After dark John Middlemars and Harry Gardiner approached the spot and were about to unearth the treasure when they were arrested. Patrick Welch, who is believed to be one of the robbers, was also arrested.

Uniontown, Pa., December 27.—Following the potice to the 16,000 coke-workers employed by H. C. Frick & Co., of a 10 per cent, advance wages, after the first of the year, the an-uncement was made by W. J. Rainey to-day

that he would also advance the wages of his

week.

The past three months have been the busiest in the history of the coke trade. Out of 17,947 ovens in the region, 16,011 are in operation, and the prospects are that more ovens will be fired. The advance of wages will enable the men to make the highest wages ever paid in the coke region.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Manitoba refuses to consider any pro-posal to establish Catholic separate

York yesterday, will make no statement for publication. A picked eleven from Yale and Prince-ton defeated the Memphis Athletic Club at foot-ball by a score of 38 to 0. Highwaymen held up a number of people at Atlanta, Ga., and secured several thousands of dollars in money and valu-

Dick Perry, a notorious Georgia criminal, was shot to death near Oglethorpe by a posse that pursued him after he had stolen a horse. a norse.

Barney Brown, a negro, who had been living with another man's wife, was seized by a mob near Wrightsville, Ark., and drowned in a mill-pond.

THE ILLINOIS DEMOCRATS.

THEY WANT THE NATIONAL CON-VENTION HELD IN CHICAGO.

Altgeld Will Probably Be Renominated For Governor, and John B. Tanner Will Oppose Him-Mr. Hanna's Opinions.

Washington, D. C., December 27 .- Illino's Democrats have held out some flattering inducements to the Democratic nato secure the location of the national convention in Chicago. Notwithstanding the enormous majority given to the Republican ticket last year, the Democrats have recently revived hope, and declare that they have an even chance with the Republicans of carrying the State, certain conditions being complied with. These conditions are the nomination of Morrison These for President and the location of the convention in Chicago.

Ex-Congressman Forman, of Illinois. who will probably be a delegate-at-large, has been here this week. He says the political signs indicate the nomination of Morrison. He thinks there is little doubt the nomination of John R. Tanner for Governor by the Republicans. Tanner is the late chairman of the Republican State committee. He has been State Treasurer one term, is Senator Cullom's-right-hand man in State politics, and a politician of exceptional shrewdness, but has many enemies in his own party. They are hardly following dialogue:

President Cleveland—Well, what's the matter with it?

Miss Columbia—Not a bit like the original. I should paint it out and try

renominate Altgeld, and rely upon the latter's popularity with the labor element of the State to elect him. The Democrats understand that many Democratic voters will scratch Altgeld's name, but they expect recruits enough from the labor element to more than compensate for all losses. Airgeld has said that he would looks now, from the opinion of Illinois men, here, as if he would be renominated without opposition. In such a case he would accept, and make one of the most igorous campaigns ever waged in the

than any other executive the State ever had, and yet there is ample evidence that he has brought the State institutions up to a high standard and instituted many reforms. The chief criticisms of Altgeld have been for pardoning the anarchists and for his extreme views on the relative rights of labor and capital, which border csely on socialism. He has also held extreme free silver views and has been ill-tempered in his criticism of the President. But in spite of these weak points. Democrats of Illinois seem to be rallying about him again as the leader of their party and his nomination seems to be as sured.

was first submitted to the national leaders they ridiculed the idea of the renomination of Altgeld, but they have become more and more impressed by it until they are now about ready to give the Illinois be paid from whatever funds there are in leaders a chance to prove their claims by bank in excess of \$300, from proceeds of locating the convention in Chicago and giving them whatever encouragement that dends on stock in the Bowen-Merrill Coman be extended.

President Cleveland's friends, if they take any active part in the Illinois State convention, will do their best to prevent the nomination of Altgeld. His extreme silver views would condemn him in their eyes if it were not true also that they resent his attacks on the President. But Altgeld has a well organized machine in Altgeld has a well organized machine in the Bowen-Merrill Company should fall below 7 per cent., the Union Trust Company should fall below 15 to 100 per cent. President Cleveland's friends, if they the State and there is no disposition among the Democratic political leaders to struggle for the nomination, which they look upon as more or less of an empty honor for anybody other than Altgeld. honor for anybody other than Altgeld.

REPUBLICAN POSSIBILITIES. Still In the Lend.

Cleveland, O., December 27 .- Mark A.

ple generally demand him. His chances were never better or brighter than they were never better or brighter than they are to-day, and in my opinion, he easily leads. Really, the only aggresive candidate besides McKinley is Mr. Reed. Both of these men are candidates, and very much so. Mr. Reed is the only strong opmonent McKinley has, that is, I mean, received the men are candidates. The Union Trust Company, as executor, is to receive A per cent of the men are candidates. The Union Trust Company, as executor, is to receive A per cent of the men are candidates. leads. Really, the only aggresive candiof these men are candidates, and very much so. Mr. Reed is the only strong opponent McKinley has, that is, I mean,

enerally throughout the country. generally throughout the country.

"Allison is not to be regarded at present so much as a candidate as he is a factor. He is, of course, strong in his own section and may become a candidate before the convention assembles, but at the present time I regard him as a factor only. Morten is strong in his section, but I do not regard him as a candidate. He is sectionally strong and that is all. He is a most admirable man, and one whom we all respect highly, but I do not regard him

nous prostration; Meredith Love, slightly hurt; Roger Thornton, slightly hurt.

Several of the smaller children were trampled under foot, but fortunately no serious injuries resulted. The damage to the church will not amount to more than \$100, and the congregation can count itself fortunate that it was no worse.

THE SAN FRANCISCO BANDITS.

Two of Them Caught — \$600 of the Money Recovered.

EATEN BY CANNIBALS.

pectors For Gold In Mexico.

an American prospector, who has just returned after a year's absence in the gold fields of Sonora, Mex., brings news of a horrible story of cannibalism which occurred in that republic. Several weeks ago a party of five Sadi Indians, a race closely allied to the Yaqui tribe driven to desperation by hunger, ambushed and killed three Americans working in the gold fields in the state of Sonora, about three hundred miles south of Herbodies. Friendly Yaquis reported the affair to the authorities, and, after a pur-suit of several weeks, the perpetrators were captured in their mountain homes about the 1st of December. They were taken to Guaymas and thence to the City of Mexico, where they will be executed. The names of the Americans are not known to the authorities, being a party of prospectors who had been panning gold in the Yaqui river for some months before they were killed. Every clew which might have led to their identity was destroyed by the cannibals.

ASTOR AND LADY CHURCHILL

It Is Announced That They Will Wed Next Year.

New York, December 27 .- On good auhority, it is announced that an engagement of marriage has been made between William Waldorf Astor and Lady Randolph Churchill. It is said the wedding will, in all probabilty, be a quiet affair, and will be celebrated in London next auumn. A report that these representatives of American society abroad would come to this city to be married is denied by an intimate friend of the Astor family by an intimate friend of the Astor family.

This gentleman said: "William Waldorf Astor has given up all idea of ever again making his home in America. He dislikes this country, and has few ties to bring him here. Of his reported engagement with Lady Randolph Churchill. I can only say that Mr. Astor has kept his

own counsel, and if he contemplates marriage, he has told no one here. He does admire Lady Churchill very much, and should they marry, it would increase the popularity of the American colony in Lon-

A gentleman who met the son of Lady Churchill in Europe, a couple of years ago, and who entertained the young man in this city, a few weeks ago, upon his return from Cuba, says young Churchill declared to him that there was a probability of his mother re-marrying, but he did not mention the name of Mr. Astor in this

SILAS T. BOWEN'S WILL.

Disposition Made of the Property-Union Trust Company Executor.

ers twelve pages of legal cap paper, written by Mr. Bowen himself. It was dated November 3, 1894. After setting out that Pratt being among the killed. Martines his funeral expenses and debts shall be naid as soon as possible, as provided in specific terms in the will, he bequeaths to his wife, Laura E. Bowen, all real estate which he owns at the time of his death, free from incumbrance, except the property, Nos. 16 and 18 West Washington street; all of his personal property, except cash in bank to the amount of \$300, and all of his stock in the Bowen-Merrill Company, except as otherwise disposed The rentals of the property, Nos. 16 and 18 West Washington street, after expenses for taxes, insurance and repairs have been taken out, shall go to his wife, tions for surrender were in pro-Laura E. Bowen; his two daughters, These twelve soldiers were shot. After Helen B. Holman and Clarine B. Wool-firing El Roque, Gomez's forces marched folk, and his three grandchildren, Jo-folk, and his three grandchildren, Jo-sephine Holman, Helen Holman and Eu-route the sugar plantations of San Vingene Woolfolk, apportioned as follows: ciente and Sanantonio were burned. 5-20, and to each of his three grandchildren, 1-20. This apportionment shall begin the first day of the first month after his death. He directs that his daughter, Helen B. Holman, shall act as guardian for the grandchildren until they come of the grandchildren until the grandchildren unti for the grandchildren until they come of age, and that their portion of the rentals shall be used in their education.

To his two daughters he bequeaths the real estate at Nos. 16 and 18 West Washecome theirs on the first day of the first month after the death of his wife, subject to any unpaid debts at time of death and to the payment of certain bequests

to his three grandchildren.

To his three grandchildren he bequeaths \$4,000 each, to be paid after the death of his wife from the net rentals of the property, Nos. 16 and 18 West Washington street, in annual installments, each of a sum equal to six-twentieths of the annual rentals of real estate, first to the eldest, second, to the second, and third, to the youngest grandchild, provided that no grandchild is paid any of the principal before she is twenty-one years old. Interest at the rate of 7 per cent. shall be paid to each grandchild quarterly on all unpaid portions of each bequest from the time it becomes due until all is paid. This bequest shall continue a lien on the property until fully paid.

If his wife should not survive him, he provides that the real estate and personal property bequeathed to her shall go to his two daughters, each one undivided half.

The Executor.

The Executor. He appoints the Union Trust Company executor, and authorizes it to take what ever steps are necessary to carry out the provisions of the will. He provides that whatever claims or indebtedness there is against him at the time of his death shall debts due him and from the annual divipany. He directs that if the dividends entals of the Washington-street property.

He desires that no appraisement be made of his personal estate, and that his wife be put in possession as soon as possible. He directs that the Union Trust Company keep all taxes and insurance up, collect all rentals and debts due the estate, and Cleveland, O., December 27.—Mark A. Hanna, Governor McKinley's political lieutenant, and who has just returned from a four weeks' trip through the East, in the interests of his candidate, to-day discussed the chances of the various candidates, as they now appear. He said: "I hold McKinley to be the leading candidate. The people want him, and the people want him, and the people generally demand him. His chances were never better or brighter than they

> is to receive 4 per cent. of rental of the Washington-street rental of the Washington-street property as compensation for its services, and it case of fire it is to receive 3 per cent. of all the money handled in rebuilding the property. The Union Trust Company agrees to the provisions of the will, and it is so stated in the document. The will is signed by William H. Elvin and James H. Wilson as witnesses.

H. Wilson as witnesses. GIVEN UP FOR LOST.

The Schooner Edna M. Champion Not Heard of Since October 21.

Philadelphia, December 27.-The schoon er Edna M. Champion, which sailed from this port on October 12, for Port Tampa, Fla., with a cargo of coal, and has not since been heard from has been given up as lost by her owners, Champion and Magee, of this city. The ship had a crew consisting of Capt. Frank Somers and nine men. The vessel and cargo were worth \$45,000.

New York, December 27 .- The Ancho ine steamer, Furnessia, Captain Harris, arrived at Moville at 6:30 o'clo morning. The Furnessia sailed from this port on December 1, for Glasgow Moville, and was due to arrive at the ter port on Saturday or Sunday last. Arrived: Saale from Bremen.

HEAVY GOLD SHIPMENTS.

Between \$3,000,000 and \$4,000,000 To Be Sent To-Morrow.

New York, December 27.-The estimated amount of gold shipments for to-morrow s between \$3,000,000 and \$4,000,000. Baring. Magoun & Co., will ship \$500,000 for the account of Kidder, Peabody & Co., of Boson. Lazard Freres will ship \$1,000,000 in gold bars. L. Von Hoffman & Co., expect to ship \$500,000, and Muller, Schall & Co., and Heidelback, Eickelheimer & Co., and others will probably make shipments also,

A Big Fire In Baltimore Baltimore, December 27.-The four-story iron front buildings, 5 and 7 West Baltinore, owned by the Abell estate and oclothing store, were totally destroyed by ire last night. The adjoining bu Nos. 3 and 5 South Charles street and Nos. 1 and 3 West Baltimore street, also occupied by Oehm & Co., were badly damaged by water. Loss on stock, \$200,000, and on buildings \$100,000, fully covered by insurance. The fire is supposed to have originated from the electric light

Record Breaking Yield of Corn. Special to The Indianapolis News. New Castle, Ind., December 27 .- A. W

THEY DEFEAT THE SPANIARDS WHOSE LOSS IS HEAVY.

Getting Nearer To Havana, Which Is Preparing For Defense-An Estimate of the Opposing Forces-Recent Army Movements.

Key West, Fla., December 27.-Cuban eaders here were advised last night that the vanguards of the insurgent and Spanadmitted to probate this morning. It cov- ish armies met Wednesday afternoon near Jovellanos, and that the Spanish were driven back, with heavy loss, Col. Campos was present and directed the retreat of the Spaniards toward Jovellanos. Campos's forces are now intren-Jovellanos, and Gomez is advancing to the attack. All the citizens of Jovellanos are being forced to do military duty.

The report of the capture of the town of Elbour by Gomez is confirmed. The Spanish command stationed there su dered after feeble resistance. The prisoners were sworn not to again bear arms, and all were released save twelve, who were accused of polsoning the water in the reservoir of the town while negotiao his wife, 7-20; to each of his daughters, | Lacrette's insurgent brigade entered Quintana and sacked and burned it.

stroyed.

The train that left Colon for Mantanzas was captured by Lacrette's forces at Quintana. The Spanish companies on board as guards were made prisoners, and large supplies board as guards were made prisoners, and large supplies of ammunition intended for Campos's forces were secured. The railroad stations at Madoma and Toca, belonging to the United Railroad Company, have been destroyed. All the great sugar plantations on the railroad have now been destroyed, and it is certain there will be no crop this year.

Preparations at Havana. Advices from Havana, received by last night's steamers say that active prepara-tions are being made there, both for the defense of the city and for forwarding to the front all the troops that can be spared. It is understood that the Spanish columns in the rear of the insurgent army have been ordered to concentrate as quickly as possible to the frontier of Matanzas and that every effort is to be made to prevent the retreat of the Cubans into Santa Clara. While these preparations are being made to apparently stop the insurgents from escaping back into Santa Clara, the land fortifications of Havana are receiving attention day and night. A number of additional earthworks have been thrown up during the last month, and these are up during the last month, and these are being hastily completed and supplied with guns as rapidly as possible. The magazines are being plentifully supplied with ammunition and the outposts of the Spanish troops around Havana are being strengthened and more securely fortified. There is considerable speculation here as to the actual number of men under the command of Gomez and Maceo. The highest estimates have it that the Cuban army

plentifully supplied with ammunition, said to have been stored for their use at different points and accumulated and hidden for months past.

A conservative estimate of the force at the disposal here of the captain-general has been made and it is estimated that he has 20,000 regulars and about 5,000 volunteers with which to meet the insurgent army. But the Spanish regulars and volunteers are scattered over a large expanse of forts and fortifications composing the defenses of Havana, and when the brilliant achievement of Gomez and Macce in passing through the many Spanish columns, said to number from 40,000 to 80,000 men, in the provinces of Santa Clara and Matanzas is taken into consideration there is some justification for the belief of the friends of the insurgent cause that it will not be long before Gomez and Macce are outside of Havana. This, however, is ridiculed by the Spanish authorities here, who claim that the insurgent movement has received a decided check.

Thermometer. December 27, 1894. | December 27, 1896. | 7 a.m. 12 m. 2 p.m. | 7 a.m. 12 m. 2 p.m. | 22 22 22 21 34 37 7 a.m.-30.16 | 12 m.-30.13 | 2 p.m.-30.16

United States Weather Bureau.

Indianapolis, Ind., December 27.

Forecasts for Indianapolis and vicinity for the thirty-six hours ending December 28, 1895: Slightly warmer, fair weather to-

night and on Saturday. General Conditions. The eastern storm area is just visible over New England; that in the northwest moved eastward with its center near Lake Winnipeg. High atmospheric ure prevails over the greater part of the ountry with clear weather. The temperature fell from 10 to 30 degrees from Indiana and the lower lakes southward to Tennessee and Florida, and it rose west of the Missisippi, but freezing temperature continues from near the gulf northward. Snow or rain fell from Tennessee and Georgia northward to the lower lakes and New England.

Weather In Other Cities. Observations taken by the United Stat

Weather Bureau at 8 a. m., seventy-fifth meridian time: Stations.
Bismarck, N. D.....
Boston, Mass.
Chicago, III. Jacksonville, Fla... Kansas City, Mo... Louisville, Ky.... C. F. R. WAPPENHANS, Local Forecast Official

The Storm In New York.

New York, December 27.—The storm of last night was the most severe this vicinlast night was the most severe this vicinity has ever experienced since the weather bureau was established. At 2 o'clock the velocity of the wind was eighty miles an hour, five miles higher than the highest record for this city. The temperature has fallen fourteen degrees. At Long Branch the maximum velocity of the wind during the night was seventy-two miles an hour. At Sandy Hook it blew at the rate of fifty-two miles an hour. Heavy rain fell along the path of the storm, the record here showing 23-100 of an inch.

At Camden, N. J.

Camden, N. J., December II.—The
in this city last night was very s
Telegraph wires were blown down
windows in many parts of the city
broken. The car snops of the Pe
vania road in Pavonia were blown
and many cars which were in the
were wrecked. It is estimated tha
damage to property in this city
amount to \$20,000. The done on th
North Baptist church was loseene
the Spar House, owned by David
was wrecked.

THE TEACHERS' DISCUSSIONS

PROF. BERGSTROEM'S PAPER ON "CORRELATION OF ACTIVITIES."

Other Affairs of the General Association - Meeting of the English, High School, Library and Other Sections of the Association.

the hall of the House of Representatives at the State House was well filled. The Rev. D. J. Ellison, of the First Baptist exercises. A song by a chorus followed.

The first paper of the morning was on
"Correlation of Activities," read by John

A. Bergstroem, assistant professor of pedagogy of Indiana University. He disissed the arrangement of activities to bring forth the best results. He reviewed bring forth the best results. He reviewed sclentific investigation of this subject, and results of experiments, which showed that some popular ideas in regard to it are too broad in their generalizations. He showed that the notion that physical and mental work may be taken up in turn with freshness, one kind of activity giving rest for the other, is true only to a certain extent. One kind of fatigue, he said, had a certain general fatiguing effect. Experiments of injecting the blood of a fatigued dog into a fresh dog showed that fatigue was provided to hold, there was no surrance that the occupant of the office would be a man of any qualification in educational work. When Mr. Goss said that some of the county superintendents could not themselves pass the examinations of teachers. a fresh dog showed that fatigue dog into a fresh dog showed that fatigue was produced in the fresh dog, and that fatigue had an effect upon the blood. The supposition that mental fatigue could be avoided by change in the form of mental application, he also held to be true only in a limited sense. He discussed the effects of fatigue upon the peryons system. n a limited sense. It is a limited sense. Leets of fatigue upon the nervous system.

Physical and Mental Work. In conclusion, summing up the points of his paper, he said:

"The central nervous system is chiefly involved in both physical and mental work. Physical training may be a powerful instrument of intellectual and moral regeneration. Recreation may be obtained from lively, interesting exercise, but not from hard, monotonous gymnastics. "The profitable period of study varies

with the time of day, with age and dis-position, and with the interest and diffiulty of the task. The work of very tired children retards their advancement. principle that change of mental work gives est is true to only a small extent; and st is true to only a small extent cesses and recreation should be

'A course of study should not be based "A course of study should not be based on the theory that mental ability, applicable largely to all subjects, can be developed by the study of a few so-called culture subjects like Latin, Greek and mathematics. The stages of development must be observed, and it is perhaps only by the training of an organ in its developing stage that the greatest power can be attained. More attention to these and similar facts will, it is hoped, assist materially in making the school not merely a place of instruction, but a place for the development of the energy which counts in opment of the energy which counts in

Legislation.

An account of educational battles with politics followed the paper in a report of the legislative committee read by Justin N. Study, superintendent, of the public schools of Richmond. This foint committee was appointed by the Teachers' Association and by the associations of the city and town superintendents and of county superintendents. It held several meetings before the Legislature met and agreed

The second measure agreed upon was the extension of the term of office of the county superintendent to four years, and postponing the slection until June, 1896, thus giving to the newly elected township trustees opportunity to serve one year in office before being called upon to elect a county superintendent. "But the tidal wave of 1894," said the report, "had made such a before being called upon to elect a county superintendent. But the tidal wave of 1894," said the report, "had made such a shange in the political complexion of the township trustees throughout the State that in no fewer than forty-eight counties a change in the politics of the county superintendent was expected. As each county had several aspirants, and as all the aspirants were anxious to enter at once into the promised land, and could not "slide the thought of having to wander in the wilderness for even one year, an irresistible pressure was brought upon the members of the Legislature, making the elections to take place as soon as possible after the newly elected township trustee could assume the duties of office. The law which has been declared unconstitutional, was accordingly passed. The passage of the bill was an educational mistake, and thas turned out also a political mistake. Had the bill presented by your legislative committee become a law, the Republican party would have gained whatever was to be gained, one year sooner than will now be the case."

Other Measures. A third measure presented by the committee, providing for the examination and licensing of superintendents, failed to pass. A fourth measure, providing for a str.ngent enumeration law, was passed by the last Legislature. Another measure introduced by the committee was the placing of the State Library under the manage-ment of the State Board of Education, and doing away with the unseemly struggle for the office of librarian before each Legislature. A sixth measure, for pro-viding township libraries, was defeated as saddling too great a burden on the taxpayers, A free text book law, prepared

at the request of the two House commit-tees on legislation, failed to pass. Owing to the lowering of the State tui-tion tax levy, the committee had favored the raising of the limit of local taxation from 25 cents to 35 cents. The bill, however, already prepared to repeal the celebrated "grab act" of 1893, contained a provision to this effect. The repeal of this "grab act." the report says, while not a matter of committee work proper, was accomplished by the efforts of the commitmatter of committee work proper, was accomplished by the efforts of the committee acting as individuals. "The act of 1893, intended as it was, to provide for the return to the reasury of un'xpended balances of State school fund, had by an ingenious construction of the law been turned into an instrument of oppression and of down-fight robbery. Funds raised purely by local taxation were taken from many corporations and redistributed. The monstrous downing was at up that if a school of package of the monstrous downing was at up that if a school of package of the will be the state would provide, it might use every dollar so distributed, but if, in the laudable desire to extend its school term, it should levy a local tuition tax, and by any inadvertence raise more money than might be expected, it should be deprived of the right to use all that might have been originally distributed to it by the State, and be allowed to use only a proportional part thereof, thus in reality punishing it for its ambition for better things educationally. The law of '85 reaches the desired end, viz: the return of unexpended balances of State funds to the State for redistribution by a stimple piece of bookkeeping in the Auditor's office, dispensing with legal proceedings."

In reading this part of the report, Mr. Study interposed some remarks of his own. "The Republican was not different from the Democrat," he said, "The present Attorney-General is gleaning the field so plentifully harvested by his predecessor."

for."

The legislative committee, the regarconcluded, had defeated much visions
school legislation that was attempted. It
had been treated with the utmost resp. it
by the members of the Legislature. Mr.
Study sugested that some provision should
be made for the expenses of any future
committee, during its labors at the State
Capital. The report was received by the
meeting, and the committee was discharged.

Inter Relation of Subjects. a as Interrelation of Subdoore, superistendent of the Frankfort

At the general session of the Indiana State Teachers' Association this morning. Incompetent Superintendents.

In a paper on "The Need and the Way Reform Legislation For Indiana church, conducted opening devotional Schools," D. K. Goss, superintendent of he Indianapolis public schools, made ome points against the present school system of the State, which were received in deprecation of the system of appointtrustees, men who had no other qualificawhich they pretended to hold, there was laughter and applause. Mr. Goss suggested taking the employment of teachers and vesting it in the hands of the county or city superintendent, but not until that office is safeguarded by both a scholastic and professional qualification and the term is lengthened and free from politicians and secretaries. He would also make them represents to the State superintendent and There was no general session this after-

> ciation by the management of the Grand LAST NIGHT'S SESSION.

noon. At the session to-night at the State House Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, of Co-

lumbla College, New York, will make an address on "Ideals of Education." Following there will be a reception to the as-

Address of the Retiring President, Joseph Swain.

The hall and galleries of the House of Representatives were filled last night at first general session of Indiana State Teachers' Association in its forty-second annual meeting. The program opened with music shortly before 8 o'clock and adjournment came within an hour. The opening song was by twenty young women of Indianapolis Normal School, led by Mrs. Perle Wilkinson, supervisor of music. The Rev. Henry A. Buchtel, of the Central-avenue M. E. church, conducted devotional exercises.

The retiring president, Joseph Swain, president of Indiana University, was applauded as he rose from the speaker's

"Thanking you for your uniform courtesy and reliftulness to me in my duties as presiding officer a year ago, and bespeaking the same thoughtfulness toward him who puts on the harness as you have shown him who takes it off. I now deem it a privilege and an honor to introduce to you the vice-president of our State Normal School, president-elect of the Stat Telchers' Association, Prof. Howar

before the Legislature met and agreed upon several measures to be urged upon the Legislature. One was the direct university tax, intended to spare the management of the State institutions the distasteful labor of begging funds of each Legislature. The levy asked had been pruned down and subjected to compromise till it provided one-sixth of a million every dollar of taxables in the State. This is expected to produce an annual revenue of about \$200,000 Indiana University to get \$80,000 and Purdue and the State Normal School \$60,000 each.

The second measure agreed upon was the extension of the term of office of the county superintendent to four years, and postponing the section until June, 1896, thus giving to the newly elected township trustees apportunity to serve one year in office. As the new president stepped forward inations multiplied. Grace did not exist as some unified state; it was analyzed into Grace prevenient; Grace operant and Grace perficient. The thinking of this age culminated in the minute distinctions of the scholastics.

Institutions, being founded in their very truth and essence on the needs of man-

truth and essence on the needs of man-kind-on mankind's ignorance, perverted feeling and irrational choice-can not, the speaker held, express these conditions of speaker held, express these conditions of man. They reveal the opposite—the ideal of the individual, his permanent, his universal self. The individual, manifesting individualism, is the small self. When he looks full into the face of the institutions, he gazes upon his colossal self, upon himself as infinite. Here is revealed the correlation of institutions. The institutions—are correlated, the speaker said, in that each embodies as its law the ideal of the individual, a thing that is universal; it embodies as its sovereignty the rule of this ideal over each activity occurring within it; as its duty, acts in harmony with the common purpose, the removal of the contradiction between the individual's real and ideal. This correlation of the institutions is between the individual's real and ideal. This correlation of the institutions is found no less in the expression of their differences. They are one and all instruments of grace and justice, revealing and enforcing ideal standards, and, therefore,

enabling the individual to measurown defect and inspiring him to come it.
A song, "Lift Up Thine Eyes," by Misses
Lillian Adams. Helen Leeper and Laura
Hanna, followed President Sandison's ad-

The president then announced as com-mittee on resolutions: W. A. Hester, of Evansville: Sandford Bell, of Aurora; R. A. Ogg, of Greencastle; W. C. Bellman, A. Ogg, of Greencastle; W. C. Bellman, of Hammond, and Quitman Jackson, of Greenfield.

He announced as committee on reading circle board: J. N. Study, of Richmond, Charles Meek, of Terre Haute; W. H. Senour, of Brookville; J. A. Greenstreet, of New Castle, and J. F. Scull, Rochester. The railroad committee for the National Educational Association meeting was an-nounced as consisting of W. A. Bell, city; C. F. Patterson, Edinburg, and D. M. Geeting, city.

Geeting city.

After adjournment, the members from the various congressional districts met to select a nominating committee to nominate the various officers of the association. The selections were.

First District—Mrs. Hornbrook, of Evansville. ansville, Second District-A. E. Humpke, of Vin-Third District-J. P. Funk, of New Al-

Fourth District-E. A. Remy, of Columbus. Fifth District-Michael Seller, of Terre Sixth District-W. R. Houghton, of Con-

fayette, Eleventh District-W. H. Douglass, of Logansport,
Twelfth District-G, M. Naber, of Columbia City.
Thirteenth District-J. H. Bair, of South

THE ENGLISH SECTION.

The Papers Rend Refore the Meeting -President Sampson. The English section opened at 1:30 this afternoon, with a report of the Chicago Conference of Teachers of English. It was presented by Miss Edith Reilly, of in this report. The first point was the recommendation of Professor Demmon (University of Michigan), that all textbooks on formal rhetoric, be done away with. This created great discussion at

The second point dealt with the scheme presented by Professor Davidson, form-This gave a complete and specific course for each month's work, and was received with favor by the majority of the

Chicago.

received with favor by the majority of the teachers.

The third point was the rece mendation to school officers that teachers of English to school officers that teachers.

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MARTIN W. SAMPSON President of the English Section.

science, and English has been neglected. Especially is this true of the elementary English stuttes, i. e., reading grammar, spelling and composition. tionality.

The supremacy in literature is to-day heid by prose. Prose, as studied by high school pupils, should be devoted to the masterpieces of the best writers of to-day or at least of the preceding generation.

How to teach English prose: Under this head many important practical suggestions were offere? These were given on "Essay, and Criticism" "Oratory" and

"Essay and Criticism," "Oratory" and "Fiction." Professor Milford specifically riction." Professor Milford specifically outlined a course of study under each o these heads. His idea of fiction is according to Emerson's statement that yo should never read a book you don't like Professor Milford considers fiction the Professor Milford considers fiction the most important branch for the teaching of correct prose.

In closing he emphasized strongly the elements of taste and literature, instead of philology. By bringing forward these first elements, the teacher of English will obtain the best results.

"English in the Grades" was the subject of a paper by Miss Fidelia Anderson, of this city. It was based upon her own knowledge of the subject, and it set forth means whereby grammatical correctness.

means whereby grammatical correctness can be secured with the least expenditure She speke often on the "Trinity of En-She spoke often on the "Trinity of English," I. e., power to see, power to express and power to enjoy good literature. The last paper was presented by Professor Sampson, of the State University. His subject dealt with Comus and the Merchant of Venice. He has been prominent during the convention, and his paper was received with marked appreciation. It was, however, more for the special teacher, than for the general teacher. Martin W. Sampson, of Bloomington, holding a chair in the English department of Indiana University, is president of the of Indiana University, is president of the English section of the State Association. He was born in 1866 at Cincinnati, was graduated from the University of Cincinnati in 1888, and took a master's degree in 1890. He then studied abroad, and was instructor of English in the University of instructor of English in the University of lowa 1889-91. He was assistant professor in English in Leland Stanford University 1891-93, and went to Bloomington in 1893.

THE HIGH SCHOOL SECTION.

The Controversy Concerning English Attracting Much Attention. The high school section met in the all of the House of Representatives at 1:30 o'clock this afternoon. This section has claimed for itself a larger influence yearly by reason of its important relations on the one hand to the grammar schools, from which it receives its pu pils, and on the other hand to the coleges, to which it contributes so many freshmen. The present session is made memorable by reason of the controversy the English departments of the University. The high schools which have been commissioned by the State Board of Education, and whose graduate students are admitted to the Indiana University without examination, use the English departm Blcomington has not recognized as suf ficient the equipment in English of the sent by the high schools. subject is receiving more attention side" than any other one before the

School section, is now superintendent of the city schools of New Albany. He be-



W. H. HERSHMAN. President of the High School Section.

gan work in the district schools of New-ton county, was elected county superintendent of that county, in which capacity he served ten years. He was then called to the superintendency of the Delphi schools; from there he went to Attica, rom which place he was called to New

COUNTY SUPERINTENDENTS.

The Time of Holding Institutes Discussed-Expenses of Litigation. The county superintendents were in session a short time again this forenoon When they adjourned last evening some of the members of the association were time for holding county institutes, so I was decided to continue the talk to-day At 11 o'clock, when final adjournment was taken, the association was still divided as to whether institutes should be held in the summer or in the winter. Quitman Jackson, of Hancock county, who will read a paper before the general association, advocating winter county institutes, gave the association the advantage of some of the thoughts he has put into his paper. He believes there is great advantage in holding a county institute after the schools of the county have been n session a month or two.

President Pfrimmer, of Newton county

said he had tried a late winter institute this year, and he liked the plan. In the afternoon there was a private meeting of the superintendents, held for the purpose of raising money with which to defray the expenses of the litigation over the law changing the time of electing superintendents. The case was carried the Supreme Court at the expense of the superintendents. Some of the members of the association say they have been asked to contribute \$25 aplece. The suit was begun by the Democratic superintendents, but a brotherly feeling is incing a few of the Republican me

extenses. CLASSICAL SECTION.

Organization Effected and Officers

Elected-The Program. proposed classical section of the State Teachers' Association convened at 9 o'clock this morning in room 122 of the State House. A temporary organization was effected by the election of Dr. Edwin Post, of DePauw University, as chair- are thousands whose lives it does

sion of Mr. Moore's subject. J. H. Tomble, schools, also read a short paper in discussion of the subject, but announced that the first object for a teacher of schools, also read a short paper in discussion. "Are all things good that come out of Germany" he asked that come out of Germany" he asked that come out of Germany "he asked the succious in his discussion, "Are all things good that come out of Germany" he asked that come out of Germany" he asked that come out of Germany "he asked the succious in the last decade the trend has been toward brain, but in this particular time, in our evolution, we are for in need of more principles, but we are in need of a more thoroush masteriy and practical application of what we have."

M. Tomble discussed the importance of a practical correlation of studies. But an over-relation, an obscuring of a subject by a far-fetched association with some

of that time should be devoted to the reading of some easier author. An in-formal discussion followed the reading of the other papers, in which many par-ticipated. About a hundred teachers were present during the session.

Topics Discussed at the Meeting-

Sketch of President Bergen. The Music Section held a meeting this of Lafavetie, president; V. H. Null, of Elchhorn, of Bluffton, secretary. The president of the section was born De-cember 26, 1851, in Johnson county. His early life was spent on a farm. At the age of ten he received his first instruction on the violin, and soon after became a favorite instrument. His father and throughout his boyhood he attended with ing to read music rapidly. At the age of of music in the public schools at Shelby-



J. S. BERGEN.

ville, and conducted it with such success that he was invited to similar efforts in the public schools of Lafayette. He is director of the Lafayette military band, and is known as a composer.

Topics discussed at the meeting this afternoon were: "How to Reach Indifferent Pupuls," "How to Interest Teachers More Fully," and "How to Raise the Standard of Music Teachers."

The Music Section held its first session this afternoon in the small room adjoining the agricultural hall. The scientists, who occupy the agricultural hall, did not take kindly to the arrangement. They complained that the "thumping on the plano" ville, and conducted it with such success kindly to the arrangement. They com-plained that the "thumping on the plano" in the adjoining room disturbed their relief, but as all the rooms in the ding were occupied, he could do noth. The scientists criticised the execucommittee of the general association placing music and sciencia in addition. thoughts. for placing music and science in adjoining

> LIBRARY ASSOCIATION. Address of President Abern-Wr.

Martindale's Talk-Papers. The State Library Association, of which Miss Mary Eileen Ahern, ex-State Librarian is president, and Miss Nancy Baker, of the Indianapolis Public Library, secretary, met this afternoon in the Lieutenant-Governor's room. The attendance was larger than at the association meet-

Miss Mary Elleen Ahern; president the Library Association, is a native of Indianapolis. When she was quite young her parents removed to Spencer, Ind. where her earlier years were passed and where she received her education. When she was seventeen years old she teaching school in Bloomfield, and later aught in the Peru High School, which occupied her until 1889, when she received appointment of assistant State librarian of Indiana. Four years later she was elected State Librarian, holding this office until April, 1895, when a change in the political complexion of affairs in In diana resulted in a change in the library as well as in other offices. It was with great regret that the friends and patrons of the State Library saw Miss Ahern go out of office. She was universally courteous, and her thorough and wide acquaintance with books and the order of the courter of the courte made her of value in assisting searchers

in particular branches of inquiry.

That the Indiana State Library ranks high among reference libraries is largely credited to Miss Ahern, who carried out and enlarged upon a policy begun by her predecestor. brary Association, and the founder of the Indiana State Library Association. Of the atter organization she was secretary our years, and is now its president. Miss Ahern is at present a student at Armour Institute of Technology, in the department of library science.

Miss Ahern's Address. Miss Ahern, in addressing the associaon, said that organization and combinaion of efforts in similarity of interests is the order of the day. It was with this as the central idea that an attempt was being made to build up a library associa "Our work in Indiana has not yet

reached the point of influence we had

MARY EILEEN AHERN. President of the Library Association.

ciation for those whom we labor, but conscious that some good had been done, we press frward hoping for better things. The only security for a free government is in the intelligence of its people. Planted side by side is the church and the school, the source and support of morality The foundation was and education. broad enough and strong enough for a comparatively small and homogeneous nation. With increasing immigration and growing perplexities of modern soci-these two supports are proving insuf-

"Thoughtful people are to-day more than ever before pointing out that a great something is wanting, and that church and school together have not succeeded in doing all that was hoped for or that is necessary for the safety and the common good. The influence of the church is no longer universal. There are thousands whose lives it does not man, and Miss Bessie Herrick, of the touch. The public schools are still our Greenfield High School, as secretary. A constitution was adopted, and a permanent organization of this section made by the election of the following officers for the election of the following officers for the election of the touch. The public schools are still our pride and in a measure a bulwark for constitution was adopted, and a permanent of form of government, but their influence is exerted for only a comparative short time. There has been a strange in-difference on the part of the teachers of the constitution of the following officers for the constitution was also been a strange in-difference on the part of the teachers of the constitution was also been as the constitution of the following officers for the constitution was also been a strange in-difference on the part of the teachers of the constitution was also been a strange in-difference on the part of the touch. the ensuing year, viz.: A. I. Dotey, of the Indianapolis High School, president; Prof. H. A. Hoffman, of the Indiana University vice-president, and Miss Coru Bennett, of the Marion High School, secretary and

educational people and we hope for deff lature. Much has been said of the school later on but I want to make a plea for more co-operation in formulating plans that shall be helpful to both. Effective c-operation calls for three things-mutual understanding, mutual acquaintance and mutual action. With these conditions existing between librarians and teachers, will do far more in their every-day of work. The teacher who knows the of work. methods and the general and special purposes of a library will do more than one who does not. The librarian should understand child nature and its logical course of development, and should strive to make friends of the boys and girls. We hear much of higher education. What we need Indiana is not more or better higher institutions for the few, but more free libraries for the many.
"A new atmosphere surrounds the library movement in our midst. No longer it thought to be proper or even addissible to allow these sacred trusts to be put in charge of those not qualified by nature, culture and experience to brout from them the stored-up treasures

"In a rational way it is recognized as a profession based on principles and axioms as important and helpful as many more pretentious efforts. No one is longer astonished to learn that a librarian has other duties besides reading the books at his command. He is expected not only to know and have a deep regard for their contents, but to have a tender solicitude for their outsides.

"He can never be successful unless he understands the mysteries of scientific cataloging, classification, book arranging, shelving, binding, etc. The foundation for success must be a genuine, hearty love for the work.

the work.

"There are two chief problems before every librarian, though they may be garnished by any number of questions of detail: How best to develop libraries as an educational force, and how best to economize the administration of the library system. In dealing with these two questions we must not only practice eternal vigilance, but we must engage the attention of that part of the otuside world from whom we expect our help."

Following Miss Ahren, Charles Martindale, of the Indianapolis School Board, talked briefly on books that should go to make up a public library, their arrangement, etc. James H. Asherbranner, of the New Albany Public Library, read apaper on "Biographical Aids." Miss Helen T. Guild, of the Hamilton library, Ft. Wayne, read a paper on "A Visit to the Forbes Library, Northamton."

A reception will take place this evening at the Commercial Club, by the Indiana Library Association and the library department of the Bowen-Merrill Company. Tr. Cherles E. Wice of the New Library of the New Merce of the New Arrise of the New Arrise of the Bowen-Merrill Company. department of the Bowen-Merrill Com-pany. Dr. Charles E. Wise, of the New-berry Library, Chicago, will be the guest of honor. Others prominent in library work in Indiana and other States will also be present

ELOCUTIONISTS AND ORATORS. Name of the Association Changed-

also be present.

Papers and Discussions. The Association of Elocutionists and Orators, at its session to-day, changed its name to the Association of Reading and Clocution. A. R. Priest, of DePauw University, was elected president, and Miss Carolyn Moody Gerrish, of Lafayette, sec-

At the afternoon session, T. J. McAvoy, of this city, read a paper on pulpit oratory. The discussion of the subject was led by the Rev. G. A. Carstensen, of St. Paul's, Ep/scopal church, Miss. Carolyn, V. Dorsey, of the Central Normal School, Danyille read, a paper on "Should Fle." Danville, read a paper on "Should Elo-



President of the Association of Elecution

cution Be Taught in Our Common Schools?" The discussion of this subject was led by Miss Nellie Virtue. Prof. E. P. Trueblood, president of the Association of Elocutionists and Orators s a native of Washington county. His early education was received at Blue-river Academy, near Salem. From the academy he went to Earlham College, from which institution he received the bachelor's de-gree in 1885. After teaching one year at Raysville, Ind., he went to the Univers of Michigan, where he studied in the de-partment of English and elocution and eccived a degree also from that institution. The next year he was superintendent of the Carthage school, and in 1888 he was chosen as head of the new department of elocution and oratory at Earlham College, which position he has held continuously since that time In 1891 he finished a course of study in English at Earlham and received

master's degree. In addition to the training already received in preparation for his professional work, Professor Trueblood has studied in Boston, Chautauqua and Chicago. A Biology Exhibit. In the rooms of the State Board of Education is an exhibit prepared for the teachers and public by Professor Coulter,

of Purdue University, consisting of fifty microscopes, with specimens mounted by his students. The exhibit is to illustrate the educative value of blology as it could be better taught in the High Schools, and includes views of disease germs and microbes found in water and milk. Mathematical Section. The mathematical section, of which J. C.

afternoon and listened to the reading of several papers. The subject of Robert J. Aley, of the State University, was "Mathematical Text-Books and Teaching in High Schools," J. C. Trent, of the Indianapolis High School, discussed the paper.

PAPER MILL WRECKED. The Plant of Sheperd Bros., of Vincennes, Burned Out.

Special to The Indianapolis News Vincennes, Ind., December 27.-Shep nerd Brothers' paper mill, one of the argest manufacturing industries in the city, burned last night. Loss, \$40,000. The capacity of the plant was recently doubled by the addition of \$6,000 in new machinery. The insurance is \$20,000.

Paralysis Caused By a Gun Shot. Franklin, Ind., December 2.-Uncle Dan Robinson, one of the best-known naracters in this vicinity, was the victim of a severe stroke of paralysis yesterday, from which his recovery is hardly possible. Mr. Robinson is a veteran of the late war, and received a wound of which the present attack is a result. For many years be has had charge of cannon on Crim's Hill, and the sound cannon on Crim's Hill, and the sound of the old gun will not seem the same with out Uncle Dan in charge.

Special to The Indianapolis News. Muncie Ind., December 27.-In a nat aral gas explosion to-day Carey Crozier's cook stove was torn to pieces and his wife was fatally burned. Mrs. Crozier was trying to regulate the gas.

the Sessions Here.

The American Economic Association will begin its eighth meeting to-night in the Senate chamber. The delegates and visitors, including distinguished men from the great centers of education in America. will be welcomed by Governor Matthews Prof. John B. Clark, of Columbia College president of the association will respond and will deliver the annual address. The secretary, Prof. Jeremiah W. Jenks, of Cornell, has been here several days per-fecting the arrangements for the meeting President Clark and many delegates from



PRESIDENT JOHN B. CLARK.

John B. Clark was born at Providence, R. I., in 1847. He was educated at Brown University and Amherst College, also at the Universities of He'delberg and Zurich. He was for a time a pupil of the noted Karl Kries. In 1877 he became professor of political economy and history at Carleton College, Minnesota. He was transferred in 1882 to Smith College, Massachusetts, where he remained until 1892, when he went to Amherst. He gave his services to Johns Hopkins in 1892, 1898 and 1894 as a non-resident lecturer on political economy, but since July, 1895, he has devoted himself strictly to his work as professor at Columbia College, New York. He was present at the first meeting of the association, and was elected third vice-president and chairman of the committee having charge of work in pure nittee having charge of work in pure mittee having charge of work in pure economic theory.

Professor Clark is the author of "The Philosophy of Wealth," "Capital and Its Earnings" (a monograph of the American Economic Association), "The Modern Distributive Process," written jointly with Prof. F. H. Giddings; "Wages," monograph of the American Economic Association written jointly with Strart Wood.

ciation, written jointly with Stuart Wood. He has also written some thirty articles in economic reviews, containing, in their entirety a theory of distribution or a new entirety, a theory of distribution, or a new theory of wages, interest and profits. The American Economic Association was founded in 1885 at Saratoga, and the presfounded in 1885 at Saratoga, and the present is, therefore, the first decennial meeting. It is the largest association of its kind in existence and the most active, European societies not excepted. The persons present at the original meeting in September, 1885, included Presidents Andrew D. White, of Cornell; C. K. Adams, of Wisconsin, and E. Benjamin Andrews, of Brown; Profs. E. J. James, of Chicago; Richard Ely, of Wisconsin; Henry C. Adams, of Ann Arbor; Alexander Johnson, of Princeton; Edwin R. A. Seligman, of Columbia, Katherine Coman, of Wellesley; John B. Clark, of Columbia. Washington Gladden, Goldwin Smith and many other well known persons not identified with any particular college were also present.

college were also present. The Association. "It was the intention at first," said Presimembership chiefly men of newer economic schools, but it was soon made entirely catholic. The association now contains all schools and almost all economists doing active work. The amount of original work accomplished is very large, and is em-bodied from time to time in books, mono-graphs and articles."

The association is national in scope.

There have been two presidents before Professor Clark-Francis A. Walker, of the Massachusetts School of Technology, 1875-82, and Charles F. Dunbar, Harvard, There will be two daily sessions beginning to-morrow. The morning topic ai 10 o'clock will be "The Relation of Changes in the Volume of Currency to Prosperity." It will be discussed in a symposium by Professors Irving Fisher, of Yale, and Francis A. Walker, of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology.
Mr. Walker has sent his paper, but will
not be able to get here. The secretary
says that so far as he knows, every other man on the program for the entire session will be in attendance. Professors Willard, Fisher and Edward A. Ross will speak to-morrow forenoon. In the afternoon at 3 o'clock there will be a symposium

on "The Practicability and Desirability for the Commercial World of a Double Standard of Currency." Gen. A. J. Warner, president of the American Bi-metallic League, will introduce the topic. Prof. F. W. Taussig, of Harvard, will follow. There will be many brief addresses. Members of the association that have already arrived are G. M. Knight, Columbus, O.; E. R. L. Gould, Chicago; H. W. Farnam, New Haven Conn. Irving Pish. Farnam, New Haven, Conn.; Irving Fish er, New Haven, Conn.; Irving Fisher, New Haven, Conn.; Walter F. Wilcex, Ithaca, N. Y.; Charles H. Hull, Ithaca, N. Y.; F. C. Clark, Columbus, D.; F. W. Taussig, Cambridge, Mass.; H. H. Powers, Stanford University; E. H. Ross, Powers, Stanford University; E. H. Ross, Stanford University; W. M. Daniels, Princeton, N. J.; E. W. Bemis, Chicago; James A. Woodburn, Bloomington; G. S. Fellows, Chicago; Lester F. Ward, Washington, D. C.; J. E. Haggerty, Laporte, Ind.; Frank Fetter, Bloomington, Ind.; Roland P. Falkner, Philadelphia.

Will Discuss the Venezuela Question E. H. Ross, of Stanford University, California, says that it is probable that a number of the members will arrive or evening trains and be ready for the meeting to-morrow morning. In speaking of the program for the association, he said: "There will be no papers allowed that are not on the program, but the discussion of the papers already provided for will allow of the widest latitude, and it is probable that the recent financial flurry arising out of the war talk between this country and England will be fully discussed and commented upon."

Bought By An Indianapolis Man. Special to The Indianapolis News. Elwood, Ind., December 27:-The Erie Hotel was sold to-day to Mr. Sellmyre, of

Throat and Lung Physician For catarrh, throat and lung troubles, con-suit (free) DR. J. S. JORDAN, 35 W. Wash-ington st., Indianapolis, Ind.

INSTANT RELIEF

for all afflicted with **TORTURING** SKIN DISEASES

> in a Single Application of

CUTICURA WORKS WONDERS, and its cure

of torturing humours are simply marvellous.

Christmas Is Over____

The Great Fire Sale

as we will open to-morrow (Saturday) at promptly o o'clock. Entire stock MUST be closed out at once. No reserve. No time for delay, as this IMMENSE STOCK must be all closed out at the earliest time possible. One hundred extra competent salespeople engaged. We are well equipped for the grand rush.

Damaged By FIRE, SMOKE and WATER

Silks, Dress Goods, Table Linens, Calicoes, Muslins, Sheetings, Hosiery, Underwear,

Cloaks, Fur Capes, Millinery, Gloves, Ribbons. Handkerchiefs, Blankets, Comforts, Etc., Etc.

EVERYTHING MUST BE SOLD

Sale commences at 10 o'clock sharp Saturday morning. All goods sold at twenty-five cents on the dollar.

37 and 39 South Illinois Street

PERFECTION FIT. STOUT'S 20th CENTURY SHOES-\$2.48, \$2.98 and \$3.48

SATURDAY'S GOOD VALUE LIST

Holiday Goods

Dolls, Albums, Fancy Cases, Handkerchiefs, Etc.

Plush Capes, edging, were

and 'narrow toes.
This season's stylish Shoe, worth \$2.

lisses' Shoes 95c.

\$1.25 grade at 95c.

Misses' and Chil-

Sale Price \$1.29.

SATURDAY SHOE ITEMS

SATURDAY UNDERWEAR SALE | SATURDAY CLOAK BARGAINS Ladies' Ribbed Union Suits 25c. Misses' Ribbed Union Suits 25c. Ladies' Heavy White or Camelshair

Underwear 25c. CHILDREN'S RIBBED UNDER-WEAR

Heavy white winter weight Vests and Pants at greatly reduced prices. Sizes 16, 18, 20, worth 15c, Saturday... 10c Sizes 22, 24, 25, worth 20c, Saturday... 15c Sizes 28, 30, 32, worth 25c, Saturday... 20c Men's 50c Natural Gray Ribbed Underwear, Saturday, 33c,

Men's \$1.25 Finest Australian Nat-

ural Gray Wool Underwear at Men's all-wool scarlet Underwear re-

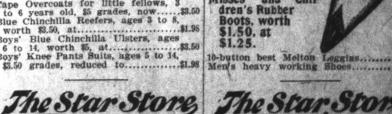
ed Undershirts reduced to ... SPECIAL VALUES IN VEILING

\$3.50 all-Wool Blankets \$1.98 a \$2 Half Wool Blankets \$1.39 a pair. Full size White or Gray Cotton Blankets at 49c a pair.

BLANKET SPECIALS

BARGAINS IN ALL-WOOL SKIRTS , 40-inch all-wool Skirt Patterns..... Geisendorff's finest Skirt Patterns....

BOYS' CLOTHING





BUCHANAN

DIRECTORS

WANT" ADS. IN THE NEWS

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS.

OR SALE-Magic lantern. 17 W. Maryland.

FOR SALE-Bedroom sets, stoves, carpets, et

FOR SALE-Full dress coat and vest; cheap; \$ size. 41 N Pennsylvania st.

FOR SALE—Old established confectionery; big bargains. Address S 23, care News.

FOR SALE-Parrot; good talker; canarie cheap. 2 Reynolds ave., Haughville.

FOR SALE Ladies' tailor-made dress; also gentlemans's clothes; cheap. 71 W. Vermont

FOR SALE—A few unredeemed watches and diamonds, very cheap, at room 24 Ingalis

FOR SALE-Suits, \$15; overcoats, \$15; pan to order, \$2. TAYLOR & SCHNEIDER, ; Circle st.

FOR SALE-Money to loan on watches and diamonds; fair dealing and private room. 24 Ingalls Block.

FOR SALE—Buggy cushions, backs, tops, light wheels, wagons, buggles and surreys; also shafts. AL SMITH, 265 S. Illinois st.

FOR SALE—A paying steam laundry in the best city in gas belt. Don't write unless you have \$2,400. Address B 24, care News.

FOR SALE-Nice upright plane, used some only \$125; others at \$150, \$175 and upward WULSCHNER'S, 78 and 80 N. Pennsylvania st

FOR SALE—New piano, \$137, at WULSCH-NER'S, 78 and 80 N. Pennsylvania. Good pianos rented and rent allowed when you buy.

POR SALE—New planes cheaper than any place in the city. All reliable which we recommend. WULSCHNER'S, 78 and 80 N. Penus

FOR SALE—Music boxes at cost, from \$3.90 upward, tolclose them out. Sale only for one week, at WULSCHNER'S, 78 and 80 N. Pennsylvania.

FOR SALE—Wagon, team and harness, almost new; will trade for small property south of Seventh st. in north part; don't care how old, so it is clear of incumbrance. I will pay cash difference, but will not assume a mortgage. Answer X 23, care News, for six days.

FOR SALE—
HOLIDAY GOODS, TOYS, DOLLS, GAMES,
FINE IMPORTED CHINA AND GLASSWARE.
Everything for holiday gifts, from the finesi

the cheapest, at ELBREG'S DEPARTMENT STORES,

26 English ave, A fine line of furnishings, seckwear, boots and shoes, etc.

FOR SALE-Perrets at 334 Spring st., to-

OR SALE-First-class cigar stor L 20, care News.

FOR SALE—Paying saloon; good-selling. 290 W. Sixth st.

FOR SALE—Small stock of groce fixtures; cheap. 364 S. East.

FOR SALE-Cigar store; princi cheap. Address P 23, care News

FIGHT IN THE PARK THEATER

TWO WHITE AND TWO COLORED GIRLS HAVE TROUBLE.

Much Excitement Caused In the House - Young Man Arrested For Assault and Battery On a Woman-Suit Threatened.

The Park Theater furnished considerable business in the Police Court this morning. The first case arose from a fight in the gallery that caused great excitement and almost created a panic.

As was shown in Police Court, Bertha McFadden: 419 Virginia avenue, and some girl friends were in the gallery, which was crowded. Sitting near them were Annie Scott and Lenetta Jackson, both colored. Lenetta Jackson took offense at something Bertha McFadden had said, and, after a few words, the young women began fighting. Much excitement pre-vailed, and it was feared that the two women would fall into the pit below. An nie Scott took a hand to help her friend, and a dozen white and colored men rushed for the spot.

Robert Campbell, who is the special policeman at the theater, ran upstairs and managed to separate the fighters. The two colored girls and Chris Hurley, a white man, were sent to the police sta

It was shown by the testimony that Hurley was acting the part of a peace-maker, and was trying to separate the fighting women. Prosecutor Walker at once dismissed the case against him. The two colored girls were fined \$5 and costs h for assault and battery. Bertha Mo Falden's eye was badly discolored, and her thee considerably scratched.

Charges Against Warrum.

The second case was the arrest of Mack Warrum, a respectable young man of Greenfield, charged with assault and battery an Emma Sapp. The evidence of the girl was that Warrum stood behind her at the theater and put his arms about her walst and made himself offensively fanilier to her. Her testimony was that she did not upbraid the young man, and when he put his other arm about her she said to a companion that she wished that would keep his hands to himself. She finally went to Campbell and complained, and Warrum was taken into the office of the theater. Here the testimony conflicts. Campbell says that War-rum said: "If I touched the girl it was unintentional." Warrum declares that he fold campbell "If I touched the girl at all it was with my elbow, when I was lean-ing over watching the fight that was

going on up stairs."

Warrum's testimony was that he was standing in the theater with a friend from Greenfield, and saw the girl, but paid no attention to her. When the fight broke out in the gallery, he with others rushed for the door to see what was going on out in the gallery, he with others rushed for the door to see what was going on, and if he even brushed the girl at all it must have been with his elbow.

"I want to hear something more about this case." said Judge Cox. "I have reasons that I do not care to state in open court, but I would like to have both sides bring in all the testimony possible by next Tuesday."

Tuesday."

Privately the Court said that he knew the complaining witness, and intimated that he needed something else than her word to substantiate her testimony.

Word to substantiate her testimony. word to substantiate ner testinolly. Warrum's attorney in open court inti-mated that a suit for damages on account of the defendant's arrest, will follow.

BARRY HAYWARD'S BODY.

It Arrived at Chicago To-Day and Will Be Cremated.

Chicago, December 27.-The body of Harry Hayward, recently hanged in Minneapolis for the murder of Catherine Ging, arrived in Chicago to-day, and was immediately taken from the express com pany's car for transportation to Grace-land cemetery for cremation. At the stawas a crowd waiting. train bearing the body came in, a number of the employes of the express company lifted the box containing it out of the car and placed it upon the Canal-street side walk, where it lay fifteen minutes awaitfing transfer to a suburban train for transportation to Graceland.

plain and strong, such as is invariably used by express companies transporting On the top of it was a permit from the Minneapolis health department and a card as follows:

> HARRY HAYWARD, Destination, Chicago.

N. S. Warner, of Minneapolis, was in charge of the body, and superintended the transfer from one train to the other. Accompanying it were Dr. Alfred Hayward, brother of the dead man, and Mr. Goodsell, the cousin, for whose benefit Harry Hayward dictated a story of his ife, in which he claimed to have killed aalf a dozen people.

As the box lay on the sidewalk on Canal street, scores of people passing by stopped to look at it. When it was shot ap the incline from the basement of the lepot to the sidewalk, the crowd of specators paried, making room for the truck to pass, and then closed in.

ZELLA NICOLAUS WANTS WORK.

Asks For \$400 a Week, Is Offered \$10, and May Compromise.

Nicolaus arrived in this city the other day Christmas eve she felt lonely and went out to get a present or money to buy one She landed in Havlin's Theater and asked Manager Gaven for an engagement. She said she wanted \$400 a week. Mr. Gaven offered her \$10. She is considering the matter.

Zella and Al Ruhman, her husband, are registered at the Planters' as "Mr. and Mrs. Moss." So far as known none

ADVERTISEMENTS

headings on the second and third pages of THE NEWS are charged for at the very low vertisement received for less than 10 cents When blank or dash lines are used these are stamps will be received in payment of orders

Display Advertisements and changes in copy must be received before

STANWOOD-Frederick Stanwood, Des. 4:30 a. m. Funeral Sunday, 1:30 p. South Williams st. Friends invited. LAVERY—Margaret C., wife of John F. Lavery, Thursday, December 26, 3:10 p. m. Funeral services at St. John's cathedral, Sunday,

MILLSPAUGH—Charles V. died Thursday, November 29. Funeral from late residence, cor-ner Michigan and Sherman drive, Sunday, 10 o'clock. Friends invited.

TAYLOR—Phebe M. Taylor, widow of the ate Franklin Taylor, December 25, at her residence, 1140 E. Washington st. Funeral servees will be held on Saturday at 10 s. in, at the esidence. Friends invited. Burial private.

FUNERAL DIRECTORS. FUNERAL DIRECTORS

> Will refund full price paid me for any goods or services during last two years, if not reasonable as any in the city. No extra charge for lady as-CHAS. T. WHITSETT.

Too Late TRADE

Two cases of IMPORTED VASES and one of BISQUE FIGURES. These are my own direct importation.

To Make Saturday Interesting

These will be laid out and marked at prices to sell, not to keep.

25c Figures will go for 10c 50c Figures will go for 25c 75c Figures will go for 35c \$1 Figures will go for 50c

THE VASES

will be sold at prices that you can't afford to miss them.

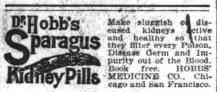
Banquet Lamps

Just five to sell. In Solid Brass and White Metal with Silk Shade. The regular price was \$9; you can buy any of the lot for \$5.98 TO MORROW.

Odds and ends of Toys Books, Etc., HALF PRICE SATURDAY.

Mr. Carlot

13 W. Wash. St.



Gained 13 Pounds.

with twenty years.

Crawfordsville, Ind., Nov. 20, To Whom It May Concern: This is to certify that I have afflicted kidney trouble for Have tried a great

many kinds of medicine, without much relief. Was finally prevailed on to try Sparagus Kidney Pills. After using four boxes I can truthfully say that I feel better than I have in ten years, and have gained thirteen pounds in flesh. Yours, very truly, AARON BRITTON

MONUMENTS-AUG. DIENER, 263 E. Wash-

SOCIETY AND CLUB MEETINGS.

SOCIETY-MASONIC-Oriental Lodge, No. 500, F. and A. M. Special meeting this (Friday) evening, at 7:30 o'clock, for work in the first degree. EDWARD D. MOORE, W. M. HOWARD KIMBALL, Secretary.

SOCIETY—MASONIC—Notice: Special meeting of Center Lodge, No. 23, F. and A. M., this (Friday) 7:30 p. m., for installation of officers. Visiting brothers cordially invited.

J. J. CURTIS, W. M. A. IZOR, Secretary.

A. IZOR, Secretary.

SOCIETY—A. A. O. N. M. S.—Nobles attend.
Annual meeting of Murat Temple this (Friday) evening, at 7:30 o'clock, for business and election of officers.

J. T. BRUSH, Potentate.

JOSEPH W. SMITH, Recorder. SOCIETY-K. of P.-Excelsior Lodge, No. 25.
Regular meeting this evening. Election of officers and trustees, payment of dues and business of very grave importance. Let everybody be there. JAS, R. NEFF, C. C. W. W. DAVY, K. of R. and S. SOCIETY—Regular meeting of Olive Branch Lodge, No. 10, D. of R., I. O. O. F., Saturday evening, December 28, at 7:30 o'clock in Grand Lodge Hall. Election of officers. Visitors always welcome. ALICE LEHR. N. G. MARY E. LEE, Recording Secretary.

SOCTETY—Castle Hall Capital City Lodge, No. 97, K. of P. At a regular meeting of Capital City Lodge, No. 97, K. of P., to be held Monday evening, December 36, there will be an election of one trustee and election of officers, payment of dues and other important business.

GEO. W. COCHRANE, C. C. Attest: WM. S. GORDON, K. of R. and S. FOR SALE OR TRADE. FOR SALE OR TRADE-Grocery, notion and

meat market; will accept clear real estate part pay; balance cash or bankable paper. Ad-dress M 24, care News. FOR SALE OR TRADE-Two Alaska seal jackets; one Astrakhan jacket; two sea capes; two beaver capes. What have you got! WORLD'S FAIR STORE. FOR SALE OR TRADE—Forty-room hotel this city; furnished; elegantly furnished; builder, for building house, or property, vs. SMITH & CO., 36 W. Washington. FOR SALE OR TRADE—An elegant 25-ro-hotel and business block in a thriving bu ness town; trade for stock of goods or property Price, \$15,000. SMITH & CO., 36 W. Washing FOR SALE OR TRADE-Business house, per pear. Price \$13,000.

FOR SALE OR TRADE—Choice lots in Light's Bellevue addition, near Broad Rippie; lots all within two squares of street car line; will sell lots on long time or trade farm or city property. Call room 13 Lombard Building. R. C. LIGHT. C. LIGHT.

FOR SALE OR TRADE-For residence prop-

TORAGE-Of all kinds at CHARLES E. SHOVER'S, 180 E. Wabash st. STORAGE — INDIANAPOLIS WAREHOUSE OO; all modern facilities for storing household goods and merchandise. 255-273 S. Pennsylvania st., on Pennsylvania racks. Telephone 136.

TAKEN UP. TAKEN UP-Christmas day, small bay bridle and lines; fresh wounds on hind inquire of D. J. BAKER, Mt. Jackson. WANTED-FEMALE HELP.

WANTED-Tish-I-mingo. WANTED-Girl. 166 N. Delawa VANTED-Night cook, 86 W. Washington st WANTED-In everybody's mouth-Quaker WANTED-Dining-room girl. 86 W. Washing-ANTED-White girl. 125 Hadley ave., WANTED-Girl for general hous WANTED-Girl to help WANTED-Girl to assist with housework, 103

WANTED-Good kitchen git! Call at once 415 N. Meridian WANTED-Good girl for general housework WANTED-A good girl; general housework. 470 S. Meridian st. WANTED-White girl for general housewor WANTED-Competent white girl for general housework, at 381 Broadway. MANTED-A girl for general housework; erences required. 181 Christian ave. WANTED-Good girl for general housework in small family. Call at *3 Talbott ave. WANTED-A lady stenographer who leave the city. Address W 23, care News. WANTED-Feathers renovated, bought and sold, 116 Massachusetts ave. B. F. DUBOIS. WANTED-Chambermaid, white, middle-aged; must have references. Address E 24, care WANTED-A neat white girl to assist in ger eral housework; no children. 1111 N. Me WANTED-Girl for general housework;

family; good wages. Apply 15 Ingalis Block, Saturday. WANTED-Ostrich tips and plumes to re-co and re-curl. CHARLES FAILLES, 28 WANTED-Girl for general housework; small family; good wages; references required. 205 V. East st.

WANTED-Experienced girl, two in family hotel cooks; dining-room girls. 20½ N Del-ware, room 11. ware, room 11.

WANTED-Second girl, \$4 week. Southeast corner Ohio and Meridian. HUGLE'S EM-PLOYMENT OFFICE.

WANTED-Girl for general housework, \$3. Southeast corner Ohio and Meridian. HUGLE'S EMPLOYMENT OFFICE. WANTED-Upright piano for safe, in good condition, only \$125; others \$150 and up; a WULSCHNER'S, 78 and 80 N. Pennsylvania.

WANTED—Τβ loan money on all articles of value; pay back any time. We will come to see you if you wish. WILLIAMSON, 37 Jefferson ave. WANTED-A scholarship in EMMA ED-WARDS'S DRESS CUTTING AND SEWING SCHOOL would be an invaluable Xmas present to your wife, sister or daughter. WANTED-Ladies and gentlemen for a goo old, reliable dramatic company; singers and ancers; specialties of all kinds wanted; tickets advanced to join; ladies or gents wishing to learn and secure good-paying engagements, call PROFESSOR RAYNO'S, 130 W. Ohlo. WANTED—Ladies, we teach you to cut and make by actual inch measurement every garment worn by women and children. We are giving our fifteenth annual Xmas reductions this week. EMMA EDWARDS'S DRESS CUTTING AND SEWING SCHOOL, 163 S. East st.

WANTED—The INDIANA DENTAL COL-LEGE, 89 E. Ohio, has decided to reduce its prices more than half. In future charges will be as follows: Silver fillings, from 15 to 50 cents: golde fillings, from 35 cents up; full plates, 33: extracting free. For all patients, having work done to the extent of \$1 or more we will clean teeth free of charge. we will clean teeth free of charge.

WANTED—Ladies, remember all winter goods have to be sold. Cost of goods no object. You can get big bargains in woolen skirts, icewool shawls, fascinators, cashmere hose, serge skirts, lined all through, beaver capes, corsets, remnants of outing cloths, handkerchiefs and lots of other things will be sold at a sacrifice. Come to the GLOBE STORE, 170 W. Washington st.

Washington st. WANTED-MALE HELP. WANTED-Tish-i-mingo. WANTED-Barber, 105 Indiana ave.

WANTED-Barber at 27 Virginia ave. WANTED-Barber. 298 Massachusetts ave. WANTED-One good tinner. 170 Indiana ave. WANTED-Good barber. 287 Massachusetts WANTED-Printing, by BRADFORD, 92 E. WANTED-In everybody's mouth-Quaker

WANTED-First-class barber. W. H. HOBBS WANTED-Porter, colored, about fifteen years old, at 152 E. Washington st. WANTED-Wagonmaker at JOHN GUEDEL HOEFER'S, 104 Kentucky ave. WANTED-Smoke DITTO CIGAR. HARMS-SPRINGSTEIN, Manufacturers. WANTED-Bicycle punctures repaired, 25c. W VANDERPOOL, 226 E. Washington st. WANTED-Private loans made on any kind security; no commission. 37 Jefferson ave.

WANTED—A hustler on newspaper work can hear of a good thing by addressing W 24, care News. WANTED-White barber for Friday, Saturday, Sunday, WEBB'S DRUG STORE, Mt WANTED-Men to buy our \$2 and \$2.50 custor pants. TAYLOR & SCHNEIDER, 22 Circle st.

WANTED-To loan money on watches, diamonds; fair dealing and private. Room 2:

monds; fair dealing and private. Room 24
Ingalls Block.

WANTED—Man cook, \$7 week. Southeast corner Meridian and Onio. HUGLE'S EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

WANTED—Métal polisher at once; competent man only wanted. Apply \$1 Newman st.

THE KEYLESS LOCK CO.

WANTED—500 men and boys, Saturday night, to attend our pants, sale. TAYLOR & SCHNEIDER, formerly with R. R. Miles, 22 Circle st.

Circle st.

WANTED—Mechanical drawings and blue
prints made. Patents obtained on easy payments. Advice free. THURMAN & SILVIUS,
Suite 77 When Building.

WANTED-Boys and girls to earn Christmas money in spare moments; also handsome present to each. Send name; no cash required. M. STAYNER & CO., Providence, R. I. WANTED-SITUACIONS.

SITUATION WANTED-Experienced lady ster ographer; reference. Address K 24, car SITUATION WANTED—As collector; references; bond if necessary. Address A 24, carvews. SITUATION WANTED-Experienced family cook; best city references. 30½ N. Delaware, room 11. SITUATION WANTED-By experienced book keeper and general office man. Address A 23, care News. 25, care News.

SITUATION WANTED-By boy of eighteen for board during winter; references. Address T 23, care News. SITUATION WANTED-By middle-aged lady, as housekeeper; best of references. Address H 24, care News.

can estimate on book and job work.

J. M. T., 20 Vine st. SITUATION WANTED-Druggist, competent; no objection to leaving the city.
Address W 22, care News.
SITUATION WANTED—By young man with
business education; office preferred; references. Address F 24, care News. SITUATION WANTED—By steady German girls; cook and laundress; Southeast corner Meridian and Ohio. SITUATION WANTED-A position at once by a thoroughly experienced and competent eeper. Address Box 471, Rushville, Ind.

LOST. et cape, Return 101 Capito ave., N. Reward. LOST-Purse, containing return ticket to Richmond, Ind. Return to 1135 N. Alabama. LOST-Brown water spanlel; check numbe 1,802. Return 303 E. Market st. Reward. LOST-Physician's valise; black; southeast. Finder address L 23, care News. Reward. LOST—Cow, three years old; white and red short rope around horns. Reward J. C. CRIGG, 113 Naomi st. LOST-Tuesday, package of blue and white checked gingham, between New York Store and Market st. Return to News office. Re-

Ward.

LOST-Fox terrier dog; answer to name of Jack; wore leather collar; black and tan head. Finder feturn to 489 N. New Jersey st. and receive reward. and receive reward.

LOST-Package addressed to Chas. E. Hurlbert, Nos. 59 and 61 S. Meridian st., Inbert, Nos. 59 and 61 S. Meridian st., Indianapolis, or Madison road. Return to the address and receive reward.

LOST Smoked pearl opera glasses; gold mountings; either at Grand Opera House or Pennsylvania and Market sts., Wednesday night. Reward. 64 W. Market st. LOST—One brown horse mule, sixteen hands high, six years old. If found, return to INDIANAPOLIS BREWING CO., C. F. Schmidt branch, Alabama and High sts.

WANTED-MISCELLANEOUS WANTED-Tish-1-mingo.

WANTED-Small horse or pony WANTED-In everybody's mouth-Quake WANTED-Horses to winter. Call at 180 E. ANTED-Gas trust stock, NEWTON TODD, Ingalls Block. WANTED-To do washing at home. 295 Indiana are. WANTED-Paper to hang, \$1 room. M 23, care News. WANTED-Teeth, \$5; Dentist, 29½ S. Illine WANTED-Partner in good paying business. Address G 24, care News. WANTED-Old gold and silver for cash. WARD, 11 N. Meridian st. VANTED-New patrons. HUNTER BRAD-FORD, Printer, 92 E. Court. WANTED-CLIFFORD & ARNOUD, Plumb ers, 67 Indiana ave. Telephone 459. WANTED-Cash paid for elm lumber at hoop factory. PATTERSON & BUSBY. WANTED-Highest prices paid for furniture carpets, etc. 139 W. Washington st. WANTED—A second-hand roll-top desk in good repair. Call at 64 Massachusetts ave.

WANTED-Go to CAPITOL LUMBER CO. for coal. 335 Massachusetts ave. Telephone 721. WANTED-To buy second-hand bicycles, at 115 without pain at EARHART'S, 161/2 E. Wash. WANTED-You to see the upright plano for only \$125 at WULSCHNER'S, 78 and 80 N Pennsylvania. WANTED-To loan money on watches and diamonds: fair dealing and private. Room 24 Ingalls Block. WANTED-Good home to board bab

WANTED-Sewing machines to repair. 174 E. Washington st. JOS. C. PFLEGER.

WANTED—Good home to board baby; where there is a small child preferred. Call room 50 Empire Block, city. WANTED—To buy a second-hand set single harness for delivery wagon. O. FITZPAT-RICK, Arcadia, Ind. WANTED-Three unfurnished rooms for light WANTED-Dressmaking in families, \$4 per week during dull season; references given. 143 N. Alabama. REE McGREW.

WANTED-Applicants for civil service exam inations to confer with specialist for in-truction. Success certain. Address Q 24, care WANTED-An idea. Write to JOHN WED-DERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their \$1,800 prize offered to WANTED-Everybody to know that we are headquarters for loose and mounted diamonds; all sizes and prices. J. C. SIPE, 18½ N. Meridian st.

WANTED-House, modern, for cash; north. Must be bargain; south of Walnut, between labama and Capitol ave.; not to exceed \$7,000. Address R 24, care News. WANTED-Bookbinders and printers to call and see the Meenhert patent bookbinder maand see the Meenhert patent bookbinder ma-chine, six machines in one, until December 30, at SENTINEL PRINTING CO., 75 W.

Market st. Market st.

WANTED-You to know that WILLIAM KOTTEMAN, 89 and 91 E. Washington st., carries the most complete line of furniture, carpets and stoves in the city. Prices as low as the lowest. WANTED-It known that the IDEAL BUSI

WANTED—It known that the IDEAL BUSI-NESS COLLEGE offers reduced rates to those desiring a full course of instruction. To a limited number of students we will guarantee excellent positions. Our students receive indi-vidual instruction. Call at or address the IDEAL BUSINESS COLLEGE, 37½ E. Wash-ington st., Indianapolis, Ind.

NOTICE.

NOTICE-Tish-i-mingo. NOTICE - In everybody's mouth - Quake NOTICE-HUNTER BRADFORD, Printer, 9

E. Court. NOTICE-BENNETT'S best cabinets still \$ dozeh. 38 E. Washington. NOTICE-Old rubber goods and hats repaired. WM. DE PUY, 47 Massachusetts ave. NOTICE—Buy a White sewing machine for Christmas present. 174 E. Washington st. NOTICE-Tin work and furnaces. JOSEPH GARDNER, 39 Kentucky ave. Telephone 322 NOTICE-EVERROAD & PRUNK, furnaces and tin work, 173 Indiana ave. Telephone 1188 NOTICE-To the stockholders of the Big Four Building Association: You are hereby noti-Building Association: You are herety notified that the annual meeting of stockholders will be held first Monday in January, 1896, at 2 p. m., at the home office, 68% E. Market st. S. E. ELLERMAN, Secretary. of hardware

NOTICE—The stock of hardware formerly belonging to Basic H. Vanier, 591 S. Meridian st., by order of court, will be sold at private sale. For particulars liquing at the office of Claypool & Claypool, room 1 Blackford Block, southeast corner of Meridian and Washington NOTICE—The entire stock of the Hub clothing Co., 42 N. Pennsylvania st., will be sold at public sale Monday, December 30, at 2 p. m., to highest bidder. Stock consists of men's overcoats, suits and pants, tables, show-cases, office fixtures, looking glasses, linoleum, carpets, dressing-nom, and burglar-proof safe. Terms of sale, cash. Goods will be delivered to purchaser free of any mortgage of lien.

NOTICE-MMISSIONER'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to an ler of the Superior Court of Marion county, State of Indiana, made and entered in cause No. 30,985, wherein Inman H. Fowler, guardian of Margaret E. Johnson, is plaintiff, and Frank Maus and others are defendants, on the 18th day of January, 1891, in Order Book No. 172, at pages 112 et al. of the records of said court, the undersigned commissioner will offer for sale and sell on Saturday, the 25th day of January, 1896, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m., at public sale, for cash, at the south door of the court-house, in the city of Indianapolis, Marion county, Indiana, for not less than two-thirds of its appraised value, the following described real estate, situate in said county of Marion, and State of Indiana, to-wit: Forty-six (46) feet off of the north side of lot number five (5), in square number fifty-two (52), in the city of Indianapolis. The appraised value of said real estate is sixteen thousand (\$16,000) dollars.

HOWARD CALE, Commissioner.

FOR TRADE-Restaurant for boarding-house 265 W. Washington st. FOR TRADE—Fine lot for a good equity. Address N 24, care News.

FOR TRADE—309 good building lots in a thriving town; centrally located; bargains; for city property. SMITH & CO., 36 W. Washington. FOR TRADE-Two Alaska seal fackets; one Astrakhan facket; two seal capes; two beaver

Astrakhan jacket; two seal capes; two beaver capes. Will trade for horse, buggy or bicycle. WORLD'S FAIR STORE. FOR TRADE-\$10,000 stock of clothing; all first class running stock; for residence in city; will give or take cash difference. MILLS & SMALL, 34 N. Delaware. FOR TRADE-Good corner lot in North

dianapolis, clear of incumbrance, and good cut-under surrey, harness and double team, for good tenement property, east or north, south or west, clear of incumbrance. Address Y 23, care News. FOR TRADE—Good team, harness, phaeton, buggy and surrey and two lots in Fenneman's addition, near hominy mills and near the new iron novelty works, just completed, for small tenement house in any part of city. Address Z Z, care News.

FOR SALE-HORSES AND VEHICLES. FOR SALE-A fine sleigh. Inquire 252 Clifford FOR SALE-Light phaeton; cheap. 1205 N.

FOR SALE—Large family horse and carriage almost good as new; without delay. 1215 N Pennsylvania. Cheap. FOR SALE—Two Alaska seal jackets; one As-trakhan jacket; two seal capes; two beaver capes. Will trade for horse, buggy or bicycle. WORLD'S FAIR STORE. FOR SALE-Rockaways, four and six-passen

ger; landaus, broughams, our make, strictly prime. ROBBINS & CO., 32 E. Georgia st Repairing solicited. Old vehicles cheap. FOR SALE—Black horse; six years old; six teen hands high; sound; safe for lady or chil dren to drive; good saddler; stand withou hitching. Will sell cheap. H. H. GIBBS, 6 Capitol ave., N. FOR SALE—Our entire stock buggies, surries and phaetons must be disposed of before Jan-uary 1, regardless of cost, to make room for 1896 samples; large line delivery and milk wag-

ons; prices right, cash or payments. STURTE-VANT'S, 68 S. Pennsylvania. N. A. ROSE, manager retail department.

ANNOUNCEMENTS. ANNOUNCEMENT-Tish-imingo.

ANNOUNCEMENT-In everybody's mouth ANNOUNCEMENT-Parcel delivery and trans fer. Telephone 469. ANNOUNCEMENT-BENNETT'S best inets still \$1 dozen. 38 E. Washington. ANNOUNCEMENT-Imported rubber toys a MORRISON'S RUBBER STORE, 4 N. Me ANNOUNCEMENT—Our solid oak bed suite, for \$15, on payments, can't be BORN & CO., 62 E. Washington st.

CITY DIRECTORY—Change of resider business since November 1. Address POLK & CO., 24 Journal Building.

TO LET-ROOMS O LET-Furnished front room. 26 TO LET-Furnished rooms, 75c up. TO LET-Suite furnished rooms, 130 svivania. TO LET-Furnished room, with board, 228 N

TO LET-Furnished rooms, with board, bath. TO LET-519 N. Meridian st., fine suite unfur TO LET-Nicely furnished rooms, \$1 up. N. Delaware. TO LET-Furnished or unfurnished rooms. 133 W. Michigan. O LET-Front room; furnished; bath. Capitol ave., N. TO LET-340 N. Meridian; elegant rooms; fur-nished or unfurnished. O LET-Furnished rooms for light hous keeping. 298 E. North. TO LET-Furnished rooms; modern; bath; no children. 73 W. Vermont. TO LET-Sleeping and club rooms, 82 E. Washington st. AD. HERETH.

TO LETT-Suite rooms, Moody Block; water; gas; \$5.50. 24 Thorpe Block. TO LET-Pleasant room, with board, at reasonable rate. 257 Senate ave. TO LET-Well furnished rooms; lower front; cook stove; gas. 233 E. Ohio. O LET-Rooms, two squares north of postor TO LET-Nicely furnished room to gentleman; bath; furnace. 354 N. Illinois. TO LET-Furnished or unfurnished front room; hath and gas. 410 N. Pennsylvania st. O LET-Nicely furnished rooms, with or without board; bath, etc. 140 W. Verment st. LET-First-class rooms and board in splendid home. 171 N. Capitol, above Indiana ave TO LET-Nicely furnished rooms; bath, light and fire; to gents. Inquire 182 N. Missis-

TO LET-Nicely furnished front rooms; gent man preferred; housekeeping allowed. 177 Capitol ave. TO LET-Nicely furnished rooms; parlor; privilege of housekeeping. Call at 77 . Walnut st. E. Walnut st.

TO LFT-12½ N. Delaware st.; front room; newly papered, painted and carpeted. Call A. METZGER AGENCY.

TO LET-Washington st., large, front office room; second floor; News Building. Inquire at business office of The News.

TO LET-One-half of residence, either or lower floor, in resident part of city; both gases and water. References. Address D 24, are News. TO LET-Several nice, furnished rooms, down town; desirable location; bath; gases; private family; references. Apply after the 25th, 218 N. Alabama. TO LET-Fine suite of office rooms in The News Building; new and well lighted; all con-veniences; might be let for light manufactur-ing. For particulars call at The News office.

TO LET-OFFICES AND STORES. TO LET-Store-room, 25 W. Washington st.; finest location in city. DYER & RASSMANN, Il Circle st.

TO LET--Washington st., large, front office room; second floor; News Building. Inquire at business office of The News. TO LET-First-class office and sleeping ro on. DYER & RASSMANN, 31 Circle. TO LET-Fine suite of office rooms in The News Building; new and well lighted; all con-veniences; might be let for light manufactur-ing. For particulars call at The News office.

TO LET-MISCELLANEOUS. TO LET-First-class boarding and livery stable. Address J 24, care News.

HISINESS CHANCE-Partner for wholesale merchant tailoring business; a splendid oppor-inity for man with small capital. Address V BUSINESS CHANCE—How \$20 made \$500 twenty days., Write for our book, "How For-tunes Are Made." NEWTON BENNINGTON CO., 47 Broadway, New York.

BUSINESS CHANCE—For sale: Strictly cash business amounting to \$150,000 annually; \$8,000 a lifetime. Owner wants to retire. No trade. Address E 23, care News.

STRAYED. years old. Notify or return to H. E. HEINE, 223 Excelsior ave.

STRAYED-From No. 64 W. First st., Bernard pup; white, with brown spots. Re-ward given for his return.

LOANS-On watches. 35 N. Illinois st. LOANS-\$500 to \$25,000 in bank. SMITH & CO., 26 W. Washington. LOANS—On jewelry, clothing or other valua-bles, 57 W. Washington. LOANS-On watches, diamonds, jewelry and ciothing. 64 W. Market. LOANS-Money to loan on watches, diamonds, clothing, etc. 149 E. Washington. LOANS-On watches and diamonds; large amounts a specialty. Room 24 Ingal's Block LOANS-\$100 to \$20,006; interest and commission reasonable. REID BROS., 42 N. Dela-LOANS—Money on farms and city property; terms reasonable. THOS. C. DAY & CQ., 72 E. Market st. LOANS—On farms; \$100 and upward; home funds; lowest rates; no delay. A. METZ-GER, Odd Fellows Block. LOANS-Want cash for \$467 mortgage, due in one and two years, with 6 per cent. interest Address E, 74 College ave.

LOANS-Money to loan on personal property and household goods. J. C. ERTEL, room 50 Lombard Building, 24½ E. Washington. LOANS—Sums of \$500 and over.

City property and farms.

C. E. COFFIN & CO., 90 E. Market st LOANS-Money to loan upon real estate in Indianapolis and vicinity: most favorable erms offered by BOICE & DARK, 18½ N. Me-idian st. LOANS-Money to loan; 5, 6 and 7 per cent. according to amount; fees reasonable and privilege of pre-payment. McIN'TOSH & SON, 66 E. Market st.

ef E. Market st.

LOANS—Any amount on furniture, pianos, vehicles, store fixtures of any kind of personal property; guarantee the lowest rates. (Confidential.) E. J. GAUSEPOHL, 2½ W. Washington st., room 4. LOANS-6 per cent. money, with privilege of pre-payment semi-annually; loans made on pre-payment semi-annually; loans made on improved real estate in this city only, in loans of not less than \$1,000; no delay; reasonable fees. SPANN & CO., 86 E Market st. LOANS-MONEY! MONEY!!

Money on household goods.

Money on planbs, horses and wagons
Money on any available security.

Money for private purposes.

Money for any purpose whatsoever.

Four per cent. less than elsewhere. Four per cent. less tha Call at 250 E. Ohio st.

MONEY! MONEY! LOANED ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, ORGANS, ETC.
THE PROPERTY TO REMAIN IN YOUR UNDISTURBED POSSESSION. LOANS ON WATCHES AND DIAMONDS.

EVERYBODY WHO WANTS MONEY, CALL AND SEE US. LOANS MADE ON SHORT NOTICE. We ADVANCE MONEY ON FURNITURE. We ADVANCE MONEY ON FURNITURE, fixtures, pianos, warehouse receipts, horses, wagons, machinery, etc.; in fact, we will loan on any and all kinds of chattel property without removal. You can pay back the money in weekly or monthly installments. Any part paid reduces cost of carrying the loan. Call and get our rates before going elsewhere.

CENTRAL LOAN CO., 11½ N. Meridian st., room 5. First stairway on the east side of N. Me-idian st., near Washington, up-stairs. DO DO

YOU YOU WANT MONEY!

WE LOAN MONEY ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, ORGANS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC. In sums of \$10 and up, at the lowest rates and on short or long time, to suit borrower. Loans may be paid in full or in part
AT ANY TIME,
And each part paid reduces the cost of carrying the loan.
The property is left in your undisturbed possession, you having the use of both property and money. No charges taken out in advance. Call and see us before borrowing.

SECURITY MORTGAGE LOAN CO.. Room 207, second floor, Indiana Trust Com-pany Building (old Vance Block), corner Waub-ington st. and Virginia ave. Entrance on TO LET-HOUSES.

TO LET-10 Circle. TO LET-Metzger's agenc TO LET-Tish-i-mingo cigar TO LET-SAYLES, 77% E. Market TO LET-SPANN & CO., 86 E. Market TO LET-See list. C. E. COFFIN & CO. LET - In everybody's mouth - Quaker TO LET-Four-room house: Rear 418 N. East street.

O LET-Four-room; newly papered; gas; \$9. O LET-201 N. State st.; five rooms; gas; \$10. Apply 524 N. West st. TO LET -See list at 96 E. Market, ground floor, GREGORY & APPEL. O LET-We can rent your house. SMITH & CO., 36 W. Washington. TO LET-See list at McMORROW'S, corner Pennsylvania and Market. TO LET-Sewing machines. JOS. C. PFLEG-ER, 174 E. Washington st. TO LET-An excellent five-room house; sey ave., 104; cheap. See it.

LET-Furnished house; seven orth. Address J 23, care News. TO LET—See list of H. M. HADLEY, Rental Agent, 35 E. Market st. (ground floor.) TO LET-Go to CAPITOL LUMBER (1). or ccal. 335 Massachusetts ave. Telephone 721. CCal. 353 AMSSACHUSELIS AVE.

TO LET—A cottage of three rooms, nicely furnished for housekeeping; north. Call at 85 Ft. Wayne ave.

TO LET—Dwelling house, No. 434 N. Capitol ave. Apply Room 4, over Fletcher's Bank. or 270 N. Illinois st.

TO LET-House, three large rooms, in good repair, at low rent. 172 Buchanan st. Apply 302 Massachusetts ave.

TO LET-To colored people, nouse of three rooms. Rear 331 E. Michigan st, REID EROS., 42 N. Delaware.

TO LET-312.50, six-room house. 233 S. Meridian st. WM. S. CANFIELD, Printer and Stationer, 31 Virginia ave. TO LET-Seven-room, modern house, six squares from Bates House, \$15 per month. Inquire at 76 W. North st. TO LET-Good pianos to rent and rent allowed on price when you buy at WULSCHNER'S, 78 and 80 N. Pennsylvania. TO LET-Solid oak sideboards, \$7.50; big line

Six-fcot extension tables, solid oak, six legs for \$5.50. BORN & CO., 62 E. Washington st. TO LET-Fine suite of office rooms in The News Building; new and well lighted; all con-veniences; might be let for light manufactur-ing. For particulars call at The News office. TO LET-Eleven rooms on Agnes st., all mod-ern conveniences, \$20. Ten rooms on Park. ern conveniences, \$20. Ten rooms on Bark, convenient, \$30. Eight rooms on Delaware, new, all modern improvements, \$25. SMITH & CO., 26 W. Washington. TO LET-Money to loan; a large sum of home funds left in our care to be loaned in sums of \$100 to \$1,000 and upward at lowest rates of interest; can furnish money same day you apply; pay back when you please. A. METZGER AGENCY, 5 Odd Fellows Hall.

BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS BUILDING AND LOAN-EQUITABLE, 96 N. BUILDING AND LOAN - The GERMAN BUILDING AND LOAN—The GERMAN-AMERICAN increased its assets \$25,000 dur-ing the year; its earnings, \$65,000; loans to date, \$305,000; paid up and pre-paid stock !esued to a limited amount. 100 N. Delaware. G. W. BROWN, Secretary.

BROWN, Secretary.

BUILDING AND LOAN—THE MUTUAL HOME AND SAVINGS ASSOCIATION, at 72

E. Market st., is still paying 8 per cent. dividends on paid-up stock. Call and investigate, ISAAC THALMAN, President.

W. A. RHODES, Secretary.

BUILDING AND LOAN—Money to loan; a large sum of home funds left in our care to large sum of home funds left in our care to be loaned in sums of \$100 to \$1,000 and upward; at lowest rates of interest; can furnish money same day as you apply; pay back when you please. A. METZGER AGENCY, 5 Odd Fel lows Hall.

lows Hall.

BUILDING AND LOAN—The STAR SAVING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION starts the twenty-fifth series of \$200 shares and the seventh B series \$100 shares, September 4, 1895. Money on hand for loans with low premiums. For further information apply at office, 40½ E. Washington st. H. H. FAY, Secretary. BUILDING AND LOAN-

THE INDIANA SOCIETY FOR SAVINGS, THE INDIANA SOCIETY FOR SAVINGS. Phoenix Block (second floor), northwest corner Market and Delaware; loans \$1,000 for \$13 a month; no entrance fee; no commission; no payments in advance; loans made promptly. This society has never had an "expense fund," but limits expenses and pays the expenses from earnings. If you wish a loan at low cost, or desire to invest your savings advantageously, it will be to your advantage to call and see as.

PERSONAL.

PERSONAL-In everybody's mouth - Quake PERSONAL-100 New Year's cards neatly printed for 50c. VICTOR, 941/2 E. Washington. PERSONAL-Hair on ladies' faces destroyed forever; no pain. VARIN, room 20, over Ayres's. PERSONAL - LORENZ SCHMIDT, Notary Public and Consular Agent. Collector of European claims. Room No. 1 in German In-Burance Block, 29 S. Delaware st.

FINANCIAL. LOANS-C. F. SAYLES, 771/2 E. Market. LOANS-On diamonds, 25 N. Illinois st. OANS-Money to loan. HENRY H. FAY, 401/2 E. Wahington st.

LOANS-Highest cash price paid for old gold and silver. 35 N. Illinois st.

LOANS-On watches, diamonds, bicycles; private. Room 19, 87 E. Market et. LOANS-Mortgage loans; lowest rates. HOR ACE McKAY, 291/2 N. Pennsylvania. OANS-Made reasonable on city property a farms. UNION TRUST CO., 68-E. Market LOANS-Mortgage loans; 5 per cent.; reasonable fees. C. S. WARBURTON, 26 Lombard Building. LOANS-Large amount of money to loan a specially low rates. DYER & RASSMANN 31 Circle st.

LOANS—Home money on mortgage security.
Will buy mortgage notes. J. W. BAIRD, 19½
N. Meridian,
LOANS—Money; 6 per cent. Building association shares purchased. NEWTON TODD,
6 Ingalls Block. LOANS-On jewelry, watches and diamon and all kinds of personal property. Room and all kinds of 87 E. Market st. LOANS-\$1,000 to loan at 6 per cent, on mort-gage security; no delay. W. H. CRAFT & CO., 47½ N. Illinois st. LOANS-6 per cent. money on imprestate. (No loans made outside of SPANN & CO., 86 E. Market. LOANS—A large number of private funds loan. Apply to FLOREA & SEIDENSTIC ER, rooms 2, 3 and 4, 27½ S. Delaware st. LOANS—The only reliable loan company the city. Loans on all kinds of person property. BOYD & MILLER, 8 Indiana ave. LOANS—Money to loan on Indiana farms; lowest rates, with partial payments. Address C. N. WILLIAMS & CO., Crawfordsville, Ind. LOANS — Money advanced on diamonds, watches and valuables of all kinds at lowest rates; private room. 35 N. Illinois st.; open

rates; private room. 35 N. Illinois st.; open evenings.

LCANS-If you want a private loan on personal security, or on collateral, the same day you apply, call at room 44 Lombard Building, 24½ E. Washington st.

LOANS-To loan, money in any amount, in sums of \$200 to \$5,000; on very easy terms; low rates; no delay; can accommodate you the same day that apply; loans on city or farms. C. W. GORSUCH, 15 Virginia ave. LOANS-Money to loan; a large sum of ho AUANS—Money to 10an; a large sum of home funds left in our care to be loaned in sums of \$100 to \$1,000 and upward at lowest rates of interest; can furnish money same day you apply; pay back when you please. A. METZGER AGENCY, 5 Odd Fellows Hall.

LOANS—TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS To loan in sums of \$10, \$15, \$20, \$30, \$50, \$100, \$200, \$10, \$15, \$20, \$30, \$30, \$100, \$200, or any amount on grant amount on FURNITURE, PIANOS, ORGANS, STORE FIXTURES, ETC.,

At rates which honest people can afford to pay. The property to remain in your undisturbed possession. EVERYBODY WHO WANTS MONEY CALL AND SEE US.

We are just as happy to make you a \$10 kan as one for \$150. We will give you plenty of time to pay the money back. In fact, you can make the payments to suit yourself. Every payment so made reduces the cost of carrying the loan. We give you the full amount of money you ask for; no charges taken out in advance. The transaction is sure to be private. Don't fail to see us and get our rates.

LOAN COMPANY,

ECON 10 STE MARKET ST.

LOANS-LOWEST RATES.

EASY TERMS.

STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL LOANS MADE ON SHORT NOTICE.

Money loaned on furniture, pianos, horses, wagons, store fixtures, warehouse receipts and all kinds of personal property in any amount from 310 upward, the property to remain in your undisturbed possession. We also loan money on watches and diamonds. You can money on watches and diamonds. You can pay back the money in weekly or monthly installments, and have the cost reduced proportionately. If you owe a balance on your furniture or piano, we will pay the same for you and carry it as long as you desire. No charges taken out in advance. Call and see us before going elsewhere.

Established 1837.

INIMANA MORTGAGE LOAN COMPANY, Rooms 20 and 21 When Building, First floor over When Clothing Store.

Take elevator.

N. Pennsylvania St., oppceite postoffice.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE-Tish-i-mingo cigar. FOR SALE-In everybody's mot FOR SALE-1,000 printed dodgers for \$1. VIC-TOR, 94½ E. Washington, FOR SALE—Square plano; in first-class condition; cheap. 44 Lombard Building. FOR SALE—Go to CAPITOL LUMBER CO. for coal. 335 Massachusetts ave. Telephone 721. FOR SALE-Go to NOEL BROS.' FLOUR AND FEED CO. for coal. 156 W. North st. 'Phone

FOR SALE—Oyster parlor and cigar store; fine location. Price, \$200 cash. Address C 22, care News. FOR SALE—Standard sewing machines; White sewing machines; repairs for all machines, 174 E. Washington st. FOR SALE—Grocery; North Side; splendid lo-cation; first class trade; no competition. Ad-dress F 23, care News. FOR SALE—Combination cases, desks, easy chairs, rockers, music cabinets, blacking cases, etc. Lots of things for the holidays at WILLIAM KOTTEMAN'S, 89 and 91 E. Wash-FOR SALE Removal sale. I will remove, January 1, to 113 W. Washington st., opposite State House. Now is your chance to get bargains in furniture, carpets and stoves, or anything you want for housekeeping. JAS. I. STONE, 240 W. Washington st.

STONE, 240 W. Washington st.

FOR SALE—The INDIANA DENTAL COILEGE, 89 E. Ohlo, has decided to reduce its prices more than half. In future charges will be as follows: Silver fillings, from 15 to 50 cents; gold fillings, from 35 cents up; full plates, 35; extracting free. For all patients having work done to the extent of \$1 or more we will clean teeth free of charge. FOR SALE-FOR SALE—
Storm Overcoats for men.
Storm Overcoats for boys.
Cheviot Pants for men.
Jeans Pants for men.
Heavy Shirts for men.
Gloves and Mittens for men.
Cost of goods not taken in consideration. If you need anything come to the GLOBE STORE,
170 W. Washington st.

CLOSING OUT STOCK-MUST VACATE
JANUARY 1. 185 heating stoves. 6 parlor suites. cook stoves, almost new. 278 rockers 278 rockers.
3 roll-top desks.
15 office tables.
400 dining and kitchen chairs.
Lot of springs, mattresses, beds, comforts, pillows.

1 modern fire-proof safe; size: Width, inches; hight, 48 inches; depth, 30 inche.; \$75, worth \$150.

Opposite the Park Theater. BARGAIN STORE.

2222222222

W. WASHINGTON, CORNER WEST.

TELEPHONE

CUT PRICE SALE FOR SATURDAY.

GEORGE F. KREITLEIN. MORTGAGE SALE.

FOR SALE-

4c for 1 lb currants.

4c for 1 lb oatmeal.

4c for 1 box Pearline.

4c for 1 bar Gloss soap.

4c for 1 bar Lenox soap.

4c for 1 bar Hummer soap.

4c for 1 bar Big Four soap.

6c for 1 can blackberries.

6c for 1 can string beans.

5c for 1 can baked beans,

7c for 1 can raspberries.

7c for 1 can red kidney beans,

7c for 1 can standard tomatoes.

8c for 1 can standard 3 lb beans

8c for one can standard lima beans.

Sc for one large can mustard sardines

25c for 10 lbs New York buckwheat.

7c for 1 can standard corn.

8c for 1 can standard peas.

&c for 1 can pie peaches.

25c for 25 lbs corn meal.

25c for 6 lbs rice.

40c for 1 gallon catsup.

15c for 1 lb dairy butter.

7c for 1 package rolled oats.

71/2c for 1 package pancake flour,

17%c for 1 lb country roll butter.

6c for 1 can pumpkin.

25c for 4 cans corn.

4c for 1 package Washing Powder 1776.

4c for 1 bar soap.

4c for 1 bar Babbitt's soap.

1 outfit for bar-room.
79 W. Washington st.

and shoes, etc.

FOR SALE—Silverware at half price. In order to introduce our new line of goods we will sell flatware at the following low cut rate prices: One silver-plated butter knife, loc; one silver-plated butter knife, loc; one silver-plated sugar shell, loc; six silver-plated teaspoons, 30c; six silver-plated table spoons, 60c; six silver-plated table forks, 60c; six silver-plated table knives, \$1.10. These goods are guaranteed to give satisfaction and are worth three times the above price. GRAT & GRIBSEN'S JEWELRY STORE, 92 N. Illinois st. FOR SALE

-25c for 4 cans Polk's corn. 25c for 4 cans Polk's corn.
5c for 1 can string beans.
20c for 1 package Arbuckle's coffee.
38c for 1 gallon sorghum.
30c for 1 gallon golden sirup.
5c for 1 quart new navy beans.
10c for 3 quarts hominy.
5c for 1 lb clean currants.
5c for 1 seedless raisins.
5c for 1 b dried grapes.
33.50 for 1 barrel flour, warranted. G. J. HAMMEL

Telephone 755. FOR SALE-GROCERIES

At SURBEY & AMT'S 'Old Elm Tree Store,"
197-199 Virginia ave.
35c for 1 bushel Michigan Burbank potatoes.
25c for 7 bars Lennox soap.
25c for 7 packages Nine O'Clock Washing Tagget for 6 bars Babbitt's soap.
25c for 2 bis English walnuts.
25c for 2 bis English walnuts.
25c for 3 bottles fine table catsup.
25c for 3 cans fine table catsup. GROCERIES

110-112 MASSACHUSETTS AVE.

25c for 2 cans fine table peaches 20c for 1 gallon fine sweet cider 15c for 2 quarts best navy or marrov 15c for 2 packages best rolled oats. 10c for 3 quarts hominy. 10c for 1 can eyeless and coreless pinear 10c for 1 package Aunt Jemima, Aunt r Uncle Jerry pancake flour.

MORTGAGE SALE CONTINUES.
COME EVERYBODY FOR BARGAINS,
AND SAVE MONEY. WE HAVE
FULL LINE BOOTS, SHOES AND GROCERIES. FOR SALE-REAL ESTATE. REAL ESTATE-MILLS & SMALL REAL ESTATE-Insurance. SAYLES. REAL ESTATE-SAYLES, 774 E. Market. REAL ESTATE-MILLS & SMALL, 34 N. Del REAL ESTATE—In everybody's mou

7½c for 1 lb chuck steak. 10c for 1 lb round steak. 12%c for 1 lb loin steak. &c per 1b sugar-cured shoulders. 10c per lb sugar-cured breakfast bacon 9c per 1b sugar-cured hams. 8c for 1 lb lard. 8c for 1 lb fresh sausage,

8c for 1 lb liver and blood pudding. 8c for 1 lb headcheese. 6c for 1 lb sugar-cured corn-beef. 35c per bushel for nice Michigan potatoes, Bran Schweiger liver pudding. Frankfurt sausage.

PFAFFLIN GROCERY CO. SINDLINGER BROS.' MEATS. NO. 100 N. ILLINOIS ST. UNDER THE TELEPHONE EXCHANGE.

REAL ESTATE—Furnished house, eight rooms upright plaro, both gases, good water, ho and cold baths, every convenience, or will sel furniture and rent house at low figure. 1216 N. Pennsylvania st. REAL ESTATE—Money to toen; a large sun of home funds left in our care to be loane in sums of \$100 to \$1,000 and upward at lowes rates of interest; can furnish money same da you apply; pay back when you please. A METZGER AGENCY, 5 Odd Fellows Hall.

XMAS ROASTING PIGS.

Southwest Corner Illinois and Ohio Sts. Telephone 473.

5c for 1 dozen large sour pickles.
5c for 1 dozen large sour pickles.
5c for 1 lb Michigan butter crackers.
50c for 3 cans Eagle brand Condensed Milk.
20c for 1 lb best country butter.
Try our own make of best Caeam of Tartar
Baking Powder, and you will use no other.
1/4 lb, 10c; 1/2 lb, 15c; 1 lb, 30c. REAL_ESTATE-COLEMAN & WITTY, 63 REAL ESTATE-MEYER & KISER, Insu ance, 306 Indiana Trust. REAL ESTATE—Farm of sixty acres for sale or rent. 158 W. Washington st. REAL ESTATE-Private money to loan 6 per cent. SAYLES, 77% E. Market. REAL ESTATE—House of six rooms; lot 76: 140 feet; gas. Inquire 113 Hill ave. REAL ESTATE-Property of all kinds. HEN-RY H. FAY, 40½ E. Washington st. REAL ESTATE-Insure your property with FRANK K. SAWYER, Baldwin Block. REAL ESTATE—No. 12 N. Delaware st.; threstory brick; \$12,000; rents \$900 per annua. METZGER AGENCY. REAL ESTATE-No. 31 S. Alabama st.; brick stables 23 by 120; at \$8,500; rents \$600 per annum. A. METZGER AGENCY. REAL ESTATE—New four, five and eig room houses; modern conveniences; easy p ments; long time. 96 N. Delaware. REAL ESTATE-Upright planes from \$125 up-ward at WULSCHNER'S 78 and 80 N. Penn. sylvania. Good plano rented and rent aliquities when you buy. REAL ESTATE—Lots for sale on weekly payments in Prospect st., E. Washington st., and in Brinkman Hill addition. A. W. DEN-NY, 28 N. Delaware. REAL ESTATE—Several West Indiana; cottages; small payment down, balance building association, payable \$2 weekly. G. MILLER, 117 W. Georgia st. REAL ESTATE Several elegant homes of Ramsey ave.; strictly payments. Stop paying rent, and secure one of these; all cheap SMITH & CO., 36 W. Washington. REAL ESTATE—Insurs your property in the Insurance Company of North America or the Pennsylvania Fire Insurance Company, with HENRY H. FAY, 4014 E. Washington st. REAL ESTATE—Only hotel in a thrivin county seat of 4,000 inhabitants; 35 rooms elegantly furnished; a great bargain; lon-time. See us. SMITH & CO., 26 W. Wash

AUCTION SALES. AUCTION-G. W. McCURDY, Auction. W. Washington. AUCTION-MORRIS SOLOMON, Auct 78 E. Washington. To E. Washington.

AUCTION—Sale of furniture, carpets, stoves, etc. I will sell on to-morrow (Saturday) morning, at 9:30 o'clock, at my room, No. 138 W. Washington st., three elegant cak and walnut bedroom sultes; one extra fine oak, cheval bedroom sulte, with French plate mirrors and tollet washistand, cost 85; fine oak hall tree, choice extension tables, oak dising, chairs, a variety of beautiful rockers, suitable for holiday presents, cupboard safe, brussels and ingrain carpets, new cotton-top mattresses, woven wire springs, child's bed, wardrobe folding bed, cook and heating stoves, blankets, and a great many other articles. G. W. Mo-CURDY, Auctioneer. AUCTION—Sale of furniture, carpets, setc. Will be sold on Monday morning, I ber 30, at 9:30 o'clock, at residence, No. fillinois st., fine plush parlor suite, folding oak and walnut bedroom suites, sociounges, rockers, center tables, wardrobdining chairs, dressers, marble top tablarge variety of brussels and ingrain compating, lace curtains, northers. atting, lace curtains, portlers, rugs, potton and cotton-top mattresses, utilits, blankets, comforts, sheets, glassife, bed springs, bedsteads, toilet sets, rashstands, bureaus, heating stoves, in fact, the furnishings of ten rooms.

tested free, MARY M. SHEDI USICAL-Large musical box; new;

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THE INDIANAPOLIS NEWS.

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FRIDAY, DECEMBER 27, 1895.

INDIANA EDUCATORS. not young in those things that make for This is coming it pretty strong. the higher life of a State to note that the Indiana Teachers' Association is now holding its forty-seventh annual meeting. if it goes through the Senate, the Presients and the township trustees, who are represented. The Academy of Science. which is now in session, is one of the most creditable and interesting societies that meets in the State. Men of national fame have been and are enrolled in the membership of this organization.

In the college section of the general association the subject of principal interest at this session is the proper teaching of English. In recent years there has been, for obvious reasons, a marked tendency toward the teaching of science. Institutions in which emphasis has been placed on technical training have grown wonderfully, and in colleges offering scientific courses there has been shown a decided preference there has been almost a scamper to pro- This is a wrong and a mistake. vide adequate scientific instruction, Lately there have been occasional cries of THE SENATE AND THE BOND BILL. contaminated with the bad English which is constantly encountered in poor books, in the schools and in the newspapers.

an increasing amount of bad English affoat. It is of serious importance that our young men and women learn to write and to speak their own language correctly. It is to be hoped that Indiana's educators will be able to overcome the difficulties complained of in teaching this branch, which is one of the most important in the curriculum.

THE PROPOSED NEW TARIFF.

se of Representatives yesterday passed a tariff bill, which the Republican leaders are very careful to say is not to be considered as a general tariff revision, Yet the result of the enactment of this bill will be a totally new tariff. There is only one schedule - that dealing with sugar - in which changes are not made. This may not be such a revision as the Republicans would have made if they had the silly rules of the Senate a small been in Yull control of the Government, but that it is a general revision can not be denied. The most important feature of the present tariff is free wool. That more executive branch of the government. than anything else gave the Gorman-Wil- Whatever the Senate may or may not son law its respectable character. The do, the President will protect the renew law proposes a heavy tax on wool, a serve by every means in his power. The compensating tax on woolens, a tax on only effect of the opposition of the silver lumber - now free - and a horizontal in- men to the new bond bill will be to make crease of the duties in all other schedules. the people pay millions of dollars in inexcept sugar, provided that no duties shall terest which might be saved The rebe higher than those contained in the sponsibility will not be on the President, McKinley law. This is nothing more nor but on the foolish minority of the Senate. less than a new tariff - just as much so The people understand this. as though the Republican leaders had

spent six months in formulating it. growers are showing signs of making trouble. In a dispatch to The News of growers were "dissatisfied with the new tariff bill." The protection which Mc-Kinley gave them was always felt by them to be inadequate. How, then, could it be expected that they would be pleased with a law giving them only 60 per cent. as much protection as that which Mc-Kinley gave them? It is true that none of the threats made in their behalf have so far, been carried into effect. No amendments were offered to the bill on its passage through the House - at least none was adopted. But that the woolgrowers are pleased with this new wool tariff is not to be imagined for a moment. There are, no doubt, many other interests which will resent this refusal to take care of them. And truly it does seem that the House might as easily provided for a horizontal increase of 30 per cent.

as of 15 per cent. So it is natural that those who are responsible for this bill should wish people to understand that it does not at all ly," we should have a true statement represent their views on the important | They manifest this condition now with refsubject of taxation. If they had full erence to the Venezuelan affair. They are centrol of the Government, they would do suspicious that England is engaged in an great things. Their purpose now is not - attempt to steal Venezuelan territory, and except incidentally - protection, but revenue. If they had a free rein, they would give themselves wholly to the task of protecting the industries of the country, revenue or no revenue. To paraphrase a line from Browning, it is not what they do which exalts them, but what they would do. So this is not a general tariff revision, although substantially every tax in the tariff is changed very materially. It is a revende measure, lishment of the principle that European and it only lasts for two years and a monarchies may deprive American half. But will it last that long? Suppose the Republicans should elect the next President, and carry the House and Sen- of our national existence. It is simply ate by decisive majorities, will they wait a question of whether we will help defend until August 1, 1898, before enacting their our neighbors' territory or wait until we new tariff? Under such circumstances, are besleged in our own house. they would be able to begin the work of revision in March of 1897, and if they noblity, if you please. We are preservmore fairly diligent they might hope to ing the balance of power in this country | mosens"?

tective tariff? it is nevertheless a general revision. Its powers it is a case of aggrandizement payable to the order of, and address all com- the power - in a little more than two tional life, an assertion of the principle tariffs they want. In a little over ten years there have been three different tariff laws - those of 1883, 1890 and 1894. Now two more in the next three years are proposed - the present revision, and that It helps one to remember that Indiana is which is promised after August 1, 1898. But there is slight chance of the bill

passed yesterday becoming a law. Even

No body of men and women that meets | dent is almost certain to veto it. There in Indianapolis is more welcome than this, is no reason why the industrial operations and the kindred societies that assemble at of the country should be subjected to the the same time. The county superintend- disturbing influences of another tariff agitation, and of further tariff changes. directly related to local schools, are also What our industries need now almost more than anything else is the certainty of a reasonable degree of permanence in the economic conditions under which they are to live. Nothing is more disastrous than continual changes or threats of them. Even those which are supposed to be measurably dependent on protection would be much better off under absolute free trade than under a tariff which is subject to change at every session of Congress. Nor was there the slightest eed for opening this dangerous subject Revenue could have easily been secured without changing a single tariff duty. But the House has seen fit to take the responsibility of starting a discussion in the Senate which may last for months, during which time no one can predict with for technical instruction over the old class- certainty what will be the conditions ical courses. In our Western colleges under which business must be transacted.

alarm that there was a danger in this The dispatches indicate that the silver tendency. Professor Sampson, of the contingent in the Senate is getting ready State University, in a paper read before to fight the bond bill when it comes bethe College Association yesterday, stated fore that body. There is nothing startling his belief that only 20 per cent. of the in this news. The country has come to pupils who enter college from the com- expect opposition from this little knot of missioned high schools are properly pre- obstructionists to every measure which pared to study English in the college promises to serve the interests of the courses. A great many interesting points people. The leaders of this crowd are were brought out in the discussion of his Jones of Arkansas, Cockrell of Missouri paper. It was suggested that pupils have and Pugh of Alabama among the Demono home training in the formative years; crats, and Teller of Colorado, Dubois of and it was also remarked that pupils read Idaho and Stewart of Nevada among the too many books, and are likely to become Republicans. That they will do everything in their power to compel the Secretary of the Treasury to issue bonds under the present law by refusing to give him It is certainly desirable that English be authority to issue them under a new and well taught throughout. There is better law, may be taken as a matter of course. It would be too much to expect these men to understand that the Treasury has all the authority it needs to issue bonds without another line of legislation. The question is not one of giving the Secretary new power, but of protecting the interests of the people by making it possible for him to exercise that power in a better way.

full of depreciated silver. So they will rection as any ordinance is. antagonize, not the issue of bonds - is just as binding as the which they can not prevent - but the issue of bonds under a law which lowers the rate of interest and abridges the time they shall run. It is foolish to try to belittle the force of this opposition. Under minority can forbid legislation. The silver men can block all action indefinitely. Fortunately, they can not influence the

VENEZUELAN PURPOSE. It is however, not surprising that there The London Times New York correspondshould be an attempt made to make peo- ent continues "to smalley." Yesterday, ple generally and the protected interests as reported from London, he talked of in particular believe that no wholesale the subsidence of the war scare. There revision was intended. Already the wool- has not been any scare and there has not been any subsidence. We are simply entering a very serious business. If there yesterday it was stated that the wool- has been any change at all in the situation. it is an assurance of the gravity of the case and a renewal of assurance that the country is at one with the President. Smalley abases himself in his best "Tory squire" fashion at the Prince of Wales's dispatch. He declares there is not, from the American point of view, a word too much or too little in it. What does Smalley know about the American point of view? He has given the most profound demonstration that he knows absolutely nothing about it. He continues the demonstration in his next sentence by saying: "It is a message which both parties into which this country is now divided can accept." This is the first time that anybody knew that this country was divided into "both parties." As the National Observer, an English

paper, which we quoted a week ago, so acutely observed, "outside of a small circle of millionaires and mugwumps, Americans are profoundly hostile to England." If we change "profoundly hostile" to "unfriendthey feel that the theft menaces the'r country's safety. Of course, the Smalleys - the millionaires and the mugwumps the Hungarian Jew of the World, and the Englishman of the Post - do not see that England is menacing our safety. Their icea of national existence is to bask in toadvism at England's feet. But Amerleans have not yet reached that stage. We are concerned in this land-grab, be cause its consummation means the estabrepublics of their territory by force. If we admit that we admit the whole case

There is no sentiment about it, and no

complete the work before the close of the precisely as the powers of Europe preyear. Would it be reasonable to ask the serve it in Europe. We are acting prepeople to wait till August of the year c.sely as England and Russia and the rest PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON fellowing for the benefits of a truly pro- are acting toward Constantineple to-day. We are going to see, if we are able, that This, however, does not change the fact there shall be no change in the that, though the proposed revision does situation that shall injure us, with ! not fully represent the Republican view, this difference, that with the European temporary character only hightens the a case of selfishness, purely, not as to na offense, for it serves to make another tional life, but as to national acquisirevision certain - if the Republicans have | tion. With us, it is the selfishness of nayears. Perhaps it will do no harm to of our existence. We want nothing from remind our statesmen that the people Verezuela, nor from England, nor from have in recent years had about all the any power in the world. But we want no power to infringe the status of this continent by force. If England buys the disputed territory from Venezuela, we have nothing to say, any more than we have to say of England's presence in Carada, But if England invades an American republic, and takes from it territory by force, we say that she imperils our republic. It is said that Holland, France and Spain are going to act in concert with England to uphold her in this business. So be it.

> The Daily News doubts the wisdom of any European alliance to meet demands which have not been supported by the ing cool and sober opinion in America. The News should be assured that all that has gone before has been supported by cool and sober opinion in America. But there it little that has gone before. The case is simple: We have good reason to believe from all the information we can get that England is stealing land in Venezuela. We have urged that she lay the whole case before an impartial tribunal for in vestigation and inquiry. We have urged this with due circumspection and patience. She has refused our urgency. Now we have resolved to appoint a commission to obtain the more particular knowledge on this subject which we wanted England to join in obtaining. If this particular knowledge shows that our first impressions are wrong, shows that

Is Gomez strategic or is he blind? The burden of the New York Evening

England is not stealing land in Venezuela.

the matter will end right there. If it shows

that our first impressions are right, then

she will have to reckon with us before she

consummates the theft. That is all there

Post and New York World is that in case of war England would stand opposed to the "Greater New York."

We would suggest that in the future, when the police arrest a highwayman, that they search him and see that he has no affidavits that the pistol with which he robbed his victim was not loaded.

Dunraven refuses to talk. This is cer tainly news.

Councilman Clark proposes an ordinance making it an offense to sell cigarettes to guards of minors under eighteen years of age. Such ordinance may do good, but we can see no need of it. There usually throws coils of its web about the is already a State law that covers it, which has been in force since May, 1883, making it unlawful to give, barter or 1883, making it unlawful to give, barter or 1885, can see no need of it. There der sixteen years of age tobacco, or preparations of tobacco, to be chewed or smoked by the said person. The penalty is a fine of not less than \$10 nor more than \$100 and imprisonment in the county jail This point is one which these men can for not less than ten days nor more than not be brought to understand. All they thirty. That law is just as binding on the by a duck. know is that they are opposed to the is- city of Indianapolis, the Board of Safety sue of bonds so long as the Trezsury is and the police force under its dion obstructing the sidewalks or as any of the liquor laws. The law governing saloons is a State law, not a city ordinance. Yet we do not hear anything about the necessity of introducing ordinances on this subject. This administration continues to ignore the law by allow ing the Big Four railroad to take the whole of the people's sidewalk. There is law a plenty. What we need is enforcement. Let Councilman Clark introduce a resolution urging the mayor to enforce the law on the tobacco question and on the

The whole war question is resolved into this: Will or will not Salfsbury recognize the principle of arbitration?

There has been a hint from Canadian sources of an Irish regiment to be raised in that province to guard the frontier from invasion. This furnishes an interesting complication, truly,

Spain should not talk about an alliance with Great Britain too much. It might hasten our recognition of the Cuban

"It was like dis, yer oner. De gun were not loaded at all. I sticks 'em up wid de pop, but I gits nutten but a old nickel." One year in the work-house. I will teach you to commit highway robbery in this town. Do you think this is Chicago?"

It will take a big battle now to determine whether Gomez is only a poor rebel or the father of his country.

It is pleasant to note that Judge Mc-Cray, whose excellent work in the last Legislature as a lobbyist in his own behalf was noted, believes in reforming young criminals. Charles Dickson, a mere boy, who, according to police report, has no criminal record, and who the police declare is not overly bright, arove away a horse and sold it for \$1.50. Dickson was sent to the penitentlary for two years. Two highwaymen, after 'holding up" several people - who identified the pair in Police Court - robbed an old man of a watch at the point of a pistol, were notorious burglars, men who admit they are "crooks," and who hauled away goods by the wagon-load, are let go. Judge Mc-Cray is correct when he declares he is not 'running the Criminal Court in the interest of the police department."

We gather from the latest lispatches that the Sultan is really annoyed.

So Russia offered to let us have onehalf of her gold. Those stories about Siberian cruelty are all rot.

"I am not running the Criminal Court to suit the police department," said Judge McCray. Granted. Adams and Williams, the footpads, and Thomas and Tanner, the burglars, are not complaining of the manner in which Judge McCray is "running the Criminal Court."

The country is assured that the Dingley revenue measure is not a real, lively tariff bill. It is only a little, temporary affair,

The Cuban insurgents are violating all the rules of warfare by refusing to bunca themselves and be shot at. Such methods are being severely criticised by Spain ish authorities.

Congress has finally imported a little

Will Gladstone please conduct Salisbury to the place where he can find some "com-

came as I lay dreaming, As it doth ever. Had I guessed its subtle seeming Would I ever? never, never! But it came as I lay dreaming. So, as I lay dreaming,

the river ny life went softly streaming, its breast no little quiver ned me as I lay there dreaming. Now I am no longer dreaming.

Waking, quaking— Dazed, I watch the rushing, streaming Of the stormy waters breaking On the dream that I was dreaming. As a straw floats on the gleaming, Dashing river, o my heart seems tossing, teeming With each important endeavor rowned amidst the torrents' streaming.

forever listen to the screaming e storm-birds, and the riv Or the storm-birds, and the river Dashing madly onward, seeming Bent on bearing on its steaming Headlong course, each poor endeavor, Had I guessed it, would I ever

But it came as I lay dreaming!
—"Violet Fane." " SCRAPS."

Narragansett means "near the point." Gold was first coined in Europe in 1320. On board ship the day is divided into seven "watches." Lead-working is the most disastrous of

Not quite two thousand persons are livwho possess British orders of knight Dogs, as a rule, live about fifteen years.

The Salvation Army has now twenty-wo factories and workshops, employing 0,200 persons, both men and women.

English bicyclist has just been sent ill for manslaughter; he ran over a injuring him so severely that he Sportsmen in Kentucky are advocating abounty on hawks, and the absolute pro-sibition of shooting quail in that State for Owing to heavy rains at Altoona, Pa., Pennsylvania railroad has discontin-

ned its water trains, that have been run-ning for two months. The demand by the inland revenue au-horities of England that professional out-ball players shall pay income tax eems likely to become general. Japan is far from barbarous, with rail-

ways which have no grade crossings at stations, telegraph, electric light and six postal deliveries per day in the large The ring of Edward the Confessor is preserved among the royal regalia of Great Britain. For several centuries it was used in the coronation ceremonies of

he English Kings. "Are your writings much read?" "That is what I should like to find out. As it is, I do not know whether they read my

manuscripts or send them back without reading."-Boston Transcript. While doing a sieight of hand trick Albert C. Walters, a Findlay (U.) college student, swallowed a silver dollar, which aged below the windpipe. It ne service of two physicians to

One of the drawbacks connected with Queen Victoria's lofty station is that the law forbids her reading documents or re-ceiving any letters except from her own family until after they have been scrutinized by the person in charge of the royal correspondence. Railway men are often exposed to such

French lines thick goatskin cloaks have been served out to all the drivers and guards of the goods trains, who are obliged to wait about for hours in the damo and cold. There is a spider in New Zealand that

ardships in winter weather that on the

sell, directly or indirectly, to any one un- tons of small birds caught in these terrible snares The swimming and diving sparrow is the property of Adran Hugkum, of Bath (Me.). The little creature takes to water as naturally as a duckling and swims rapidly after bread crumbs. It will dive beneath the surface at the word of com-

> A telegram from Staff Captain Roberof-sky announces his return to Russian at he head of the Russian scientific expedi tion into Chinese central Asia, having traversed altogether 15,600 versts and made a rich collection of animals, birds, insects and plants, and obtained valuable

> Judge—Prisoner, did you commit the burglary alone, or with the help of others? Prisoner—With the kind help of the Eighty-third Regiment Band.—Judge—What? Explain yourself. Prisoner—Well, you see, Judge, the band made a halt, and all the people in the house went to the front to listen, so that I worked quite undisturbed in the back.—Fliegende Blatter.

production of Athens, Ga. A few days ago a diminutive darky, Albert Walker, stole a horse, and with a big pistol in a belt buckled around his waist, mounted his horse and rods complacently down the principal streets of the city. At the age of eight, he stole \$40, and has since committed arson and attempted to commit

the courts of Rouen, France, against Cesare Lomoroso, the famous Italian criminologist, and his publisher for criminologist, and his publisher for plagairism. Last spring, Lombroso published a book in graphology. It has now been proved that an entire chapter of the work was taken from the book of the Frenchman M. Crepieux, "The Writing of the Sick." The French author was naturally bitter and brought suit against the

A corporation has just been formed in Los Angeles, Cal., for the purpose of exploiting the gold fields, which are said to exist in the sand along certain portions of the shore of the ocean between Redondo and Santa Monica. The corporation has a lease on a mile and a third frontage on the ocean, which it proposes to treat as soon as proper facilities in the way of machinery, etc., can be placed upon the grounds. Already, it is said, an unalysis grounds. Already, it is said, an unalysis has been made, with the most promising results, and the company expects to develop an important mining industry.

Fifty-six persons have been convicted of lese-majeste during the last four months in Germany, and have received sentences aggregating thirty-one years and two months' imprisonment and five months' confinement in a fortress. The victims range from socialist members of Parliament and newspaper editors to cab drivers and comic singers. Two were women, one of these a plano teacher. Most of the prosecutions arose out of words uttered in the streets. One workman while drunk tore down a picture of the Emperor in his room and was de-

nounced by his wife.

the Government really need from the sale of bonds. A notable captive made in Bound Brook N. J., was a local bank robber. For days the officers of the First National Bank had been working on the case, their suspicions being aroused by the disappearsent to the work-house for one year. Two arce of a \$100 bill. They finally located the robber under the bank, and advertising, this brought results. A big rat was caught. The rat had taken the \$100-bill from the cash-drawer. The bill was found later. with a hole in one corner about the size of a quarter. The bold robber has been put to death, and the \$100-bill patched and put into circulation again.

An experiment in coffee growing is to be made in the San Joaquin valley (Cal.) which, if successful, may mean that coffee planting will become an important indus'ry in the State. Col. Charles F. Crocker, a wealthy rancher of that region, has just secured from various parts of Central America 1,000 yearling coffee plants, and will soon have them set out on his estates in the valley. It will be at least six years before the result of the experiment of the property of the proper experiment can be known. Experts are somewhat doubtful of its success. They say the soil and sunlight are all right in the San Joaquin valley, but the moisture necessary to the successful raising of cof-

One of the dolls sent to the annual doll show that Gen. Fellx Angus, of Baltimore, gets up for the poor children of his city, just before Christmas, came from Cleveland, where Mrs. Robert P. Porter, wite of land, where Mrs. Robert P. Porter, wife of the editor and tariff expert, began a movement to provide the finest doll in the show. It is three feet tall and is modeled after the painting, "La Belle Chocolatier," which hangs in the Dresden gallery, Among the women who supplied and worked on the clothing of the doll were Mrs. Gardeld, Mrs. John Sherman, Mrs. Bushnell, Mrs. McKinley, Mrs. James H. Hoyt and Miss Fannie Hayes, daughter of R. B. Hayes. Accompanying the doll was a set of dishes for a chocolate set, so as to complete the resemblance to the paint-

PRESS OPINIONS.

Western Christian Advocate (Meth.). The Monroe doctrine is to be respected the cost be what it may in treasure and blood. This is the deliberate purpose of our Government in all its departments; and is sustained by the people with unanimity almost unparalleled. ifying that the issue is with the greatest aritime power. This places in the true eyes of the whole world as something to be reckoned with in all interna-tional affairs involving American territery. We would not cry to arms until only thus our national honor could be preserved. But once satisfied that the

light our conception of the sa-credness of the doctrine. Chal-lerging England in its behalf, sets town is said to be crowded with Aralternative is war with honor, or peace with shame, making our appeal to heaven and to the enlightened judgment of mankind, kissing the old flag, we would shake out its folds to the breeze and follow it, at any sacrifice of ease or treasure, victory or the grave. We shall have quarrel with England, unless the hi commission declare our quarrel just.

A Tariff Measure Useless.

New York Times (Dem.). There is no way of preventing it (tariff measure) from being debated and passed, f the House choose to make that disposiion of it. But the business men of the ountry should make it plain that such a neasure will be uscless, and worse than seless. They should demand of Congress an unqualified pledge of gold payments or all obligations of the Government, and gold loan. That will meet, not only the present exigency, but any and all that ray arise, and put the country on the broad highway to the prosperity that awaits us, if only we will take it.

To Correct Financial Evils.

Baltimore Sun (Dem.). The plan for the correction of the finan-cial evils of the day, outlined by the President in his message, and given in full in Secretary Carlisle's report, is undoubtedly the correct one, however distasteful it may seem to Congress. The \$155,000,000 of outstanding greenbacks and Sherman notes are the means by which the Treasury is depleted of its gold, and by which apprehensions as to the ability of the Treasury to continue gold payments are excited, and the only sure remedy is to retire these gold-demand notes and cancel them.

> Anent a Bond Issue. New York World (Dem.).

The President should leave the responsibility with Congress, which represents the States and the people. If Congress fails to act, and the issue of bonds becomes absolutely necessary to maintain the credit of the Government, his appeal study be to the people direct. It is their Government. They have the gold, or can get it. We want no more secret bond dickers—no more \$11,000,000 profits for a bankers' syndicate. The solvency of the Covernment does not depend upon Wall street. Give the people a chance.

> WAR WITH ENGLAND. The Press of One Mind.

Brookville American.

Our friend, The Indianapolis News, has ublished a sentence or two from each p ing the attitude of the press toward the President in his recent grand message to Congress. Boiled down to the shortest possible limit, the remarks have encroached largely upon the space of our valued contemporary. Had it been desirable to contract still more, one paragraph might have been inserted with the statement that all the rest were of a similar tenor. Perhaps the Indiana press was never nearer a unit upon any public question—so, indeed, with the people. It is a thought that fills us with pride that our country is the ground upon which ts numerous Indiana exchanges, indicatour country is the ground upon which even the intense partisans of the close State of Indiana can stand as one man laying aside their rivalry for the time vindicate the honor and giory of the flag which enfolds us all.

Utilize the Corn-Husker.

Frankfort News. Now would be a good time for some enterprising, patriotic Yankee to introduce the new-fangled corn husker in England. Such a scheme might be considered bar-barous and a violation of the rules of civ-ilized warfare, but there is no denying the that the corn busker would make up beneath the surface at the word of com- | fact that the corn husker w | mand. Huckum says his pet was hatched | what we lack in warships. Good Doctrine, Anyhow,

Perhaps it would be more accurate all the recent elucidation of the opposion to forcible territorial extension

call the recent elucidation of the opposi-tion to forcible territorial extension on these continents by European governments the Cleveland doctrine. Frankfort Times.

The London Globe is of the opinion that the Monroe doctrine is dead. It may be so, but J. Bull will find it the liveliest orpse ever laid out on a cooling board i undertakes to embalm it and tuck i away out of sight Sparing the Anglomaniacs.

Terre Haute Tribune. If war with England will lead to the evacuation of New York and Boston by the Anglomaniacs, let hostilities begin without further unnecessary delay.

Terre Haute Gazette. Lowell was right. The only thing wors than war with England is for us to be afraid of it and not stand up for our rights against her encroachments. Regiment of Candidates.

Lafayette Courier. In event of war with England, Indiana

could contribute a regiment or two to the cause made up of Republican candidates for Governor. Cut Off the Heiresses. Lafayette Journal.

If England don't behave herself we shall stop selling her our heiresses at bargain counter prices. American Policy Demanded.

South Bend Times, Now for a financial policy that will be listinctively American, and not for Brit

ish interests.

Terre Haute Express. When Mr. Cleveland, with a full realization of the difficulties besetting the Government, turns aside from a straight course to lead Congress into devious paths of uncertainty, divided counsels, and unprofitable debate, he is open to criticism. His continual harping upon retiring the greenbacks, with its attendant demand for a larger issue of bonds, has such an effect. It might be claimed that it is immaterial because Congress will not retire the greenbacks, but it is not, as it tends to obscure the main questions, how to increase the revenues and pay the Government's bills, and how many the providers

Another Readjustment Needful. Lafayette Courier.

ment's bills, and how mi

Under the circumstances it will hardly e reasonable for Governor Matthews to be reasonable for Governor Matthews to expect to find a presidential nomination in his stocking until after there has been another period of readjustment in the body politic of the Democratic party. Uttil further notice Mr. Cleveland will

Brookville American. There may be a lot of offices to give out

pretty soon, and Mr. Gil Shanklin would better be lining up again. They will be milliary offices. How would he like to be an old-fashioned sutler and sell nasty black plug tobacco to the boys at \$1

The first fest vote on the silver question came up in the Senate December 20. The silver men predominated, 36 to 24. This is enough to send the esteemed Indianapolis News into a fit of hysterics.

But Both Are Sound. South Bend Times. Sustaining the President in his attitude

supporting his position on the money ques tion is quite another. No Place For Mugwumps. South Bend Times.

There seems to be a general insistence hat no Mugwump shall go on the Vene-tuelan commission to be appointed by the President. Red Christmas In Armenia Kokomo Dispatch. Why grumble because it is a green Christmas? In Armenia—rest their souls! —it is a red Christmas. PROBABLY ALL MASSACRED.

A Religious Paper's Patriotic Words The Armenians at Zeitoun - Great Loss of Life There.

> Constantinople. December 27.-It is officially announced that most obstinate fighting preceded the capture of Zettoun the Turks. Semi-official advices from Zeitoun say that the Armenians lost 2,500 is feared they will be massacred. The ambassadors of Great Britain, France and Russia, Germany, Italy and Austria sent their dragomans to the palace to-day, order to make representations, with the view of preventing the Armenians from being massacred, and pointing out the graviof such a deed. Little hope is felt, however, that the representations of the ambassadors will avail, and the general belief is that the survivors of the Armenians of Zeitoun have already been

The financial situation continues to be very bad. The various projects of the Porte to raise money by granting monopolies for the sale of petroleum, alcohol, etc., have collapsed for the present, although it is believed that the negotiations of the subject will shortly be resumed. The Porte, however has succeeded in collecting £20,000 fom the various villayets, which was devoted to paying the months' salaries of the officials here. But nothing has been said about paying the soldiers and others who are in arrears, and, in consequence, the feeling of discontent in the army, which has frequent ly been referred to recently, is understood to be on the increase, and the situation is by no means a bright one.

DETECTIVE HITT IS "GAME."

He Tried To Arrest Three Desperate Men Unaided.

Louisville, Ky., December 27.-Lee, Rider and Linn, three of the most des-perate of the eight men who escaped from jail here, were arrested last night at Lagrange, Ky., thirty miles from here, by detectives Latt and Hitt, of the Louisville & Nashville railroad, after a desperate resistance. The detectives were on the lookout for the men, and Hitt was watching in the Lagrange neighborhood around the vicinity. He disguised himself as a tramp, got in with the men and found that they wanted to get away. He proposed that they break a car seal and get away in a freight car. They agreed and managed to get into a car. Once in side. Hitt tried to arrest them, but they whipped him and took away his pistol and threw him out of the car. The three men

Hitt organized a posse, which captured the men about a mile from Lagrange. He brought them back and put them in the Oldham county jail. Corporal John Schneider, of this city, who went to Lagrange, identified all three of them. The prisoners will be brought here from Lagrange and placed in the county jail, from which they escaped on last Wednesday night.

BISHOP JUNGER DEAD.

A Noted Divine of Washington-"Old Hutch" Dying.

Portland, Ore., December 27.—Aegigiu unger, D. D., bishop of Nisqually, comprising the State of Washington, and part of Oregon, died last night at Vancouver, of diabetes. His death was unexpected though he had been in poor health for some time. He was sixty-two years old. and was born near Aix-la-Chapelle, Germany. He came to the United States in 1862, and was stationed at Walla Walla. Wash, as a missionary priest. In 1864, he was made pastor of the cathedral of St. James at Vancouver. He was elevated to the bishopric in 1879, which position he held until his death.

"Old Hutch" Dying. Chicago III December 27 -- Renjamin Peters Hutchinson, the famous eccentric speculator who used to control the Chicago Board of Trade, is dying at the home of his son-in-law, E. A. Lancaster. Charles L. Hutchinson, president of the Corn Ex-change National Bank, and the old man's

eldest son, is in Europe. WRECK ON THE BURLINGTON.

Two Trains In Collision - Several Passengers Injured.

Lincoln, Neb., December 27.-Additional details have been received from the scene of the collision on the Burlington road at Seward, Neb., which was reported briefly last night. Burlington passenger train No. 43, bound from Lincoln to Grand Island, came into collision with a freight train which was standing on a switch near a curve. The speed of the passenger train could not be slackened in time to avoid the collision, which was a terrific one. Both engines were wrecked and many cars damaged. Passenger fireman J. A. Geisler, of Grand Island, was caught

between the cab and the tank and fatally crushed, and J. B. Jeffries, fireman on freight engine, was probably fatally The following passengers were injured, none seriously: Mrs. Ida Ferguson, Lincoln; M. M. George, York; Mrs. M. McKee, Marquette; R. F. McLuen, Guthrie Center, Ia.; F. W. Sharp, Crete.

Memorial Church Annual Meeting. The annual business meeting of Me Presbyterian church was held last night in the lecture room. Officers were elected for the coming year and reports of the various departments of the church were made. The ruling elders elected were: A. J. Diddle, B. A. Richardson and G. W. Ryan; deacons, W. F. Graham, Otto George, W. A. Beard and A. G. Brown. W. F. Cunningham and A. G. Brown. W. F. Cunningnam and F. F. McCrea were re-elected trustees. The finances of the church were shown to be in a satisfactory condition, the to-tal receipts for the year amounting to more than \$6,000.

at present goods valued at \$2,000,000. Importers are trying to withdraw all these imports before the provisions of the new bill will take effect. The new bill has disturbed local importers, who do not accept the interpretation of the collector of customs, that the new tariff will not effect goods in bond. will be held in the rooms, 139 North Meridian street, at 7:30 this evening. Plans will be made for the New Year' reception. At the Sunday afternoon meeting the subject will be "City Mis-sions." Mrs. Kate L. Haynes will rep-resent the Charity Organization and Miss Celia Smock the Door of Hope. All young vomen are welcome at the North Meridian, at 4 p. m. Sunday.

Y. M. C. A. Extension. Every year during the holidays a party of college students, under the direction of the State committee of the Young Men's Christian Association, go to some town in the State, and, by holding young men's meetings, seek to work up sufficient inter meetings, seek to work its sufficient interest in the work to result in the formation of a branch of the Y. M. C. A. at that place. This year the students at Wabash, DePauw, Rose Polytechnic and Butler have sent delegates to help in the efforts to establish an association among the young men at Spencer.

Cider For Dyspepsia. In certain forms of dyspepsia, cider is said to be very desirable, where the proc-ess of digestion is too hurried; and for the gouty it is especially recommended as a corrective of the uric actal diathesis. The Demand For Skates.

Since the cold weather began, one Con-necticut hardware factory has received orders for 30,000 pairs of skates. The fac-tory will have to run day and night to fill them. Rings On Egyptian Mummies.

The mummies of the royal princesses of Egypt often had rings on their fingers. In one case twenty-three were found on the hands of one mummy, Pittsburg Dispatch.

The people of the United States pay more taxes than the people of any other nation on the globe.

To Straighten Whalebones Whalebones that are bent can straightened by being thrown into water for a few hours. THE THE PARTY OF T THE NEW YORK STORE

The Ladies, The Men and The Little Fellows

Something to interest all three in this advertisement. Hundreds more that will interest everybody here at the store. To-morrow will be cleaning up day.

A JACKET SALE

75 Jackets in rough and smooth cloths

all short jackets, with full sleeves and

box fronts, every one well worth from

An elegant Cloth Jacket, lined through-

out, the very latest style, easily worth

The choicest of the sesson's Jackets,

fashioned by the world's best jacket makers, both rough and smooth cloths, jackets that regularly self at \$16.50,

Your choice of any \$20 Jacket in ou

Fur Capes also going at the lowest of

Your choice of any of our Silk Walsts,

regular prices \$7.50, \$10 and \$12, for

\$17.50 and \$18.50, choice for \$12.50.

SILK WAISTS

\$10 to \$12.50, choice for \$7.50.

\$15, now \$10.

stock for \$15.

BOYS' CLOTHING An exceptional holiday offering of stylish garments for the little fellows. Our entire stock of Boys' Two-Piece Suits (sizes 7 to 15 years), Junior Suits (sizes 3 to 6 years), also Reefer Suits

larly at from \$6 to \$4.98 Boys' Uisters with great warm collars, worth \$7, to-morrow \$4.98 each.

Boys' Knee Pants, the 75c kind, fo 40c a pair. A good Laundered Walst, sells for 78 most piaces, our price 40c.

(sizes 4 to 8 years); every

suit guaranteed to be all-

wool, suits that sell regu-

MEN'S SLIPPERS

over the ears, 25c.

If he didn't get a pair for Christmas-'twould be just the thing to get him now, especially at these prices:-

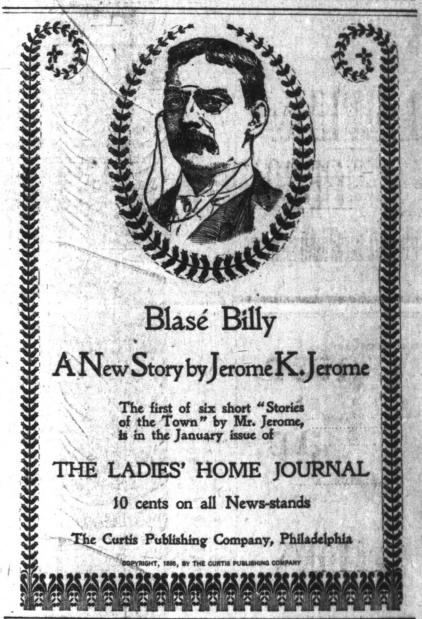
A good Worm Cap, will pull down

Tan Seal Slippers, were \$2, now \$1,50 Black Kid Slippers, were \$2, new \$4.8

Tan and Black Slippers, in leather and velvet, were \$1.30. now \$1.25 a pair. Tan and Black Slippers, in leath only, were \$1.25, new \$1 a pair. All our \$1 Slippers go now at 750

PETTIS DRY GOODS CO.

months and the second and the second



Drop Lights, Stand Lights, Beautiful Decorated Shades, or a HAND-SOME CHANDELIER. An elegant assortment shown by C. ANESHAENSEL & CO Marion Block, Corner of Meridian and Ohio Sts.

Importers Withdrawing Goods. San Francisco, December 27.-Importers, alarmed over the possible tariff changes are withdrawing their goods from as quickly as possible. There is in at present goods valued at \$2,000,000.

The Work of Burglars. Mammaroneck, N. Y., December 27.— The home of Thomas F. Oakes, ex-president of the Northern Pacific, at Orienta, was entered by burglars while the servants were away at early mass. Silverware, valued at several thousand dollars, was stolen, including many heirlooms. The burglars worked so quietly and skillfully that Mr. Oakes was not awakened until the servants called him.

SALLOW SKINNED

frequently chew and smoke immense quantities of tobacco and wonder all the time why then look so bad, feel so mean. Try under an absolute guar-antee of benefit and final cure, or money refunded, the taking of a single box of NO-TO-BAC

regulates tobacco using, builds up nervous system, makes pure, rich blood. Many report a gain of ten pounds in ten days. Go buy a box. Try it under your own DRUGGIST'S GUARANTEE, Every

Will soon be here. Get a good foundation. Buy a good pair of Men's Calf

Florsheim's Northwest Corner Washing-

ton and Pennsylvania Sts.

Cork Sole Shoes for

7\$4.00, or the best English?

Enamel for \$5.00.

AND PART BAR Merry Christmas to All Our

Many Customers and Friend We take pleasure in returni thanks to our customers for the eral patronage bestowed on us duri in the future as in the past, pledgly you that no pains on our part will spared to make our store the popul store of this city.

LAWRIE &

prices that will make it an object for you to buy them for future use. All

Remnants of Silks, Remnants of Dress Goods. Remnants of Laces. Remnants of Flannels. Remnants of Table Linen. Remnants of Calicoes, Remnants of Ginghams Odds and Ends In

The balance of our Toys and Games for half price.

LAWRIE &

26 and 28 W. Washington St.

Winter

are dirt cheap at

DALTON'S

Bates House

HUNGARIANS AND NEGROES FIGHT.

Dunbar, Pa., December 27.—The Hungarian and negro employes at the Morrell coal-works had a battle last night, in which one Hungarian was fatally, eight others seriously and six negroes badly wounded. There had been a feud of many menths' standing between the two races, and yesterday the colored men, mostly armed with Winchester rifles and revolv-ers, attacked the Hungarian settlement. They began by firing into a shanty where some Hungarians were at supper, and one man in the back.

The negroes took their station behind a fence, while the Hungarians posted mselves near the company's house, dreds of shots were fired, and after the ammunition was exhausted the fight was continued in hand-to-hand fashion. Seven of the negroes were captured last evering and landed in police station. Aged Group of Ploneers.

New Castle, Ind., December 27 .- The ers, of this city met yesterday at the of Stephen Elliott, and held a relon. Following are names of those esent and their ages: George Lowe, Thomas Clawson, 68; G. W. Goodwin, Henry Shroyer, 86; Joseph Dennius, 66; C. Bowen, 79; Peter Rider, 82; Joseph McDowell, 78; Jacob Mowrer, 82; Joseph McDowell, 78; Jacob Mowrer, 83; Josiah Needham, 84; Milton Mahan, 71; Danlel Harvey, 71; James Harvey, 78; John Rea, 77; Robert Needham, 86; Andrew Nicholson, 90; John C. Hudelson, 75; M. L. Bundy, 77; Dr. S. Ferris, 73; Lewis Foutz, 75; General Grove, 82; A. J. Lytle, 79; S. General Grose, 83; A. J. Lytle, 79; S. Powell, 75; John Curry, 65, and W. F.

Jeffersonville, Ind., December 27 .- At a orth of here, last night, William Pitman J. R. Brown. Brown was acting in a boisterous manner, and Pitman remon-strated with him, and was trying to eject

Robbed By Three Masked Men. Special to The Indianapolis News, Lafayette, Ind., December 27.-Last night at Burton, this county, three masked men, with drawn revolvers, compelled William Sugar, storekeeper, to hand over the contents of his cash drawer. Only a small sum was secured.

THE COLLEGE ASSOCIATION

PRESIDENT CUBBERLEY'S ADDRESS ON VINCENNES UNIVERSITY.

Aldrich Discusses Classics In the Twentieth Century-University and College-Literature.

the attendance was good. Parlor D of the Denison Hotel was crowded when President Elwood P. Cub-perley read his annual address. It was berley read his annua; address. It was entitled "A Great Educational Idea and Its History." The paper gave a sketch of the history of the Vincennes University, its early poverty and struggles, and subsequent legislation against it, its re-establishment and its recent history. He referred to it as "The oldest institution of the college true for the State Goundad a the college type in the State, founded a decade before Indiana entered the National Union." He said: "Its charter with meager endowment would have to go stands as an index of the educational ideas and foresight of those able men who made history in Indiana when the century was just beginning. Its early history is interesting because it is the history of the struggle of an institution bereft of support by the State which founded it, with no other source of revenue than unsal-able lands in an unsettled country."

After discussing the organization of In-diana Territory in 1800 with three land offices, Detroit, Kaskaskia and Vincennes, and the division of this territory into the territory of Michigan in 1805, Illinois in 1809, and the settlement of Indiana, the speaker went on to give the history of the organization of Vincennes University, the act creating the univer-sity being approved by Governor Harrison, November 29, 1806, A good deal of son, November 29, 1806, A good deal of space was given to a copy of the charter of the university. He discussed the history of the institution from the time of the first session of the board of trustees, December 6, 1806, at the office of the territorial secretary of the borough of Vincennes

The Lottery Scheme. At that meeting William Henry Harrison was elected chairman and he was also elected one of the five managers to organize and carry into effect the scheme of lottery authorized by the Legislature in aid of the university. Eight thousand tickets were to be sold for \$5 each, and there were to be 2,692 prizes, ranging from \$5,000 to \$6, and amounting to \$34,000, and 5,308 blanks. The lottery scheme failed, as the tickets could not be sold, eyen though they were offered on credit. In August, 1807, the board of trustees petitioned Congress to lay a tax on all sait made in the Territory and a tax on Indian made in the Territory and a tax on Indian traders' licenses for the benefit of the university. The Territorial Legislature was also petitioned to lay a tax on marriage licenses for the benefit of the school. The paper concluded with the statement that the university had grown so that it needed larger grounds, more money and new apparatus. The speaker gave great praise to the board of trustees who have served the institution faithfully without pay.

praise to the board of trustees who have served the institution faithfully without pay. The discussion was opened by President William T. Stott, of Franklin College. Mr. Stott did not long confine himself to the subject of Vincennes University. He branched out into a criticism of the action of the State Board of Education, and safit that the course of study laid down by the board was a scheme on the part of the board to send students to the State University to the exclusion of the denominational schools. President Smart, of Education, denied that there was any foundation for such a charge. He said that the State University succeeded in setting pupils because it had conformed its course of study to fit the State University.

After the meeting was over President Swain, of the State University arrived, and the topic came up for informal discussion again when he maintained that his university had conformed its course, so that the one last introduced shall be studied at least two years, and the others correspondingly longer. Both committees reject the idea that all studies are of equal educational value, and they place the study of languages highest of all."

Storm and Stress Period.

Workers in other lands. So much from the point of view of practical applicability and usefulness. But also from the higher educational standpoint where mental discipline is considered, there can no longer be a reasonable excuse for the neglect of languages studied, because there can no longer be an honorable excuse for the neglect of languages studied, because there can no longer be an honorable excuse for the neglect of languages studied, because there can no longer be an honorable excuse for the neglect of languages studied, because there can no longer be an honorable excuse for the neglect of languages studied, because there can no longer be an honorable excuse for the neglect of languages studied, because there can no longer be a reasonable doubt as to their superior educational value, and honored as the mature utterance of America

The next paper read was "The Classics for the American Student of the Twentieth Century," by Prof. Benjamin W. Aldrich, Moores Hill College. He said: "The classics ought to take an important part in American education. Aurora is about to leave the couch of Tithonus, and shed

to leave the couch of Tithonus, and shed the first bright rays of the twentieth cent-ury day upon our fair land.

"If the college ever made men dreamers, that time has passed, as has the day when only those intended for the learned pro-fessions had the opportunity of higher education. Each commencement an in-creasing number of young men leave col-lege halls to enter the fields of commerce, the trades and agricultural pursuits. each the trades and agricultural pursuits, each and all possessed of the privileges of American citizenship, and destined to exert a powerful influence on our national

"If our men are to be educated, the brain and heart capabilities developed; if the intellectual growth of the nation is to the intellectual growth of the nation is to keep pace with its material growth, Greek and Latin have a very important place.

"As order is the philosophy of the Latin language of beauty is that of the Greek In Latin everything must yield to order. In Greek order and system even, must yield to beauty." In Greek order and system even, must yield to beauty."
The speaker devoted some space to the various methods of studying the classics. In comparing the Greek writers with the moderns, he said: "We believe Shake speare the world's greatest dramatist, but he never attained to the sublimity of Sophoels. The Greek was the more refined writer. We believe that Demosthenes gives us our highest examples of oratory, though he is less brilliant than some of his successors."

Professor Aldrich's Conclusions.
In conclusion, he said: "If, therefore, we

In conclusion, he said: "If, therefore, we would learn the philosophy of our own epublic, let us turn to its prototype— Greece. Greece was in reality our mother, while England was only a kind and wise stepmether. The marked similarity in form of government, the occurrence of the same political questions and struggles, the unity of tastes in love of freedom, of beauty in all forms of art and of literature, bring the America of to-day and the Greece of Demosthenes into the closest relationship and make everything Greek of peculiar interest to American

Greek of peculiar interest to American students.

"At the present time, when the rampant spirit of revolution is rife, and everything new possesses a glamour, it is surely wise to cultivate the opposite spirit of reverence for that which has shoot the test of ages. For this spirit of revolution, its brothers haste and greed for gold, are American evils which fooday are destroying true scholarship and intellectuality. They strike deep and sup our moral natures. They are making weaker men and women and poorer citizens. Can this contition be suffered to grow at the present crisis in our national history? If not, where are the remedies to be found? In the proper education of the young. I think all will admit that the classics constitute a vital factor in such an education."

The discussion of this paper was opened by Prof. M. F. Wilkinson, Union Christian College, and a number of other members of the association had something to say. The discussion was in accord with the views expressed by the writer.

This morning's meeting of the associa-tion was well attended. The first paper was "The University and the College," by Prof. Thomas C. Howe, of Butler College. The paper was a discussion of the departments of work of the college and university. He said: "The effective work of the colleges is most seriously impaired by a policy of attempting to do what, in many cases, they are utterly unable to accomplish. We have about 476 colleges in this country, a number of institutions, which, if properly acting in a more perfect system of harmonious co-operation, could which, if properly acting in a more perfect system of harmonious co-operation, could produce vastly better results than at present. One d'alinguished educator, in speaking of these institutions, calls them a 'hopeless muddle of schools,' for, while we have at one end of the line Johns Hopkins, Harvard, Yale and Cornell, there are at the other end many boasting of the name of universities, which can not take rank as good academies."

In speaking of the methods of education, Mr. Howe said: "We shall continue to have three classes of people—those whose knowledge of the common branches enables them to do business, enter good society, to enjoy periodical and popular literature; those whose knowledge of ancient and modern languages and literature;

Special to The Indianapolis News. Jeffersonville, Ind., December 27.-As

Three Boys Injured.

esult of carelessness in handling fireworks on Christmas, Spencer Wyatt, James Hendron and Johnnie Kehoe, three boys about fourteen years old respectively, are suffering from injuries received by explosions, etc. Young Wyatt was shot by a 22-caliber revolver, which he was firing, while the two other boys were badly injured by the explosion of a toy cannon, which had been overcharged. They will

AFFAIRS OF THE TOWNSHIPS

enjoy the companions of the wise am good men of all ages and lands, to appreciate the results in some departments of scien-tific investigation or historical research and, finally, those people whose special training qualifies them to discover and interpret new truths within some choser

Training of the Classes. "To make scholars of the first class is

the business of the school, to make schol

ars of the second class and to discover and

Language and Literature

study of languages in the public schools. He said: "It is not necessary, I am sure,

to introduce my subject before this as-

sembly of scholars and educators, by

long argument on the desirability and ne

cessity of the study of languages and literature; our daily experience as teachers.

as students, as citizens has long since shown us not only that a thorough mas-

the student in any branch of human

knowledge finds himself continually ham-

pered and handicapped where his ignor-

ance of a foreign idiom keeps him from access to the contributions and results of

workers in other lands. So much from the point of view of practical applicability and usefulness. But also from the higher edu-cational standpoint where mental dis-cipline is considered, there can no longer

was the inability of the schools to get

competent teachers. Later on he said:

its storm and stress period. There is no

may soon refrain from indulging in edu-

cational antics. In defense of the theory

that all studies are of equal educational value, and since dressmaking and cook-ing are very useful and worth knowing, why should we not teach them as well as

with educational authorities and in every way try to bring about some concerted action throughout the State in the di-rection of improvement. The members of that committee will try to do their duty, and it fell to my share to speak

duty, and it fell to my share to speak before this association on the subject. The standard of all our college departments would be easily and promptly raised if our language departments could begin about where they now must stop." The paper created some discussion, which was cut short by President Cubberley, on account of the lateness of the hour. The last paper of the morning was "A Comparison of Ancient and Modern Methods of Mathematical Teaching," by Prof. A. C. Hathaway, of Rose Polytetchnic.

Basis of Agreement.

At the conclusion of the papers and the discussion, President Cubberley appointed

committee of three members to confer

with the High School section and the

State Board of Education as to the best

means of bringing the high schools and the colleges to a basis of agreement as to

studies required. The committee was composed of Presidents Mill, Earlham; Burroughs, Wabash, and Scott, Franklin. President Stott, of Franklin offered a resolution expressing disapproval of intercollegiate games on Decoration Day and Thankestyling. Day The resolution was

Thanksgiving Day. The resolution was referred to the college presidents for such action as they deemed necessary. The fol-

The Hanover College Meeting

The meeting of the Hanover students lumni and friends at the Denison Hote

this evening will terminate in a banquet

Divorce Suits.

Isaac Jaffe has sued for a divorce from

lived together as man and wife on ac

count of a sudden dislike which the de

fendant took to the plaintiff immediately

Samantha O. Dean sued for a divorce from Joseph J. Dean, alleging that the defendant has a violent temper, has repeatedly struck her and maltreated her (the plaintiff), and that when angry has cruelly whipped their eldest child. The plaintiff asks for the custody of the three children.

The second paper was on "The Study of

Terms - Another Favoring Payment of Expenses-Road Work and the Supervisors.

to train the chosen few, who constitut the third class, into the full possession o The attendance of the township trustees productive powers is the business of th being too large for any room that could be The consensus of opinion secured in the State House, to-day's sessions were held in the hall of the Cleveland Club in West Washington street. Prethat the primary aim of the college shoul ceding the regular routine of business, Superintendent of Public Instruction Geeting, spoke of the transfer of school the period of time allotted to the period of preparation for life work. It is not to attempt the training of the specialist, but t children and explained the new law. He furnish the broad foundation of culture upon which, later, specialization may rest." said there was only one good reason for such transfer, and that was in order to cure better accommodations for Professor Howe discussed at some length the trustee. Whether the child may not like the teacher does not coun as a reason for transfer. When appeal is out of existence, as the universities be hade to the county superintendent, his decame more and more in favor of adding cision is final. They can not go to the courts. Distance from a school may be college branch to their curriculum. He ar-gued that the colleges should not attempt gued that the colleges should not attempt to do work that they are not prepared to do, but should leave it for the university to take up.

The discussion on the paper was opened by Prof. D. W. Dennis, of Earlham, who said that there must be conflict and hostillir between the conflict and hostillir between the conflict and the colleges. taken into account as a reason for transfer. Transfers are to be reported to the county auditor, by the county superintendent. Orphan children must be enumerated at the orphan asylums, as these are

their legal homes. e six years old before the 1st of May, is to be enumerated. of Lafayette, offered oragging about having one of the ver eest educational systems, while as a fac ssociation that a committee be appointed t had one of the poorest. He said: association that a committee be appointed to draft a resolution, in conjunction with the assessors, in reference to the time of taking office, and that this committee be given power to act."

The following trustees were about 1. cape, it is an ill favored thing, sirs, but mine own." He said that in Germany the course of education was laid down by the government, and was the best for every constant of the course of the said that in the course of education was laid down by the government, and was the best for every constant of the course of the cour erybody concerned; in this country the course was dictated by the sovereign peo-

The following trustees were chosen for the committee: B. K. Kramer. Lafayette; George Bishop, Richmond; Robert M. Johnson, Logansport; H. M. Griswold, Terre Haute; W. E. Malls, Evansville. The chairman announced the following ple, who very often chose wrongly.

The discussion was one of the best elicited during the present session. Presidents Butler, Fisher and Swain, of Butler, Hanover and Indiana University respectively, participated. s the executive committee for the endir as the Edward Trustees Kramer, Lafayette; lishop, Richmond; Schmetzer, Ft. Wayne; Mails, Evansville; Lyon, Coutts. Want Their Expenses Paid.

Language and Literature in the High Schools of Indiana and Other States," by Trustee Johnson, of Fowler, moved that be given as the sense of the association Prof. Gustaf E. Karsten, Indiana University. Professor Karsten is a member that the county commissioners allow to each trustee attending this meeting his of the committee of ten appointed by the necessary expenses.
The motion carried. Trustee Johnson American Philological Society to urge the of Dearborn county, moved that a copy of this action be sent to each board of ounty commissioners in the State. This

motion also carried. motion also carried.

Trustee John R. Jones, of Argus, read a paper on "Road Work and Management of Supervisors." Mr. Jones was of opinion there should be some changes in the present law; that it would be best to ask for modifications without overturning the general plan. His observation had convinced him that one of the most urgent changes from the present plan is the amendment of the law which provides that certain taxes may be worked out upon the tery of the mother tongue is a prime requisite of a good education, but also that amendment of the law which provides that certain taxes may be worked out upon the highways. He would have the law changed so as to require the payment of all property taxes for road purposes in money. The funds so produced should be distributed to the trustees and applied upon road work, according to their discretion. He would abolish the office of road supervisor and empower the trustee to tion. He would abolish the office of road supervisor and empower the trustee to employ hands and foremen. He gave it as a matter of common observation that the most indifferent work men ever do is done when working out taxes on the roads. Most men try only to put in the time-eight hours a day. This time is put in, the tax is paid, but the work is not done. In his part of the State, he remarked, the industry of contracting with railroad and other heavy tax-paying congrations to work out their road taxes has sprung up, and it is proving profitable to both contractor and corpration. Such tax-payers find that in this way they can pay-a dollar of tax for about 60 cents.

Syndicates of Contractors. In the discussion which followed, it cropped out that syndicates of contractors have been formed who hire men to work out the road tax of railroads, and that such contractors are making a deal of money in this way. Trustee Williams, of Clinton

commended the paper. He was of the opinion that the man who usually wanted He discussed at some length the needs of the preparatory schools in regard to languages, and said that one reason for the place of supervisor was not the man the lack of languages taught in school who should have it. who should have it.

Trustee Leibole, of Walkerton, told of
the trouble he flad to shake off railroad
agents, who wanted to do the road
work. His idea was to attend to such
work himself the trouble he had to shake off railroad agents, who wanted to do the road work. His idea was to attend to such work himself.

Trustee Lenburg, of Porter county, said he was not in favor of the present system, though he believed the supervisors were all right. He was of opinon that the money should be collected from the railroads and others and be paid out by the trustees. 'Our educational system is apparently in lack of originality, but in the interests of our children it is to be hoped that we

ustees. Another trustee was opposed to asking a tax in money from the people when they could work their tax\out upon the road. He was opposed to asking the was opposed to having money put into the hands of one man, who would thus have it in his power to pay it out to his why should we not teach them as well as any of the others? Even cooking is a very useful thing. It certainly has a broadening effect upon man."

In conclusion, he said: "You may ask why I present this matter before this association; why not rather before the teachers of the State or the superintendents of the schools, and especially before the school board? My answer is, That all this, indeed, should be done. The Philological Society of Indiana, at its last meeting, appointed a committee whose duty if will be to investigate the condition of affairs in regard to language instruction in Indiana and make suggestions for its improvement, to confer with educational authorities and in every way try to bring about some concerted Trustee Alexander, of Knox county, gave

his experience with a contractor who wanted to work out the tax for a rallroad corporation, which would pay 70 cents on the dollar to have the work done.

Trustee Clark, of Marion county, was opposed to making farmers pay in cash instead of working out their tax, while wheat was 60 cents a bushel and corn only 20 cents. He was opposed to taxing a whole township to build neighborhood

Trustee Whistler, of Howard spoke of the heartiness with which farm-ers in his township had worked together and given time and teams to haul 3,000 Trustee Row, of Clay county, was of the opinion that a system applicable in one ewnship is not so in others, unless mod-

ified to suit local conditions.

Trustee Caldwell, of Pulaski county, said the railroads had "played it" on him this fall, but they could not do so again. He would give them the proper notice to work out their tax, and if they did not do it at the right time, they should pay in cash.

Trustee Houk, of Lake county, said he had been approached by a man who demanded the contract for working out read tax for a certain amount, and as much as said there was something in it for the trustee. The would-be contractor was told that the railroad tax must be worked out as honestly as a farmer would worked out as honestly as a farmer would work out the tax, and if it were not, the tax must be paid in money.

Afternoon Session. A considerable part of the afternoon session was given to the discussion of a paper read by B. K. Kramer, of Lafayette, on "The Method of Reporting Help for the Poor." L. P. Newby, of Henry county, legal advisor of the association and author of the act regulating the reporting by township

trustees of cases applying for aid, explained that the act was merely initiative and that it was for the association to suggest changes and amend-

action as they deemed necessary. The following officers were elected for the ensuling year. President, Scot Butler, Butler; vice-president, L. J. Aldrich, Union Christian; secretary, A. S. Hathaway, Rose Polytechnic; treasurer, W. E. Henry, Franklin. It was not decided when the next meeting should be held, or where. ments to be acted upon by the next Legislature.

A resolution offered by Trustee Pershing and signed by half a dozen members of the association showed a large amount of bad temper existing toward the teachers' association of Indian. The resolution of the association of the second communication and the sec ers' association of Indiana. The resolu-tion called for a vote of censure against the teachers "for the manner in which they have treated the trustees' associa-tion in asking that each trustee pay to them the sum of 50 cents in order to get this evening will terminate in a banquet at 7 o'clook. The recent endowment of the scientific department has caused much satisfaction among the friends of the college, and to-night's affair will be in the nature of a jubilation. their certificate signed" (for reduction in railroad fare.) The resolution was laid lary Jaffe, alleging that they have never

A NEW FIRE ENGINE.

ontract Closed For One - Concern ing the Burial of Wires.

The Board of Public Safety this morn ng closed a contract with the American Steam Fire Engine Company, of Cincinnati, for an Ahrens engine of the larges size. The price is \$5,000, and the machine is to be delivered in sixty days. The card decided to designate the length of service of policemen. They will wear stripe on the arm for every five years of continuous service. The board did not locate any additional engine-houses, and told a committee from Woodside that the subject would be considered when the question of distributing fire supplies was decided upon. Charles Yount, an ex-pliceman, was granted police powers to the Cleveland Club Hall.

Board of Public Works. The Board of Public Works this morning allowed the Indianapolis Water Company

\$20,296.56 and the electric light company over a thousand dollars. The Western over a thousand dollars. The Western Union and Postal Telegraph Companies were notified that the Central Union Telephone Company was about ready to submit a proposition to bury its wires and the board wanted to know if they wanted to join in the same kind of a proposition.

Mr. Moore thought there was considerable dishwater in a letter like that, when there is a law requiring all wires to go under ground, and said the board should insist on the law being enforced.

ACADEMY OF SCIENCE.

Subjects Discussed at the Eleventh Annual Meeting.

nual meeting of the Indiana Academy of Science began this morning in the State Agriculture. The academy is a State institution, not connected with the Teachers' Association, but so many of its members being instructors, the date of meet ing is made at this time for their con sens interested in science present who ident Amos W. Butler, of Brookville. It was announced that the results of th Turkey lake survey would be made th special order for the Saturday morning program. Treasurer W. P. Shannon submitted his report, after which the usua committees were appointed.

The first paper, was presented-by C. E. Newlin, of Irvington, on "Unconscious Mertal Cerebration." The speaker thought more attention should be paul to training the mind into a plan of thinking, rather than making an effort to attain definite results. He spoke of the markedical work of bank tellors and bill methodical work of bank tellers and bil elerks, who experience mental fatigu-only to the extent of the knowledge o what they have done. Interesting in stances were given of unconscious menta

stances were given of unconscious mental action.
Guido Bell, M. D., of Indianapolis, read a paper on "Human Physiology in its Relation to Biology." Dr. Bell said: "I will demonstrate that science of medicine is not well hinged to its premises, and that it is deficient theoretically and unsatistics." It is dencient theoretically and unsatis-factory in practice. The medical practi-tioner observes a wide gap in human physiology whenever he tries to apply abstract science to reality. Modern physi-ology ignores temperament and constitu-tion, and questions about transformation of chemical change into muscular force, tion, and questions about transformation of chemical change into muscular force, or nerve impulse are not explained. But whenever the physician is asked about the outcome of a serious sickness, he speaks of the constitution he has to rely upon. Temperament, constitution and vitality have either an old, vague definition, or their modernization is a failure. We investigate the products of life, but life itself is enshrined to us in mysteries; vitality is rigidly discarded.

"Our text books of human physiology itself is enshrined to us in mysteries, vitality is rigidly discarded.

"Our text books of human physiology speak much about gases in the lungs, blood and lymph, but not much of the producers of all these new substances, because exact science goes as far as physical laws allow experimental researches, and not farther. Our modern physiologists are physicists not touching life, but dwelling on the results of life. It is only a question of time that the mechanical concepton in physiology will be overthrown, and that the law of the conservation of energy will find its way into medical science. We will be taught, for instance, that muscles and nerves have so much wasting because chemical change is transformed there into muscular force or nerve impulse, and no substance can go or nerve impulse, and no substance can go through the same transformation anew. Bacteriology introduced into medicine by Pasteur not only proves the correctness of my views, but also gives the assurance of reform in human physiology."

Hog Cholera Prevention. Prof. D. W. Dennis, of Earlham College, spoke on "A Means of Preventing Hog Cholera." His remarks were based investigations made in treating the disease in Hamburg, Germany, and from experiments made by an Indiana farmer in giving his hogs only boiled water to drink. This simple remedy had a wondrink. This simple remedy had a wonderful effect, two hogs affected with cholera getting well, while his neighbors lost
theirs by the drove. Other instances
were given of a like wholesome effect
from this remedy. The purpose of the
paper, Professor Dennis said, was to try
and induce a hundred stock raisers all
the Indiana to try this experiment. The and induce a hundred stock raisers all over Indiana to try this experiment. The boiled water should be given from clean troughs to hogs excluded from all other water, and hot as the hogs will drink it. The animals are said to acquire an appetite for it and will not touch the rain

water in pools or streams.

The Hopkins Seaside Laboratory, at Pacific Grove, Cal., was described by Prof. B. M. Davis, of Butler College, who spent some time there last summer. The great variety of climate, many unexplored places, and the wealth of new farms makes the Pacific slope a rich field for the naturalist. This laboratory is fully equipped to facilitate in extending these researches. It is a part of the Leland Stanford University. Chinese and Portuequipped to facilitate in extending these researches. It is a part of the Leland Stanford University. Chinese and Portu-grese fishermen bring in new specimens greese fishermen bring in new specimens daily. The enrollment last summer was fifty students, including a large percentage of women. Among the species which can be studied here is the new woman, in bloomers and rubber boots, working in the early dawn in search of rare specimens from the ocean tide.

Prof. A. H. Purdue, of the Chicago University museum, gave a chart talk on "The Glacial and Eolian Sands of the froquois and Tippecanoe River Valleys." troquois and Tippecanoe River Valleys. He described the deposits of sand in a section of northwestern Indiana. On ridge, eighteen miles long, from Reynolds to Kentland, he thinks was probably, at one time, the shore line of Lake Michigan.

Professor Purdue also discussed the earthquakes of October 31. He had made nvestigations, paying especial attention to the Indiana natural gas field to see if

the great volumes of gas removed in re-ent years had anything to do with the listurbances. Reports indicated a shock disturbances. Reports indicated a shock in that field slightly more severe than in other parts, but not of a sufficient increase in intensity to justify the conclusion that gas had any part in it. "Some Minor Processes of Erosion" were given in a paper by Prof. J. G. Scoville, of Terre Haute. The smaller burrowing animals, earth worms, spiders, grasshoppers, beetles, ants and wasps were mentioned as minor agencies which break in the spid to be carried away by the rains

mentioned as minor agencies which break up the soil to be carried away by the rains of fall and spring.

Professor Scoville described the kettle holes at bake Maxinkuckee. There are found several of these holes three hundred to four hundred feet in diameter and from five to twenty-five feet deep. They are phenomena incident to the retreat of elacter ice. glacier ice.

John F. Newsom next explained the method of making a relief map of Nebraska by the plaster paris process.

V. T. Marsters, professor of geology in the State University, presented notes of his investigations on the fauna or animal forms to be found in the black

mal forms to be found in the black shales of Bartholomew and Jackson In the afternoon the academy met in the atternoon the academy met in two sections, one of which discussed physico-chemical subjects and the other subjects relating to biology.

The session for to-night has been placed at 7 o'clock, in order that members may be able to attend the other meetings. At that time President Butler will make his address, the subject being "Indiana— A Century of Changes in the Aspects of Nature." W. W. Pfrimmer, of Cory-

don, will read a new poem on "The Nat

Robinson, of Cleveland, Here Frank De Hasse Robinson, president of he Cleveland base-ball team, has been in the city since yesterday in conference with President Brush. Mr. Robinson de-circs to say just what his business is with the Indianapolis-Cincinnati mag-rate. Cleveland needs a third-baseman, and it is known that Mr. Robinson is in the market to secure a good man for that

Mrs. Robert Musser. Special to The Indianapolis News. Martinsville, Ind., December 27.-Mrs. Musser, wife of Robert Musser, trustee of Harrison township, was found dead in her bed this morning. She retired at the usual hour, after taking a dose of medi-cine, as she had been somewhat indis-posed for several days. She rested ap-parently well during the night.

SPECIAL OVERCOAT SALE For Saturday Only

will buy a Kersey, Melton or Chinchilla Overcoat, reduced from \$18, \$20, \$22 and \$25.

Come Early. BOYS'

None Reserved. OVERCOATS

takes choice of our \$15

Men's Overcoats.

All of our Boys' Overcoats at marked-down prices. We want to sell them.



Grand Result

PERSONAL AND SOCIAL.

Mrs. Hardcastle, of Chicago, is visit-ng her sister, Miss Julia Brown. Mrs. Charles Yohn, of New York, is siting her sister, Mrs. Kate Y. Vin-

edge. Miss Alice Murry is home from school in Ohio for the holidays. She will give a cance for a number of young people on Saturday evening, January 4. No paper will be read at the meeting of the Indianapolis Literary Club on next Monday evening. Instead of the usual reading there will be a memorial meeting, to take action regarding the recent deaths of members of the club.

of members of the club.

A number of Indianapolis people will go to Shelbyville to-morrow to attend a large reception which Judge and Mrs. Hackney will give in the afternoon and evening. The party will include Mr. and Mrs. John W. Kern, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Levey, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Taggart and Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Brown and guests, Mrs. Minear, of Greensburg, and Miss Mills, of Chillicothe, O.

A reception was given this afternoon

Mills, of Chillicothe, O.

A reception was given this afternoon by Mrs. Cortland Van Camp, at which about three hundred ladies were entertained. There were beautiful decorations of flowers in each of the rooms used. In the first parlor pink begonias and lilies were combined; in the second parlor were clusters of pink roses; in the library yellow roses and white hyacinths, and in the dining-room lilies and pink roses. The mantels in each room were banked The mantels in each room were banked with the flowers, and they were also afranged upon tables, cabinets and bookshelves. Mrs. Van Camp was assisted in receiving by her sister, Mrs. B. F. Riley, of Chicago. In entertaining and in serving she was assisted by Mrs. J. A. Milburn and guest, Mrs. Mix; Mrs. S. Herbert Collins, Mrs. Joseph K. Sharpe, Jr., Mrs. Augustus Coburn, Mrs. H. E. Drew, Mrs. V. T. Malott and daughters, Miss Jessie Miller, Miss Wasson, Miss Mary Foster, Miss Coburn, the Miss Dennys, Miss Corella Taylor, the Miss Erwins and Miss Bessie Patterson. Cameron's orchestra furnished music. A number of the guests brought visitors from out of town with them, the latter including Mrs. mantels in each room were bank own with them, the latter including Mrs.

town with them, the latter including Mrs. Charles Yohn, of New York.

A tea, for which about 200 invitations were issued, was given this afternoon by Mrs. W. R. Brown, at her home, 859 North Pennsylvania street. The hostess and her guests of honor, Mrs. E. R. Minear, of Greensburg, and Miss Rose Mills, of Chillicothe, O., received in the prefty drawing-room. This room is carpeted in red and the draperies are also red, so that the garlands of holly which had been put up were in harmony with the permanent color scene. At the further end was a round tea table, set in silver and china and lighted by scarlet candles in silver holders. Mrs. Brown wore a handsome green silk, trimmed with lace; Mrs. Minear a black velvet gown, with duchess lace, and Miss Mills a pink silk. Ices were served in the dining-room, which was also decorated in red. An embroidered lace cloth over red covered the table, scarlet candles and cute glass completing the appointments. Mrs. Brown's assistants were, in entertaining, Mrs. T. H. Noonan, Mrs. Louis Levey, Mrs. John W. Kern and Mrs. Thomas Taggart. At the tea table, Mrs. John L. Ketcham, Mrs. Hardcastle of Chicago, Miss Julia Brown and Mrs. Arthur B. Gröver, Mrs. E. S. R. Seguin, Mrs. William Fortune, Mrs. P. B. Raymond and Mrs. John W. Hamilton.

DAILY CITY STATISTICS.

DAILY CITY STATISTICS.

Death Returns. Orie Rhoney, Mapleton, colored, age two months, whooping cough.

Marie Lucas, 333 South Illinois, white, age selling at

Birth Returns.

John and Mary Schulmeyer, 783 North Alaama, girl. W. A. and Margaret Van Buren, 746 North labama, girl, George W. and Anna Lewis, 19 Spruce street, R. and Silvia Hovey, 252 Central avenue Christian and Julia Gerstner, 124 Davidson William and Jennie White, 86 Spann avenue,

Marriage Licenses. Philip Miller and Nellie Johnson.
Otto A. Stelert and Ida May Crane.
William Althauser and Lena Deck.
Thomas Wells and Gracie Smith.
John Lyons and Ellen King.
Charles P. Osborn and Denni Butler Robb. Real Estate Transfers.

onn W. Gibson to Mary A. Slauter, part lots 18 and 19, Peru & Indiana-polis Railroad Company's subdivision, outlots 43 and 44......

Total transfers, 6; consideration..... \$3,850 00 To Restrict Cigarette Sales. Councilman Clark is having prepared an ordinance to prohibit the sale of cigarettes to persons under the age of eighteen years. The penalty for a violation of the ordinance will be a fine.

One Hundred and Ten Lucky Numbers

Distribution

Our wagons are ready to deliver the presents on presentation of coupons at our office.

Christmas Furniture

America's Largest and Most Liberal Houseturnishers



No Postponement On Account of the Weather

This is winter! Don't put off buying clothing unless you wish to invite the grip.

Let us show you the Handsome Suits we are now

\$8, \$10, \$12 and \$15

We are confident that these are the best values you will find in Indiana.

EAGLE ORIGINAL 5 and 7 West Washington Street

REMOVAL SALE

Our Lease Is Sold **NEW YORK MISFIT**

We will vacate our present quarters on or about January 1, and until that time we will sacrifice every Garment in our house. We intend to cut our stock down as low as possible, so your price is ours.

COME EARLY EVERYTHING TO BE SOLD.

This sale means dollars and cents to you.

For \$8 we will sell a \$20 Tailor-made Suit or Overcoat.

For \$10 we will sell a \$20 Tailor-made Suit or Overcoat.

For \$12.50 we will sell a \$35 Tailor-made Suit or Overcoat.

For \$15 we will sell a \$35 Tailor-made Suit or Overcoat.

All-Wool Pants from \$2 to \$5, worth double.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U.S. Gov't Report

THE MARKETS ON FRIDAY.

QUOTATIONS ON WHEAT, CORN, OATS AND PROVISIONS.

Indianapolis and Chicago Live Stock -Speculative Notes and Brokers' Gossip - Local Jobbing Quotations.

There was a firm feeling in wheat today, sellers of yesterday being the buyers. In this they were encouraged by the report of twenty-four boat-loads taken for export at New York, and by the expectation that Minneapolis and Dubuth would ncrease but 1,000,000 bushels this week, against 2,500,000 bushels last week. This uld indicate but a very small increase

in the visible supply on Monday. Corn was duil. Smaller receipts and estimates, as the result of the miserable weather and had roads, held the market

Oats were inclined to weakness, but with no marked change.
Provisions, under light receipts of hogs, held moderately steady, though packers were reported moderate sellers.

City Hay Market. Wagon hay to-day is selling at \$14 to \$18 to; wagon corn 25c to 27c.

Brokers' Gossip. By S. C. Igoe & Co.'s Wire. New York, December 27 .- Leading brokers consider the reaction very slight, in view, of the pronounced improvement which preceded it, and the rather extensive realizing which yesterday's best prices induced. The truth is, however, the buying of stocks has again been much superior to the selling. The oldest brok-ers say that stronger buying than that which followed the Christmas holiday ras not been witnessed in many month buying which turned last week's panic so quickly into something like a bull market. It is, therefore, unnecessary to say that capitalist operators have not sold, and until there is evidence of and until there is evidence of such sold, and then the last the Washington interests, which bought so heavily Saturday and Monday last, conservative sentiment wil continue bullish, with pur-

chases advised on all concessions.

In explanation of the recent Washington buying, it is assumed that operators identified therewith have had advance information regarding the bond issue now at hand. These and other favorable features will, it is believed, offset such foreign influences as London selling and weakness of Americans in that market. which are expected to result in further

of Sugar was again bullish, but Gossip of Sugar was again builtsh, but the only explanation of the sharp rise in it was the scarcity of stock and the strong character of the buying. The decline in Texas Pacific bonds was the decline in Texas Facilit boths was due to the closing out of a loan, while the drop in Baltimore & Ohio seemed confirmatory of receivership rumors. Ladenburg, Thalman & Co. say: Lon-gon will sell here this morning, and any

pressure from this source is likely to cause liquidation of long stock, bought on recent decline. News from Washingon is such that it is really difficult an opinion as to what may be ex-d regarding bond issues. Only an saue of gold bonds, in our opinion, can reate a healthy upward movement for Myers & Co. say: The passage by the

mond A, 5.94c; confectioners A, 4.52c; c mond A, 5.94c; confectioners A, 4.52c; c lumbia A, 4.79c; 2 Windsor A, 4.79c; 3 Rid wood A, 4.79c; 4 Phoenix A, 4.73c; 5 Empire 4.56c; 6 Ideal ex. C, 4.66c; 7 Windsor ex 4.54c; 8 Ridgewood ex. C, 4.47c; 9 yellow ex. 4.41c; 10 yellow C, 4.35c; 11 yellow, 4.29c; yellow 3, 4.23c; 13 yellow 4, 4.16c; 14 yellow 4.10c. House of increased tariff and bond bill, which does not seem to meet the requirements, is in no sense a bull argument. The continued selling by foreigners in our market will certainly be accelerated by We believe we have had all the recovery

the market was entitled to. London: Prices much lower than our

Roasted Coffees—Packages Puritan, Lion, Arbuckle's XXXX, Jersey and Blended Java, 21%. Bulk, in 50-1b bags: Capitol, 21½c; Pilot. 21½c Bulk, in 50-1b bags: Capitol, 21½c; Pilot. 21½c; Dakota, 20c; Brazil, 19½c. 31½c; Pilot. 31½c; Pilo enough to answer the purpose for which they are compiled, and as given to the public by the daily press, are very de-ceptive. Instead of giving out the totals visible supply of grain in the United States, the compilers should announce that it is a report of some of the grain stored at eighteen American and

60c; 2 lb full weight, \$1.75@1.80; 2 lb light weight, \$1.20@1.30; peaches. standard, 3 lb. 18.58@2.00; seconds, 3 lb. \$1.35@1.50; ple. \$36 90c; pineapples, standard, 2 lb. \$1.25@1.75; seconds, 2 lb. \$1.00@1.10; string beans, 70c; salmon, 1 lb. \$1.40@1.80; pineapples, Bahama, \$2.50 @2.75; pease, sifted, \$1.50@1.75; early June, 62%c@21.25; marrow, \$5c; soaked, 70@80c; tomatoes, 2 lb. 75@90c; corn, sugar, \$5c@\$1.37%; apple butter, 2 lb. \$5c a dozen; 3 lb. \$2. Dried Fruits—Apples, sun-dried, 4c; currants, 31%@5c; citron, 15@16c; figs, 13%@46c; raisins, 100se, a box, \$1.59; raisins, Valencia, a lb. \$1.40%c; evaporated apricots, 91%@11%c; dates, 41%@8c; evaporated apricots, 91%@11%c; dates, 41%@8c; The Canadian points included are insignificant as points of accumulation when compared with Ft. William, Port Arthur, Winnipeg and Prescott, yet no effort has been made to have their stocks included. There are also a number of points on the American side which are of far more im-1/208c. Miscellaneous Groceries—New Orleans Mo Miscellaneous Groceries—New Orleans Mosses—Fair to prime, 35c; choice, 400-92. Slrups—Medium, 24@25c; choice, 35@45c; sorghum, 30c; corn strup, bbls, 17c gal.; half bbls, 19c gal. Vinegar—Malt, 40-grain test, 9@10c a gal. Beans—Hand-picked pease, \$1.50. Rice—Carolina, 56%4c; Japan, 4½-95c. Lake Sait—In car-loads, 88c; in small lots, 95c. starch—Pearl, 36%4c; champion gless, 1 and 3-lb packages, 4½-96c; corn, 1-lb packages, 5664c. Candy—Stick, 6c lb; common mixed, 6c. New Pickles—2, 400 in barrels, \$4.60; 1,200 in barrels, \$4.60; 1,200 in barrels, \$2.50; 600 in half-barrels, \$2.50; 600 in half-barrels, \$2.50; 600 in half-barrels, \$2.50. Gottment—Barrels, \$4.75. Rolled Oats—Barrels, \$3.25. portance as accumulative grain centers portance as accumulative grain centers than some of those which are included. Why markets like Erie, Pittsburg, Cleveland, Louisville, Newport News, Richmond, Nashville, St. Louis, Galveston, Omaha, Denver and Ogdensburg have been denied admission to the sacred pale has never been satisfactorily explained.

The old claim that the admission of these markets and the private elevators would destroy the comparative value of the re-

markets and the private elevators would destroy the comparative value of the reports is all bosh, for everyone who knows anything regarding the grain business knows that the capacities of the houses included in the report are continually being increased as well as the number of elevators. The aggregate capacity of the public elevators at Chicago have been inublic elevators at Chicago have been in-reased nearly 6,000,000 bushels during the creased nearly 6,000,000 business at last fifteen months, which of itself is snough to destroy the comparative value of the reports in which the conservatives ake much pride.
At one time it was suggested that the

At one time it was suggested that the tooks in private elevators be given in a supplementary report, so as to overcome the objection of those who were so vigorously opposing the improvement of the reports, but this suited them no better. If the expense of compiling these reports were defrayed by all the commercial expense of country, the two now dechanges of the country, the two now de-ing the work would probably raise no ob-jection to the broadening of the reports as is desired by the trade.

Uniform System of Reports. The National Live Stock Exchange respectfully represent that it is their opinion that one of the frequent causes for depression in our industry is largely due to the indiscriminate way in which ship-ments are made to the four prominent live stock markets in the West, viz: Chicago, St. Louis, Omaha and Kansas City There are no less than twenty-one States sounces, 30 inches, 9½c; Savage, 10 ounces, 35 inches, 11½c.

Shirtings, Checks and Cheviots—Amoskeag, 7½c; Economy, 6½c; New South, 7c; Rotunda, 6c; Riverside, 6c; Tuxedo, 5½c; Otis, 6½c; Amoskeag plaid cheviots, 8c; Amoskeag stripe cheviots, 8c; Edinburg, 7½c; Everett Chambray stripes, 8c.

Brown Cottons—Atlantic A., 36 inches, 6½c; Atlantic H., 25 inches, 6c; Atlantic P., 36 inches, 5c; Atlantic LL, 25 inches, 5c; American Mills, 36 inches, 4½c; Armory shirtings, 36 inches, 6½c; Constitution, 35 inches, 6c; Constitution, 35 inches, 5½c; Constitution, 36 inches, 6½c; Constitution, 35 inches, 5½c; Boot C, 26 inches, 4½c; Boot FF, 35 inches, 6c; Badger LL, 25 inches, 5c; Citerion, 35 inches, 5c; Badger LL, 25 inches, 5c; Household Superior, 36 inches, 5c; Citerion, 36 inches, 5c; Citerion, 36 inches, 5c; Citerion, 36 inches, 5c; Citerion, 36 inches, 5c; Statue Liberty, 20 inches, 5½c; Pepperell, 9-4, 16c; Utica, 14-4, 22½c.

Debter Albor, fonce, 5c; American Indigo, Debter Albor, fonce, 5c; American Indigo, Others, American Indi directly interested in shipping live stock to one or more of said markets, and, owing to the vast number of producers engaged in the industry and the widely extended territory over which they are distributed, it is practically impossible for them to avoid glutting the market from time to time. In our opinion national legislation is required to inform the shippers of live stock as to daily shipments from all of the twenty-one States referred to, which will indicate the number of cattle, sheep and hogs that are in transit to different markets from day to day. In our judgment it is very essential to have a correct record of the available supply and probable demand of live stock, according to age and sex, in order to form an intelligent opinion as to the value of the same. We believe the establishment of State bureaus for the information and statistics would be of incalculable value to the producers of live stock in the United States, but we are doubtful if united action on the part of each State can be had, and, unless all unite on a system, there would be no practical good result. We therefore pray that Congress appropriate sufficient money to introduce this improvement for conducting the live stock business of our country under the auspices of the Department of Agriculture. The necessity of some improved method of informing shippers in the interior of the quantity of live stock in and in transit to the four prominent stock yards of the West, which, in fact, now handle and the shippers of live stock as to daily ship-Provisions.

The following is Kingan & Co.'s price list:
Sugar-Cured Hams—'Reliable,' 18 to 20 lbs
average, 95c; 12 to 15 lbs, 10910%c for 'Relable'; 94,60%c for 'Thdiana'; block hams,
10%c for 'Reliable''; 9½ for 'Indiana.'
Breakfast Bacon—Clear, English-cured 'Reliable,' 10c; Morgan & Gray, 9c; 'Peerless,'
9c; Porter, 7 to 8 lbs, 8½c; 10 to 12 lbs, 7½c;
6 lbs, 7½c.
Bacon—Clear sides, about 50 lbs average, 6½c;
clear sides, 20 to 40 lbs average, 6½c; clear to the four prominent stock yards of the West, which, in fact, now handle and receive the entire product of our Western States, is so very clear that it requires very little argument to prove it.

Portland Commercial Review.

The local market has been quite active; the has been more wheat received here in for some time past; offerings have in fores, and some large sales have in consummated. Though some holders the past few weeks have been reved in their offers and while satisfied in a survey of the world's market; the local exporters pay fully all the marwill stand, yet having confidence there must in time be a reaction in ir favor, seemed to hold as long as youn finance their holdings, and it at he beconceded that the bulk of wheat halling in some sections of the North
The libs average, 64c; clear belies, 18 to 16 his average, 64c; clear belies, 18 to 22 his average, 64c; clear belies, 18 to 16 his average, 64c; clear belies, 18 to 22 his average, 64c; clear belies, 18 to 21 his average, 64c; clear belies, 18 to 22 his average, 64c; cl The local market has been quite active; there has been more wheat received here than for some time past; offerings have been freer, and some large sales have been consummated. Though some holders for the past few weeks have been re-served in their offers and while satisfied from a survey of the world's markets that local exporters pay fully all the mar-

pelled to sell to avoid accumulating age charges, and offers will be freer

By W. B. Overman's Wire. Minneapolis wires as follows: Farmers

Minneapons wires as follows. Fainlets deliveries are almost nothing, and our agents claim that those who still have wheat will not sell at present prices. It looks as if our millers will either have to pay about May price to attract wheat from country elevators, or take it out of store here.

January 1 last year, thus making the

stocks, including 69,000,000 bushels in the visible and 25,000,000 available, but not in

ncsota 93,000,000 bushels, against 56,000,00

receipts of hogs due to bad roads.

days are on.

The flour output from Minneapolis, Du-

uth and Milwaukee for the week ending

December 21 was 353,000 barrels, against 121,000 same week last year. This week there will be a sharp falling off.

No cables to-day, as the English holi-

Primary Markets.

Primary market receipts of wheat were 622,000 bushels, against 241,000 bushels the corresponding day of last year.

Minneapolis received 251 cars of wheat and Duluth 219 cars, a total of 430 cars, against 217 cars the corresponding day of last year.

last year. St. Louis: Receipts—Wheat, 37,000 bush

els; corn, 44,000 bushels; oats, 29,000 bush

els; corn, 44,000 bushels; oats, 29,000 bushels; els. Shipments—Wheat, 34,400 bushels; corn, 12,000 bushels; oats, 19,000 bushels. Chicago: Receipts—Wheat, 126,850 bush-els; corn, 310,764 bushels; oats, 542,537 bushels. Shipments—Wheat, 68,458 bush-els; corn, 209,717 bushels; oats, 241,381

Estimated receipts at Chicago Saturday

Wheat, 101 cars; corn, 165 cars; oats, 110 cars; hogs, 15,000 head.

Omaha received 2,000 hogs and Kansas City 4,000 hogs.
Exports of wheat and flour were: Wheat, 87,000 bushels; flour, 55,000 packages, equivalent to 286,000 bushels of wheat; corn, 413,000 bushels.

CITY WHOLESALE QUOTATIONS.

Current Quotations On Various Com-

Tô-day's Indianapolis prices on sugar are as follows: Cut loaf, 5.66c; dominoes, 5.66c; crushed, 5.66c; powdered, 5.29c; granulated, 5.04c; coarse granulated, 5.16c; tine granulated, 5.04c; extra fine granulated, 5.16c; cubes, 5.29c; XXXX powdered, 5.41c; mold A, 5.29c; diament of the confections of the confections of the confections.

Roasted Coffees-Packages Puritan, Lion

Hec. Brown Drill—Boot A, 30 Inches, 614c; Dar-Ington, 30 Inches, 614c; Crescent A, 714c; Dwight, 36 Inches, No. 250, 9c; Mohawk, 30

Provisions

store here. Chicago: There seem to be fewer buyin orders in oats than for some time. Many of heaviest short lines have been covered. Trading in corn so far is mostly against privileges. Calls sold at 27½ c for May. The weather forecast for next thirty-six edium. 18½c. English-Cured Shoulders - 12 lbs average. ours is for clear, warmer weather in Illi ols. Indiana, Michigan and Kansas; r weather Saturday is promised for Da-kotas, Montana and Wyoming.

Homan says: The amount of wheat now

Kettle Lard-7c; pure lard, 6%c. Fresh Loins-7c; sausage, 6%c.

Lemons—\$3.75@4.90. Oranges—Californias, \$5.50 box; Mexicans, \$5 Bananas-Single bunches, No. 1, \$1.00@2.00; Apples—Bulk stock, \$2 a barrel; Belifieurs, \$4.50 a barrel.

visible and 25,000,000 available, but not included in the visible or invisible reserves, 229,000,000 bushels. Of this total, the six principal producing winter-wheat States east of the Rocky mountains hold 50,000,000 bushels, against 70,000,000 bushels last January. The Pacific coast has a reserve of 23,000,000 bushels, against 26,000,000 bushels a year ago, and the Dakotas and Mincrotta 30,000,000 bushels, against 56,000,000 bushels, against 56,000,000 Celery-25@40c a bunch.
Grapes-\$11 per 100 pony baskets Catawbas.
Onlons-Yellow and red, \$1.25@1.50 a barrel.
Persimmons-\$1.55 a 24-pint case.
New Honey-17@18c.
Sweet Potatoes-Illinois sweets, \$2.00 bbl;
presys, \$4.50@4.75.
Duffy's Cider-30-gallon bbls, \$4; half-bbls, bushels on January 1 last year. Home requirements up to next July, under nor-mal conditions, will approximate 162,000,000 bushels, leaving a surplus of 167,000,000 bushels. Should stocks in all positions Hickory Nuts-Shellbarks, rs. 75c a bushel. Pineapples-\$2 a dozen. next July remain about the same as on the 1st of July, 1895, 70,000,000 bushels could be exported during the next six months, as against 60,000,000 bushels exported during the past six months.

Provisions dull and rather heavy. Light receipts of hogs due to had roads

Leading Drugs and Oils. Lending Drugs and Olls.

Arbolic acid, 22@28c. Alum, 3@4c. Asafet1, 35@49c. Borax, 10c. Bromide of potash,
148c. Camphor, 65@70c. Chloroform, 69@6c.
10m, gum, \$2.00@2.10 a lb; powdered, \$2.75%
0 a lb. Subnitrate of bismuth, \$1.25 a lb.
10honida, 12@15c. Iodide of potash, \$2.909.
1. Quinine, P. & W.'s, 35@40c an ounce;
1. man, 32@37c. Morphine, \$1.55@2.90. Co10c. \$1.0005.25. Quinine P. & W.'s, 35@40c an ounce; 32@37c. Morphine, \$1.55@2.90. Co-e. \$5.00@5.25. carb soda, 3@5c. Epsom salts, 4@5c. Salt-r, 8@6c. Resin, a barrel of 200 lbs, \$2.50@ astor oil, 96c@\$1.00. Lard oil, ex., No. 1,

Clover-Buying prices: Red, \$3.40@3.65. Sell-g prices: At about 50c advance. l'imothy—Selling prices: \$2.20. Blue Grass—Fancy, \$1.00; English blue grass,

Orchard Grass-\$1.40@1.50. Alfalfa-\$4.50. Crimson Clover American Seed-Selling price: \$2.50@4.00. Butter, Eggs and Poultry.

Shippers' buying prices:
Butter—4@7c; good, 10@12c.
Eggs—Shippers paying 18c, candled.
Live Poultry—Hens, 5½c; spring chickens,
½c pound; cocks, 3c; turkey hens, 7c; youngurkeys, over 8 18s, 6½c; tems, 5c; ducks, 6c
ecse, full-feathered, \$4.80 a dozen.

Dressed Meats. Beef Carcasses—Native steers, ton, 61/2074c; native steers, 61/207c; medium steers, 51/206c; medium heifers, 51/206c; common, 41/205c; hind-quarters, tops, 92/10c; medium, 8681/2c; common, 7/2071/2c; forequarters, tops, 41/2c; medium, 31/204c; common, 3c.

Veal—94/31/2c. Mutton-616@7c.

Tinners' Supplies.

Best brand charcoal tin, IC, 10x14, 14x20, 12x 12, \$5,50\(\frac{1}{2}6.0 \); IX, 10x14, 14x20, 12x12, \$7,00\(\frac{1}{2}7.0 \); Orollag tin, \$4,50\(\frac{1}{2}6.0 \); C 20x28, \$9,00 \(\frac{1}{2}6.0 \); iolock tin, in pigs, 19c; in bars, 20c. 1ron—27 B iron, \$2,50; C iron, \$3,50; galvanized, 75 per cent, disjount. Sheet zinc, 5\(\frac{1}{2}6.0 \); C Copper bottoms, 21c. Pianished copper, 20c. Soider, 11\(\frac{1}{2}12.0 \). Hides and Tallow.

Local buyers are now paying:
No. 1 green salted hides, 5½c; No. 2 green salted hides, 5½c; No. 1 green hides, 4c; No. 2 green salted caif, 6%c; No. 2 green salted caif, 6%c; No. 2 green salted caif, 5½c; No. 1 tallow, 3½c; Leather.

Oak sole, 28@52c; hemlock sole, 22@28c lb; narness, 28@38c; skirting, 38@40c a lb; city dip, 65@85c; French kip. 76@61.05; city calf skin, 35@68.10; French calf skin, \$1.00@1.85. Jobbing Prices of Flour. Indianapolis jobbing prices for flour: Low grades, \$2.50@2.75 bbl; family, \$3.00@2.50 bbl; straight grades, \$4.25@4.50 bbl; whiter patents, \$4.75@5.26 bbl; spring patents, \$4.50@5.50 bbl.

Wool.

The following prices are for wagon lots:
Medium, unwashed, 14c; fine merino, tashed, 10@12c; choice, tub-washed, 20@23c.

THE LIVE STOCK MARKET. Cattle Moderately Active — Hogs In Good Demand—Lambs Higher. Irdianapolis Union Stock Yards, Dec. 27. Cattle Receipts 500 head. Shipments 300 head. The cattle market was only moderately active, but the good kinds

old usually at strong to a shade higher Export and shipping cattle we quote:
Fat, well finished, dry-fed
steers, 1,400 lbs. and upward...\$ 4 00@ 4 25'
Good to choice shipping and ex-3 25@ 3 50 steers.... Common to fair steers.... Good to choice feeding steers... 3 25@ Fair to medium feeding steers... 2 99@ Fair to medium feeding steers. 2 5769 3 15 Common light heifers 2 500 2 75 Condon light heifers 2 500 2 85 Common light heifers 2 500 2 85 Common light heifers 2 500 2 2 85 Common light heifers 2 500 2 2 85 Common light heifers 2 500 2 2 85 Condon light heifers 2 800 2 2 85 Con Fair to medium cows..... mmon old cows Veal calves.....

Bleached Cottons—Androscoggin L, 36 inches, 7½c; Blackstone, 26 inches, 7½c; Calot, 26 inches, 6½c; Dwight Archor, 45 inches, 5½c; Calot, 26 inches, 6½c; Dwight Archor, 45 inches, 5½c; Clover, 26 inches, 5½c; Dwight Anchor, 5-4. 11c; Diamond Fleid, 36 inches, 6c; Farwell, 42 inches, 7½c; Farwell, 45 inches, 8; Frui', 35 inches, 8½c; First Call, 36 inches, 5½c; Glendale, XX, 36 inches, 5c; Harvest E, 36 inches, 6; Hill, 36 inches, 8½c; New Yera Mills, 36 inches, 8½c; New Yera Mills, 36 inches, 10½c; Lonsdale Cambric, No. 2, 9c; Pepperell, 5-4, 47c; Pepperell, 9-4, 19c; Pepperell, 10-4, 21c; Sea Island, No. 1, 36 inches, 7½c; Sea Island, No. 2, 7c; Sea Island, No. 3, 36 inches, 6½c; Utica, 9-4, 22½c; Utica, 10-4, 25c. Good to choice buttener buils 2 2 50 Common to fair buils ... 1 500 2 15 Good to choice cows and calves 25 00@35 00 Common to medium cows and calves ... 10 00@20 00 Hogs—Receipts 3,500 head. Shipments 36 inches, 6½c; Utica, 9-4, 22½c; Utica, 10-4, 25c; Ginghams — Amoskeag, 5½c; Bates, 5¼c; Evrett classics, 5½c; Johnson's Sca Island, 10c; Johnson's Imperial, 8½c; Lancaster, 5½c; Normandle dress styles, 5½c; Manchester staples, 4½c; Park Hill zephyr, 10½c; Toil du Nord, 8½c; Warwick, 5½c.
Colcred Cambrics—Edwards, 4c; Slater, 4c; Genessee, 4c; Concords, 3¾c; Warren, 3¾c.
Sllesia—Lonsdale, No. 1, 20c; English AA, 12½c; English A, 10c; English B, 8c; Argus, 12½c; English A, 10c; English B, 8c; Argus, 12½c; English A, 10c; English B, 8c; Argus, 12½c; Utorry O, 5½c.
Tickings — Amoskeag ACA, 11½c; Cordis ACE, 11½c; Conestora BF, 12½c; Cortestora FE, 11½c; Hamilton stout awning, 9½c; Lenox fancy, bookfold, 18c; Diamond, bookfold, 12½c; Oakland AF, 5½c; Lewiston, 25 inches, 12½c; Lenox XK, 18c; Thorndyke D, 8c.
Cotton Duck, Tallassee, 7 ounces, 30 inches, 8½c; Savage, 8 ounces, 30 inches, 9½c; Savage, 8 ounces, 30 inches, 9½c; Savage, 8 ounces, 30 inches, 9½c; Savage, 8 finches, 11½c.
Shirtings, Checks and Cheviots—Amoskear. ,500 head. The hog market, on shipping eccunt, was active, and prices were 21/20 to 5c higher. Packers were midifferent, but a good clearance was made, and the close was steady. We quote:
Good to choice medium and Good to choice lightweights..... oughs. cod to choice lambs

cr. mon sheep.... Chicago Live Stock Market. Chicago, December 27.—Hogs—Receipts 000 head; left over 3,000 head; market cirly active and 5600c higher; light 83.40 head; active and 5600c higher; 1801 5.70 26. mixed \$3.4063.65, heavy \$3.4063.85, rough \$3.40@3.45.
Cattle-Receipts 3.500 head; market stealy at yesterday's closing; beeves \$3.10 @4.60, cows and helfers \$1.50@3.70, Texas steers \$2.70@3.50, stockers and feeders \$2.30 @3.50. Sheep-Receipts 8,000 head; market steady.
Chicago, December 27.—Hogs—Official receipts yesterday 15.088 head; shipments 4.736 head. Cattle—14.630 head, snipments 4.311 head. Sheep—Receipts 373 head; Shipments 758 head; estimated receipts hogs to-morrow 15,000 head.

ommon to medium lambs...... 2 75@3

Grain and Provisions at Chicago By J. E. Perry, Room 16 Ind pls B'd of Trade, Open- High- Low-, ing. est. est. -Closing.-..... 57-14 5734 57 5756 5756 5838 5758 5814 May 18%-%-18%-% 18%-% 18%-% 18% Jan 8 55 8 55 8 45 8 45 8 50 May 8 87 8 87 8 80 8 80 8 85-Lard— Jan 4 25 4 25 4 22 4 22 May 4 47 4 47 4 45

EXc; short cuts, 10 to 13 lbs, 6c; short cuts. 6 timothy \$12.00@13.00, No. 1 prairie \$9.00@ MIGRATION OF THE AMISH.

to 9 lbs. 6 kg. .

Cottage hams, 5 kg. Skinned shoulders, 5 kg. Tenderloin, 1 kg. Spareribs, 5c. Trimmings, 5c. Hocks, 4 kg. Smail bones, 4c. Shoulder bones, 2 kg. Tail bones, 4c. Pigs' heads, 3 kg. Toried Beef Hams—Regular sets, 9 kg.; outsides, 7c; insides, 10 kg.; knuckles, 11 kg. New York, December 27.—Butter-Receipts 5,900 packages, steady; Western dairy 11/a19c, Western creamery 17/a25c, The Moore Packing Company's prices are: Hams=20 ibs average and over, 19c; 15 lbs average, 10½c; 10 lbs average, 11c; skinned, the skinned skinn Cheese-Receipts 4.791 pack 20(c21c, Southern 1942a20c, Sugar-Rav firm; fair refining 34c, centrifugal (96 de grees test) 35c; refined firm, crushed 53c Packs-20 lbs average, 7%c; 14 lbs average,

> Rve. Barley, Flax and Timothy. Chicago, December 27.—Barley—Cash and No. 3 21@37c, Rye—Cash 32½c, Jamuary 32c, May 36c bid. Flax Seed—Cash and Northwest 94c, January 92c, May 9634c. Timothy—Cash \$3.45, February \$3.50 bid, January \$3.45, March \$3.55 bid.

The Cincinnati Market. Cincinnati, December 27.—Flour—Quiet. Wheat—Dull at 64½c. Corn—Firmer at Quiet; sales 534 barrels at \$1.22.

STOCKS, MONEY AND BONDS. The Market a Little Lower - The

don prices, after the holidays, would respond to the improvement in this stock market. On the contrary, the quotations from that city showed 3d declines for Americans, extending to 1% per cent. in ouisville & Nashville. The weakness was partly attributed to realizing and to the unfavorable effect abroad of the passage of the new revenue bill. The loal market opened quiet and decidedly weak at material recessions in all of the leading shares. This condition was variously ascribed to the lower London quotations, expectation of fairly large old exports to-morrow and to the certainty regarding the terms of the pro-posed issue of Government bonds. Sugar fell away 1½ per cent., Louisville & Nash-ville 1%, Rock Island 1½, St. Paul 1½ and ville 1%, Cock Island 1½, St. Paul 1½ and Chicago Gas, Tennessee Coal and Leather

Chicago Gas, Tennessee Coar and Deather, preferred 1 per cent.

The business after 10:15 o'clock was rather meager, but a firmer tone was evident at 11 o'clock. Sugar rallied 1% per cent., Rock Island 1% and the list generalcent., Rock Island 1% and the list generally a fraction. Baltimore & Ohio was especially heavy, receding 2½ per cent. to 38. The denial by Judge Bischoff of the motion to continue the injunction restraining the reorganization committee of the Chicago Gas Company from proceeding Baltimore & Ohio was es-Chicago Gas Company from proceeding with the plan of consolidation led to a sharp demand for the shares, which ad-

sharp demand for the shares, which advanced 2½ per cent. to 67½.

A general recession occurred in share values in the succeeding hour, owing to the execution of realizing orders. Chicago Gas fell 1½ per cent., Sugar about a point, and the general list important fractions. Baltimore & Ohio made a further decline of 1½ per cent., making the net break 5% per cent. on the admitted poor financial condition of the company, and rumors of of 1½ per cent., making the net break by per cent. on the admitted poor financial condition of the company, and rumors of an impending issue of new second preferred stock. Lackawanna made a break of 6 per cent. to 159½ in the face of u statement made by President Sloan in anticipation of the meeting of the directors that the regular quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent, would be declared to-day. The market at midday was dull, with the dewnward movement still in progress. The sales to noon were 119,100 shares, including 84,000 listed and 34,700 unlisted. The sales to noon were 115,100 states, and cluding 84,000 listed and 34,700 unilisted. The market steadied soon after midday, and a general fractional rally ensued. Leather, preferred, was in fair demand, and touched 644, a rise of 2½ per cent. over the noon quotation.

Money.

Money on call was easy at 5@6 per cent. Prime mercantile paper nominally 6 per cent. Sterling exchange steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at 4890 48914 for demand and 488@48814 for sixty days; posted rates 488½@489 and 490½@491. Commercial bills 487. Silver certificates 66½@67; no sales. Bar silver 66½ Mexican dollars 521/4c. Bonds.

Government bonds steady. New 4s registered 1161/2, coupon 1161/2, 5s registered 12½, coupon 112½, 4s registered 109, oupon 110, 2s registered 96, Pacific 6s of

Quotations On Stocks. Reported by James E. Berry, Room 16 Indiananolis Roard of Trade

Open- High- Low-Canada Southern .. Cordage Dis. & C. F. Co. Leather pfd General Electric Jersey Central Lake Shore :
Manhattan Con
M.sscuri Pacific
Northwestern
Omaha
Pacific Mail ...
Reading 37 2634 2774 478 478 66 6776 10276 10356 6776 6874 287 2872 414 8615 8634 1534 1634 St. Paul Tennessee Coal Union Pacific ... Western Union . Wabash, pfd.

Balances Clearings In Other Cities. 16,924,323 15,578,967 11,030,801 Baltimore 3,147.571 2,440,448
New Orleans 2,317,935 2,254,166
Exchange on New York: Chicago sold at \$1 premium; St. Louis, 25c discount bid

Police Court Examination of Williams Continued-Before Coroner.

The examination of "Roxy" Williams, the street car conductor, who shot Joseph F. Farrell was continued in Police Court again this morning for a week, in order that the coroner may finish his inquest. 15. D. Artis, f Brightwood, told the coroner that he was standing at Hill avenue and Orange avenue Tuesday night, waiting for a car. Joseph Farrell came up, and, stepping into the street shoot, but did not know that the bullets had struck any one.
Charles Lowe, of 104 Cornell avenue, was on the car. He told of the fight that took place between Farrell and the conductor. Lowe said that after Farrell was put off the car and was warned by Williams to stay off, Farrell said: "I know your face and I'll fix you."
Another witness, named John Scott, has been found, who will testify about the same artis did

Browned In a Creek. Spencer, Ind., December 27 .- The dead ody of Allen Galespy was found in Mill creek, near Romona, yesterday. He was eventy-eight years old, and he has been missing from home since Tuesday last It is the supposition that while on his way to visit a neighbor he slipped and feil into the water and was unable to help himself.

Girls' Industrial School Christmas. The annual Christmas exercises of the Girls' Industrial School will take place at Tomlinson Hall, Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock. This school has 800 pupils and 125 teachers.

CITY PARAGRAPHS

Harry Lockwood and Charles Henry wer fined \$5 and costs in Police Court this morning for disturbing the Salvation Army.

The Rose Publishing Company, of this city, capital \$25,000, was incorporated to-day. It expects to issue and sell directories and adver-tising matter. The inoproporators are T. R. Rose, H. B. Wills and Thomas Wills. The members of the five commanderies Golden Cross in this city held a union meeting with Independent Commandery, No. 511, at 486 Virginia avenue, last night. There were initiations and drill work, and officers were elected.

elected.

The Big Four had a freight wreck near Milford Junction on the Michigan division last evening. Ten cars were piled up, and one or two fell down the embanisment and went into the river. The loss was about \$2,000, but no

LANDS PURCHASED DOWN SOUTH FOR COLONIZATION PURPOSES.

Mitchell District Medical Society-In Aid of Charity - A Bank Receivership Closed-A Lively Mill at English.

Special to The Indianapolis News. Delphi, Ind., December 27.-The largest xodus from any one county in northern Indiana at one time will take Newton county the 1st of January. A number of years ago a large number of Amish people settled in the region of uneducated, and cared little for the uries of life, but were industrious, and all of them prospered. They put in a number of years draining the farms upon which they settled, until they became very valu able. The recent influx of farmers from Illinois sent this land up to \$60 an acre. The Market a Little Lower — The Various Fluctuations.

New York, December 27.—The impression was pretty general here that Lonewith Washington and it was accordingly called, and it was accordingly called, and it was accordingly called, and it was accordingly called. was decided to put all the farms on the market, and they readily secured buy-The Amish people have made ers. The Amish people have made arrangements to take up their homes near Gibson, Miss., where they have purchased land. They have chartered a special train, and January 1 the entire settlement, about one hundred people in all, will leave for their new homes in the South. 'here are no finer farms in northwestern Indiana than the farms reclaimed from the swamps by these Amish people.

THE EVANGELIST REPLIES.

He Disclaims Any Attack Upon Special to The Indianapolis News Greencastle, Ind., December 27.-The

ninisterial unpleasantness received anther airing last night when Elder Boyer, the evangelist, took the platform at Christian church. He was greeted by a magnificent audience, though tickets of admission were taken at the doors, every seat being occupied and many were turned away for want of standing room. The Indianapolis News, giving the gist of the communications from the pastors of the Presbyterian and Methodist churches of Greencastle. He simply desired to be set right before the community and the reigious public everywhere. ments were embodied in the ministerial letter which it was necessary for him to slightest equivocation or reservation. In lyte the members of any other church. He had indulged in no 'unchristian attacks" upon any religious body. Nor had

sential to salvation.

He said he had been approached at the altar by a young lady, member of the fresbyterian church, who was in doubt upon the subject of baptism. At her urupon the subject of baptism. At her urgent request, he accompanied her to her pastor's residence. He was never received more k.ndly or treated more civilly in his life. In the discussion of church tenets he had simply applied the scriptural touchstone with which every church tenets should be made to conform. While he regarded hearing by impossion. While he regarded bapusin by hinner as a part of the Biblical plan of salvatine he had never taught that immersion indispensable to salvation. The th While he regarded baptism by immersion were embodied in the communication addressed to the pastor of the Christian church, were pronounced to be absolutely and unqualifiedly false. Elder Boyer thought it strange that his accusers should base their charges on here hearsay evidence, not one of them having heard his sermons. Though they had requested an "immediate reply" to their letter, and five days had elapsed since its receipt, the fact was recalled that immediately thereafter Elder Morris had hoticed the matter publicly and assured his hearers that not only the official board of the church, but the entire church

LIVELY MILL AT ENGLISH. A Local Boxer Knocks Out Two Com-

membership and their pastor, heartily in-dorsed the course of Brother Boyer.

petitors In Quick Succession. Special to The Indianapolis News. members of the sporting fraternity, desiring to enlist in the regular army, and hav-ing no money, their friends decided to give a boxing entertainment for their benefit, and two contests were arranged. The They were recovered some eight or ten affair came off last night, and the net miles down the coast, and, after loading profits were \$218. The contestants chosen were J. C. Sloan and Homer Brown, and John Jones and Joel Newkirk, but Sloan was called away at the eleventh hour, and Newkirk volunteered to fill his place. The and in the second round, Jones's left arm was fractured. He continued to respond, however, and in the fourth round he rescious, and he was counted him unconscious, and he was counted out. Brown immediately took his place, and the first four rounds between he and Newkirk was spent in sparring for an advantage. In the fifth round, Brown received a blow under the heart, which stayspred him and under the heart, which staggered him, and in the succeeding four rounds he sparred for wind, and managed to escape a knockout. In the tenth round, however, he out. In the tenth round, however, he disabled himself by fracturing his left hand, and in the eleventh round he was knocked out by a blow on the neck. Newkirk was declared the winner. The victor has been desirous of entering the ring for some time, and his success last night fans his ambition. He comes of fighting stock, and he is noted for his strength and endurance, as well as activity. He is twenty years old stands five feet, seven and oneyears old, stands five feet, seven and or half inches in hight, and weighs 165

BANK RECEIVERSHIP CLOSED. The Stockholders Refuse 85 Cents and Settle at 58.

Special to The Indianapolis News Delphi, Ind., December 27.-An echo of years ago. the Zimri Dwiggins bank failure comes from Brookston. One of the banks at that place belonged to the string owned and controlled by Dwiggins. When it failed Charles A. Gay, a prominent farmer of White county, was appointed receiver. He has made a settlement in the White Circuit Court, his accounts having been examined by a master commissioner and approved by Judge Palmer. When re-ceiver Gay made his final report a balance of \$1,029.65 was reported on hand, to the sick and needy for miles around. which was ordered distributed among the creditors of the bank, the final distribution being one of 3 per cent. Former dis tributions amounted to 55 per cent., which makes a total of 58 cents on the dollar. Soon after the failure of the bank propo-Soon after the failure of the bank propo-sitions were made by the stockholders to settle by paying 85 cents on the dollar in notes, with good security, due and payable every three months, but a few of the creditors, who were exceedingly angry because of the failure, and be-cause they believed they had been delib-grately swindled. refused to sign the erately swindled, refused to sign the agreement. The total cost for settling the rust was \$2,251,45.

MITCHELL MEDICAL SOCIETY. emi-Annual Gathering at Bloom ington-Papers Submitted.

Special to The Indianapolis News, Bloomington, Ind., December 27 .- The Mitchell District Medical Society is holding its annual session in this city, and, while the attendance is not as large as expected, yet the program and discussions that follow are proving of unusual interest. The local physicians are seeing that the visitors are well cared for. The sessions are being held in the Odd Fellows Hall, and the venerable Dr. Andrews, of Chicago, one of the oldest physicians in the district, is presiding. Dr. Burton, of Mitchell, is the secretary. Owing to the absence of some of those assigned topics, the program has not been followed out regularly. Among the important papers have been that of Dr. F. C. Heath, of have been that of Dr. F. C. Heath, of Indianapolis, on "The Relations of the Sexual Functions to the Eye," and in connection with this was an interesting paper by Dr. Mary A. Spink, of Indianapolis, on "The Cause of the Neurasthenic Woman of To-day." Both essays brought out a lively discussion, led by Dr. Eastman, of Indianapolis. Miss Spink is the only lady member of the society in attendance. Dr. J. E. Harris gave an interesting talk on "Primary Synchronous Ampuing talk on "Primary Synchronous Ampu-fation of Both Legs," in which he report-

hen best to perform amputations, early physician must largely be the judge when e emergency arises.

the emergency arises.

Much time was devoted to considering the antitoxin serum treatment of diphtheria, and there was a difference of opinion as to whether or not it was beneficial, but those who had used it were rather favorable, but advected that the hid same vorable, but advocated that the old remelies be continued at the same time. Last night Prof. Daniel Bower, hicago, gave a very interesting popular Chicago, gave a lecture on "The Marks of Disease in mabitual Criminals and the Remedies," using a stereopticon to illustrate the address. The Mitchell District Society is composed of many of the physicians of Indiana, Louisville and Chicago, and is now in its constitution of the physicians of Indiana, and Chicago, and is now in its constitution of the physicians of Indiana, Louisville and Chicago, and is now in its

orty-eighth year, meeting semi-annually. The session closes to-night with a recep-

Young Ladies of Logansport Re-

Special to The Indianapolis News. Logansport, Ind., December 27 .- Considerable comment has been occasioned by young society ladies of this city will give minstrel show at the opera-house in January, the proceeds of the performance o go to the Home for the Friendless Prof. J. E. McMillen is training the company, and he has been besieged by girls anxious to pose behind the footlights in charity's name. The management promises a minstrel show true in every detail with the exception of burnt cork, and old engs and threadbare jokes will take a different flavor as they fall from the lips of pretty girls. The "end men" will be two of the prettiest girls in town, and the offair promises to be a God-send to a worthy institution, notwithstanding the opposition offered by a few citizens. A BLAZE AT ROCKPORT.

An Incendiary Sets Fire To Many Barrels of Coal Oil.

Special to The Indianapolis News. Rockport, Ind., December 27.-At o'clock this morning an unknown in-cendiary set fire to thirty-five barrels of oal oil on the sidewalk near J. H. Valker's grocery, causing the liveliest conflagration ever witnessed here. The enveloped the adjoining buildings, and as the oil and water ran down Main street. t sent up a flame for four squares as saxony, in 1832. He was ordained at sent up a flame for four squares as Pakony, in 1832. He was ordained at paderborn, the seat of the bishopric, and stables were destroyed and his gro-\$2,000, with insurance \$1,000. J. G. Eigenmann's loss on buildings is \$2,500; fully insured. Several other buildings in Mair street were slightly damaged.

a ROLLED IN THE SNOW. A Lady Saves Her Life By Rare Presence of Mind.

Special to The Indianapolis News. Muncie, Ind., December 27.-The pres ence of nearly twelve inches of snow on the ground saved the life of Mrs. Lewis Postal to-day. Her husband's photograph gallery caught fire and burned down, causing \$1,000 loss, with no insur ance. Mrs. Postal rushed into the building to save a dress, and her hair and clothing caught fire. With great pres-ence of mind she threw herself into the snow, and by rolling over and over the flames were smothered.

Broken Down, Penniless and Insane.

Special to The Indianapolis News. Rochester, Ind., December 27, - Adam Rhinehart, of Marshall county, was taken to Longoliff asylum this week for treatent. He is seventy years old, and, until few years ago, owned a valuable farm, at which time he was seized with a spec n eggs in his own peculiar way. He ould carry a basket of eggs on his arm to Plymouth, and, after selling them. would go to another store and invest the proceeds of the last sale in eggs again, and, after paying the dealers' profits a few times would find his money all gone. If he met a friend who would make him and continue to buy and sell eggs. His property is all gone, and his mind is

complete wreck. The Drowning of Steekelr

Special to The Indianapolis News. ter from Thomas E. Tomlinson & Co., his English, Ind., December 27.—Several English employers, forwarding an account of that sad affair. The steamer called at Mayumba. Mr. Steckelman had intended to ship some mahogany, but found that the logs had drifted away. them, Mr. Steckelman re-embarked in a surf-boat, intending to return to May-umba. In trying to get away from the ship's side the boat was overturned, and Mr. Steckelman, who could not swim, instantly sank to the bottom. The firm paid high tribute to Mr. Steckelman's en-Handsome Farm House Burned. Special to The Indianapolis News.

Greenfield, Ind., December 27 .- The beau

tiful farm residence of Marion Steele, one and one-half mile south of this city, was completely destroyed by fire last night things, were totally consumed. Some of being burned to death. The fire originated from natural gas. The loss is estimated at \$4,000, with \$2,000 insurance in the Hancock Farmers' Insurance Company. Ready For the Battle. Special to The Indianapolis News.

Aurora, Ind., December 27.-The mempers of Company H, Fourth Regiment,

. W. G., under Capt. J. J. Backman, are in fine trim, and express their willingness to do service for Uncle Sam in case he becomes involved in war with England The boys were among the first to the front in the difficulty between the miners and operators in the coal regions two Without Money and Without Price.

Greenwood, Ind., December 27.-Several hundred people dined without money and without price, eating a Christmas dinner at the expense of the churches of this place. J. T. Polk threw open the doors of the Social Institute, where the tables were spread. The event was marked by a short address by the Rev. F. M. Westhofer, his theme, "Good Will to Men," and the sending of baskets of supplies to the circum area of the spread of the supplies to the circum area of the spread of the supplies to the circum area of the supplies Mormon Proselyting.

Delphi, Ind., December 27.-A Mormon elder is said to have leased the school which to hold a series of evangelistic services, beginning with to-night, and there is considerable dissatisfaction in the neighborhood because a public schoo building should have been leased for any such purpose. There is also considerable to the peculiar religious of the elder.

Found Dead In Bed. Martinsville, Ind., December 27.-George L. Fesler, of Morgantown, was found

Awarded

Highest Honors-World's Fair, ·DR:

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant

dead in bed at the Saltoom Hotel. He was fifty-five years old, and the brother of During the war he served as captain of Company C, Twenty-seventh Indiana, and was severely wounded at Gettysburg. His son is superintendent of a normal school at Stansbury, Mo.

DEATHS IN INDIANA. Col. Kline G. Shryock.

Shrycck died yesterday afternoon, after a continuous residence in this city of fiftyceight years. Until about ten years ago, Coicnel Shryock was one of the most prominent politicians in northern Indiaa. He settled in Rochester in 1837, when the total population did not number one hundred, and for a few years he worked as a journeyman tailor. He was then elected a justice of the peace, and after that time the law was his profession. In 1840 he attended the first Republican State. e'sht years. Until about ten years ago convention at Indianapolis, riding the er tire distance on horseback, being joined 75 at Logansport by Senator Adkinson, of the announcement that a company of Peru. From that time until 1890 he never Peru. From that time until 1890 he never missed a convention. He was frequently a candidate for office, but he was never successful outside of this county. His ambition was to go to Congress, and to aid his candidacy, he established a newsparer in this place in 1878, but he was defeated for the nomination that year by the Hon. Calvin Cowgill, of Wabash. Colonel Shryock recruited the Eightyseventh Indiana Regiment, and was unpotented its colonel. Six months later he resigned, to become provost marshal of resigned, to become provost marshal of the Ninth Indiana district, and he served in this capacity until the close of the war. In 1878 he was one of the Northern war. In 125 he was one of the Northern pullicians who visited New Orleans in the interests of his party in the presiden-tial contest, and in 1882 he was appointed postmaster at Rochester. Colonel Shryock was noted for his physical vigor. Although an octogenarian, until two months ago, when he was prostrated with dropsy, he served as justice of the peace, and he did great work in the cause of temper-ance. Two years ago he entered into a cot-race at Logansport with Colonel Mo Fadden and other men of similar age.

The Rev. Joseph Nussbaum.

Special to The Indianapolis News. Laporte, Ind., December 27.-The Rev Joseph Nussbaum, one of the best-known priests in the diocese of Ft. Wayne, died yesterday. He was sixty-three years old. The deceased was born at Rimbach, April 9, 1859. He came to the United States in 1869, and for several years he was attached to the household of Bishop Melcher, of the diocese of Wisconsin. He was later paster of the church at Appleton, and was transferred to the diocest of Ft. Wayne in 1875, his first charge b ing at Hassen. His next call was to De-catur, and in 1880 he entered upon his long pastorate of St. Joseph's church in this city. Several weeks ago he was stricken with paralysis, and rapidly grev worse until death ensued

Mrs. Bridget McGraw.

Special to The Indianapolis News. Aurora, Ind., December 27.-Mrs. Bridge McGraw died at her home in this city yesterday. She was ninety-five years old. She was born in Germany, and located here, when a mere child, with her parents.

General State News. The telegraph and telephone service was badly crippled by the snow-storm at El-wood.

During a drunken quarrel at Evansville, John Laswell, was fatally stabbed by Cyrus Jackson.

Daniel Robinson, of Franklin, is pros-John Pohlman, near Osgood, lost a leg by the accidental discharge of a gun in the hands of his brother-in-law.

City Treasurer William Cummings, of Carbon, who shot and killed William Shaw, has been placed under \$6,000 bonds.

Miss Rebecca Wilson, of Rushville, is dead. She was stricken with brain fever in her eighteenth year, and she lived to be sixty-three.

James Smith, of Carbon, in an accidental fall, was impaled on a sharp piece of plank, which penetrated his abdomen. He can not recover. F. C. Phillips, fourteen years old, of McMeadows, Va., working at Marion, an intending to spend Christmas at Logans port, was killed by the cars at Anoka. tives of Carl Steckelman, the African explorer, who was drowned off the coast at Mayumba, Africa, have received a letter from Thomas E. Tomlinson & Co., his Curry Hamilton, of Evansville, playfull snapped a pistod at his friend, Henry Andy. The weapon was loaded, and Andy fell mortally wounded with a bullet in his

Miss Lucy Stubbs, of Evansville, attended a masquerade in a costume cov-ered with cotton. A match carelessly handled set her clothing on fire, and she was horrible burned.

Mrs. Alice Ammerman, of Crawfords-ville, whose horse was frightened by a steam road-roller, whereby she was crip-pled-for life, has brought suit against the city, for \$20.000 damages city, for \$20,000 damages. Miss Lena Weers, of Connersville, while Miss Lena Weers, of Connersville, while operating the switchboard of the Frazee telephone service, unthoughtedly used one hand in pushing a plug out, while the other was holding another plug in place. Instantly she received a shock, and her hand was badly lacerated by a copper wire. Blood-poisoning followed, and her condition is alarming.

When the gentle burglar goes a-burgling." WATCH OUT FOR THIEVES You can have perfect security for LETTERS, PAPERS, JEWELS, HEIRLOOMS, KEEPSAKES, VALUABLE OBJECTS of all kinds, 85 A YEAR AND UP.

IN THE SAFE DEPOSIT OF THE INDIANA TRUST COMPANY Most complete arrangements, Especial accommodation for women. Visits of inspection invited.

INDIANA TRUST BUILDING WALTER T. COX, R. FRENCH Vice-President

WILLIAM F. CHURCHMAN, Treasurer.

CAPITAL, \$1,000,000.00. Home Office, 27 Wright Block,

Indianapolis, Ind. DEFINITE CONTRACT-A Definite

Contract is issued to every applicant for shares. There are no "estimates" or "believe-we-can-mature" figures given, All is Definite. You get a Certificate in which the withdrawal value of your shares for each month are printed. You do not have to go to the Secretary of any one else to find out the value your shares. It is all set down in the certificate, and you know exactly at any time what your money has earned you. And if you borrow money of the Association, you sign so many notes of a fixed amount each, one note payable each month till all are paid—then the mortgage is discharged. It is no "pig-in the-poke" way of doing business. It is

AUSTIN M. GREER BANKER MEMBER N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE
50 Broadway. N. Y.
Particular attention paid to MARGINAL, SPEC-ULATIVE stock accounts, especially in FRAC-TIONAL AMOUNTS of the active stocks in which orders may be executed upon SAME

SELIG'S BAZAAR 109 and 111 South Illinois St. A Clearing Sale For Saturday.

HOLIDAY GOODS LEFT OVER MUST GO. We have no room for them, and we Special to The Indianapolis News. Rechester, Ind., December 27.—Kline G.

We have no room for them, and we don't propose to pack them away. Prices no object now. Come and take them at your own prices. We have made our profit. These broken lots cost us nothing, and our prices are about the same.

A CLEARING OF LADJES' HAND-KERCHIEFS.

A number of small lots, some softed and some few odds and ends. Read the prices:

A SPECIAL SALE OF DRESS GOODS All-wool Serges, All-wool Henriettas, All-wool Henricuas,
All-wool Dress
Flannels,
Silk-finished Novel25c

ties, all 28 inches wide and fine assortment 20 pieces Cravenette, extra fine Serge, inches wide, black and colors. 46 inches wide, black
Sale price
20 pieces Arnold's silk-finish Henrietta, all colors, 40 inches wide, sold
everywhere 59c. Our price.
Silk Velvets Velveteens
HOME-MADE COMFORTS.
100 home-made Comforts, large size,
pure white cotton, silkaline and sateen-covered, regular value \$2, go
for

for 50 pairs all-wool Blankets, red, white or gray, regular value \$3.50, go for, make special arrangements in your be-half for Saturday sale, Read a few items: Men's fine Jersey-ribbed Sweaters

Men's fine canton flannel Drawers.

SELIG'S BAZAAR 109 and 111 South Illinois Street

Some Saturday Specials at BANNON & CO.

The Great Sc, 10c and 25c Stor

quality ... Ladies' silk Mittens, 50c quality ... battorn Wash Bollers

BANNON & CO. 26 and 28 North Illinois St.

NO. 8 Saturday's Great Sale of Winter Goo Jerseys to pull over the ears.... 100 Klinert's Patent Ear Muffs.... 50 Heavy lined Calf Skin Working



Caps same as cut, cloth or corduroy 50c

Remember, Saturday Only.

el.Comb 3 Plated Ware s and Dia-Diamond Setting

STATE BOARD OF COMMERCE

REPORTS HEARD FROM VARIOUS COMMITTEES.

Physical Improvement of Cities Considered-Professor Jenks's Paper On the Torrey System of Land Transfer-The Discussions.

The State Board of Commerce opened the practical part of its work this morning, the session yesterday afternoon being devoted to hearing the secretary's report and appointing committees to report this morning. In the absence of President Steele, James H. Crozier, of Evansville, occupied the chair. The chairs in the assembly room of the Commercial Club were all filled by the delegates from com mercial organizations throughout the

tions willing to accept a return of 6 and 8

The committee on municipal affairs recommended that the board carry on actively the work of municipal reform actively the work of municipal retorm first by reforming the laws by which municipal corporations are governed and correcting grave defects now existing in those governing cities and towns as well as counties and civil and school townships. No attempts, the committee said, the ships. No attempts, the committee said, had been made to reform and codify the laws except in the cities of Indianapolis, Evansville and Ft. Wayne, and many reforms tried successfully in other places have not yet been adopted in this State. The committee recommended that the board use its efforts to get a law passed by the next Legislature authorizing the Governor to appoint a commission to consider the whole subject and report to the succeeding Legislature. It was further sider the whole subject and report to the succeeding Legislature. It was further suggested that the aid of the press be secured to point out the evils now existing in laws governing township trustees, county commissioners, etc. county commissioners, etc.
A resolution was unanimously adopted extending the board's thanks to the Commercial Club for hospitality and courte-

Improvement of Cities.

The first paper read was on "The Physical Improvement, of Cities," by E. L. Cothrell, of Evansville. He did not dwell on the generally conceded necessity of scientifically-built sewer systems, but passed to the discussion of streets, boulevards and parks. He saw no valid excuse for any progressive citizen opposing the physical development of cities, as the results obtained were so remunerative, even from a financial point of view. The business man will not work in a dark, dingy and untidy room. He wants light, cleanliness, attractiveness, handsome and artistic furliture and fixtures. He finds that the public enjoys the beautiful things and is willing to pay for them. He finds them greatly to his financial interests. So with a city. The stranger reckons, by the quality and quantity of physical improvements, the degree of prosperity enjoyed by a city, and when he departs he extols or in; accordance with the impressions thus gathered. The manufacturer, seeking a change from the crowded marts of the East, also takes note of these things

before choosing a location.

The home question is often the para-The home question is often the paramount one with the manufacturer, and the inviting and pleasant city is the one that gets his family and those of his workmen. Cities are great magnets, the stronger, the greater the result. "The powers of these magnets is amply illustrated in our own State by the beautiful city of Indianapolis," Mr. Cothrell said. "Its attractive force is felt, not only all over the State, but all over the United States. There is not a city or town in the State of Indiana which can not attest the power of this

but all over the United States. There is not a city or town in the State of ladiana which can not attest the power of this magnet by the loss of some of its best citizens, and the people of this city are preparing to further develop it by including in its physical improvements a grand system of parks and boulevards."

The homes are in keeping with the public improvements of a city; the moral tone is clevated by these improvements; the alleys are kept clean and the sidewalks and door-steps are scrubbed. The chief objectors to the improvements are generally the large property-owners, although experience invariably shows that several times the cost of the improvements is added to the value, of the property. Mr. Cothrell held that all towns and cities should early in their history set askie lands for parks and breathing places for the derser population of later years, buying when land is comparatively cheap, and expending certain amounts each year in its artistic development. Time comes, he said, when the demand for parks becomes irresistible, and then the purchase of land suitably located can only be made at a heavy expense, while years pass before it can be put in proper condition. When cities reach 100,000 population, Mr. Cothrell said, there is a yearning for the handsome and fashionable boulevards to connect the different parks.

The paper was commended by Mayor Hawkins, of Evansville; H. G. Thayer, of Plymouth, and E. B. Martindale, of Indianapolis, who made valuable suggestions in line with those of the paper.

The next paper was by Prof. J. D. Jenks, of Ithaca, president of the White

The next paper was by Prof. J. D. Jenks, of Ithaca, president of the White School of History and Political Science at Cornell University, on "The Torrens System of Land Transfer." In brief he

"The system of land transfer adopted by Illinois last spring marks a revolution in our American methods, though a simiar system has been in use on the continent of Europe for centuries. It was, however, much improved and made ap-plicable to laws like our own in Australia a 1860-1870, and is now in use in seven of the colonies there as well as in four of the Canadian provinces. Wherever intro-fuced it has given the greatest satisfac-

"Our present system is, first, very ex-pensive. Expense for abstract of title and legal searches and opinions average in Chicago \$25 for each deed or mortgage, and cost the State of Illinois \$10,000,000 a year. Second, our titles are very ince-oure. Even when the records show a clear title, many things in the nature of

oure. Even when the records show a clear title, many things in the nature of claims against one's land may come up that will be enough to take the land, or will make a cloud upon the title which will lessen the value of the land. Third, delays in real estate transactions are often very long. Title insurance companies have helped matters some, but they are expensive, and are only a costly makeshift.

The remedy proposed is a registration of titles instead of deeds. The transfer of ownership is made, not by giving a deed, but by registration in the recorder's office; the registration shows the exact condition of the title, and the Government makes the title thus shown indefeasible. There is never need of going back of the record of the last transaction to see how the title stands. Each new certificate of title in the office is of itself a new root of title, and can not be questioned except on the ground of fraud.

"Provision is made by which all mortgages, trust liens and equitable claims of all kinds are shown on the same certificate, and no claim is valid unless so recorded. The system is optional with counties in Hilnois, each adopting it at will by popular vote. Cook county, with Chicago, has adopted it. In the county each landowner, who can show to the satisfaction of the recorder's examiners that he has a clear title may bring his land under the system. The method is sheap, simple, gives secure titles, facilitates in all ways transfers of real estate, and no other raised technical questions as to the expediency of the register system suggested, which seemed to them inconsistent with the Indiana laws. Prof. Jenks said that, of course, established systems of law could not be overturned to admit the new system, but that modifications sould be made in both the system and the laws that would reconcile inconsistencies.

In the end the subject was, on motion of W. D. Bynum, referred to the committee

istencies.

In the end the subject was, on motion of V. D. Bynum, referred to the committee n municipal affairs with instructions to ivestigate the question thoroughly, and eport plans for the consideration of the

speakers said the subject was one of vital importance not only for the security of titles, but as a matter of public economy. Interstate Commerce.

H. J. Thayer, of Plymouth, spoke of "Defects in the Interstate Commerce as of that while Law." He considered the greatest defect in the law in that portion which operate in the law in that I accept that I a rated to equalize shipping rates. Beidvantage of cheap rates hundled 100.-000,000 bushels of grain a year, where now the amount is insignificant. He beleved that the big shippers should have etter rates than the small and occasional hat railroads should not be prohibited rom favoring large customers with passes. W. D. Bynum, who was a mem- or virtuous. Yours for the ber of the congressional committee on terstate commerce that framed the law, said that while the law was defective aid that while the law was detected had been of incalculable benefit to the weight at large. While it had deprived he centers of commerce of some adherent that helped places outside of the centers of commerce of some variages, it had helped places outside of these centers that before had been crushed. He said the regulation of the vast railroad interests by Congress was a necessity. E. B. Martindale said the

mercial organizations throughout the Bate and by representatives of the Commercial Club and the Board of Trade of this city.

The committee on mercantile interests, through its chairman, George W. Sloan, reported the condition to be far. The short wheat and hay crops had been supplemented by good corn and fruit crops. Collections have been fair and failures not above the normal, While the aggregate of business is larger the profits are smaller, a condition declared to be natural with increased competition and corporations willing to accept a return of 6 and 8 per cent. with the best results, but it was largely due to the inadequate understanding of the benefits resulting from co-operation. The committee recommended the enlargeent of the membership and the reduc-

ment of the membership and the reduction of the membership fees.
This afternoon "Indiana's Commercial and Productive Facilities" were discussed by Dr. A. A. Hamilton, of Marion; "Municipal Government," by John E. Scott, of Indianapolis, and G. B. Cardwill, of Madison, and "River and Canal Interests," by Marcus R. Sulzer, of Madison, and A. C. Rosecranz, of Evansville. Rosecranz, of Evansville.

The Rev. Mr. Milam and Sin's Color. ORIGINAL DANBURY

To the Editor of The Indianapolis News: "And some have greatness thrust upon

(There's a chiel 'amang ye, takin' notes; n faith he'll prent 'em.") Greatness always entails large responsibilitles, Mr. Editor, as you must well know by personal experience; and more unfortunate than to be born great, or to achieve greatness, is to have greatness thrust upon one. It is dangerous. It subjects one to the danger of being accused of safling under false colors, of

plagiarism, or of scientific thievery.
"You do me honor overmuch," Mr. Editor, in suggesting that the public is indebted to me for the discovery of the "color of sin." Long ago it was written:
"Though your sins be as scarlet, * * though they be red like crimson," etc. (Isaiah i, 18.) Again, as to the analysis of the perspiration of human beings, exuded subjects were laboring under the various human passions, the honor of the discovery of which I spoke in the Methodist Ministers' Association, belongs to no less a name than that of Dr. Gates, of the Smithsonian Institution the Smithsonian Institution.

Pardon me for saying that your reporter totally missed the main point brought forward by me in the discussion referred to, and misunderstood the casual reference to color, of which he wrote. Dr. Gates analyzed the perspiration of persons under the power of more than forty evil passions, and also that of those under an equal number of good, or virtuous emotions. Of all the more than forty bad passions, one only, that of a sense of passions, one only, that of a sense of guilt, gave the pink color when a small quantity of the perspiration was placed in a glass tube, and treated with selenic acid. Your reporter had it that all evil emotions caused a quality of perspiration that would give the pink under chemical treatment. Then, worse than all, you assume that the color is present in the "sweat," in its native state!

But all this about the color is a mere matter of curious interest, The great point

Legislature at its next session. All the in Dr. Gates' demonstrations is the fac-

that the big shippers should have that the big shippers should have that the small and occasional He also expressed the opinion allroads should not be prohibited allroads should not be prohibited forcering large customers with

P. S.—"Great minds run in the same channels." The e-lifer in whose paper I first saw reference to Dr. Gales's investigations suggested the use of the "color of guilt" discovery to detect crime.

The Commercial Travelers. The annual reception and ball of the Commercial Travelers' Association of Inliana, will be held te-night at Tomlinson

The annual meeting of the association will take place to-morrow at 10 a. m., in Burd of Trade Hall. The business of the session will be a review of the status of the life insurance feature of the association, election of officers for the ensuing year, and a consideration of the question of making the meetings mass instead of by delegates.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria. When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria. When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria, When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.



Drab Corduroy Caps, in large sizes, 25c. All-Wool Cloth Sliding Band Yacht Caps, in

golden brown, 25c. Large assortment of Boys' fine Caps reduced to 50c.

Men's extra fine double-warp Seal Plush Caps, TO-MORROW

ONLY—A man's Black RAW SILK Jersey, fits under any hat, the finest Jersey made, to-morrow only, 20c.



Here's an Unbeatable Bargain In Boys' Overcoats

A number of Boys' Overcoats, in sizes for 9 to 13 years, in a wide variety of patterns and styles, are left from many broken lots. The goods are Cassimeres, Cheviots and Chinchillas - rightly and nicely made.

The value of these Overcoats is \$8, \$10 and \$12. Because they are small sizes and broken lots, we

and will put them on sale at that price Saturday morning. It's a rare chance to Overcoat your boy in something good at small expense.

It might be worth while to be among the early ones.

Emma Eames

"I find 'Vin Mariani' the most delightful and efficacious tonic, of inestimable value to singers."

Mailed Free. Descriptive Book with Testimony and **Portraits** OF NOTED CELEBRITIES.

Beneficial and Agreeable.
Every Test Proves Reputation. Avoid Substitutions. Ask for 'Vin Mariani." At Druggists and Fancy Grocers. MARIANI & CO., : 41 Bd. Haussmann. 52 W. 15th St., New York.

ow have these goods marked down less than their actual cost.

One lot of Fur Capes that were bought to sell for \$3.98 One lot of French Cony Capes that were bought to sell for \$12.50, go for..... One lot of French Cony. Capes that were bought to sell for \$15, go for...... Astrakhan Capes, worth \$22, \$11.98 will go for .. American Seal Capes, 36 inches long, Marten trim, worth \$30. go for........ \$12.98 American Seal Capes, 36 inches long, Marten collar and trim, worth \$35, will be \$14.98 Wool Seal Cape, 36x120 inches, Marten collar and trim, heavy satin lining,

can't be matched for less \$28.50 than \$65, will go for...... \$125 Mink Capes, 30 inches \$50.00 ACKETS

One lot of Jackets will go for One lot of Jackets, in rough goods, go for..... One lot of Beaver and Rough Jackets, worth from \$15 to \$18, will go for

CLOTH CAPES

One lot of Cloth Capes go \$2.98 One lot of Cloth Capes, four One lot of Sample Capes, worth from \$12.50 to \$20, choice for

\$20 Astrakhan Capes for ...

as they last they go for les

\$12.50 Double Cape for \$20 Single Cape, 24x156 \$9.48 inches, goes for \$22 Double Cape, Marten or \$11.98 Thibet trim, goes for..... \$11.98 \$35 Beaded Cape, Thibet \$20.00 trim, to close out at..... \$20.00

989

\$10 and \$12.50 Cloaks for

WAISTS and WRAPPERS

\$4.50 Silkaline Waists, to \$1.25 \$6 to \$10, will close them out for One lot of \$1 Wrappers go 69¢ \$1.50 and \$1.75 Flannelette Wrappers for One lot of Calico and Sat-een Wrappers that sold for \$1.75 and \$2, to close,

68 and 70 E. Wash. St.

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To-morrow evening from 7 to 10 we will sell a \$1.50 SEAL PLUSH CAP for

79 Cents

Also some \$5 Umbrelias for \$3.50. One only to a

WORLD'S - FAIR

Now Comes the Grand Clearance!!

Special Bargains In Every Department But More Especially In Our Cloak and Clothing Department.



This means a great big cut on everything

In the Department

For the next few days we will make it interesting for Men, Boys and Children. Everything reduced to clean up the stock for involcing Men's Suits in Cassimeres, Worsteds, Cheviots, all colors and sizes, it \$15.00

Men's Suits, double-breasted, sizes, black and blue English W teds, gray check Cheviots, at \$12.50

150 Men's Suits in blues, browns and grays, in Cheviots and Scotch Wools

These are all high-grade goods and latest styles. ONE-THIRD OFF on all Double-breasted Suits. Other Suits, finest silk and satin-lined, up to \$35.

A TIMELY CUT ON PRICES OF

OVERCOATS

250 Men's Overcoats, in Kerseys, 2 Boys' Suits and Overcoats at lowest blue, black and gray, worth \$11.50,

Large line to reduce before involc-ing, and will give the boys better bargains than they ever received before.

The only way to get a clear idea of the extent of this Invoice Sale is to

See For Yourself.



Every **Garment**

CLOAK

Invoicing. Just a few days for the judicious buyer to get the biggest bargains of the day. Before invoicing we will sell our

 Jackets, formerly
 \$4, at.
 \$2.50
 Jackets, formerly
 \$10, at.

 Jackets, formerly
 \$5, at.
 \$3.00
 Jackets, formerly
 \$12, at.

 Jackets, formerly
 \$6, at.
 \$4.00
 Jackets, formerly
 \$18, at.

 Jackets, formerly
 \$8, at.
 \$5.00
 Jackets, formerly
 \$25, at.

A Few Plush Jackets Left at Special Prices

Don't judge the quality by prices we quote. Just see the goods and judge ac We are ready with just as good an offer on our choice line of Capes. Some elegant things in Beaded and Fur-trimmed Velours, Beavers and Novelties.

OUR CHOICE LINE OF FINE FURS

consists of the latest styles in Alaska Seals, Electric Seals, Beavers, Persian

1 genuine Alaska Seal Jacket, finest of French dye, elegant quality, al-ways sold at \$225.00 now

8145.00 1 Beaver Cape, 30x100 sweep, worth 1 Electric Seal Jacket, always sold 845.00

1 Astrakhan Jacket, worth \$60.00; cu

BE IN STYLE-BUY THE LATEST

.....BOAS.....

Special sale on our Electric Seal and Thibet Boas. These goods we cut fully 50 per cent.. and can show some elegant things in the very latest styles from \$1.50 up to \$25. See our Seal Boas, animal heads and with tails, at \$1.75. Others at \$5, \$8, \$10, \$15 and \$25.

Some special bargains in Tea Gowns and Wrappers. Also on our nice line of Flannel Shirt Waists. These are the best things shown in this line and at a special low price.

We are still selling those 50c, 75c and \$1 Tam O'Shanters at 15c. Some choice things in Children's Long Cloaks and Short Jackets. Also a nice assortment of Children's Ready-made Dresses, all at reduced prices.

Separate Skirts, Silk Waists and Mackintoshes at reduced prices

AMUSEMENTS. GRAND-To-Night! And to-morrow. Popular Saturday Matinee, FREDERICK

BANCROFT Dazzling Spectacular Production of Magic FASCINATING SPECIALTY ARTISTS.

PRICES-Night; Orchestra and side boxes. \$1 ress circle, 75c; balcony, 50c; gallery, 25c. Manage-Lower floor, 50c; balcony, 25c. Next Monday and Tuesday

Bostonians MONDAY-"A WAR TIME WEDDING."
TUESDAY-"ROBIN HOOD." SEATS NOW SELLING at Pembroke

TRILBY

ENGLISH'S — To-Night and Sat. MATINEE EACH DAY, Mrs. Gen. Tom Thumb AMERICAN LILIPUTIANS,

PRICES-Lower floor, 30c; balcony, 20c; gallery, 10c. Seats at the Pembroke. Dec. 39, 31 and Jan. 1-KATIE EMMETT.

The World's Greatest Pianist, At English's Opera House,

SATURDAY NIGHT, JAN, 11. Advance Sale Opens Next Thursday, Jan. 2, at 9 a. m., Pembroke Arcade.

PRICES-Lower floor, \$3: balcony, 32; gallery, 31.50. STEINWAY & SONS' PIANOFORTE USED.

PARK | Prices-10c, 20c, 30c. Matiness Daily. THIS AFTERNOON AND TO-NIGHT, FLORENCE BINDLEY In her sensational comedy-drama, "THE PAY TRAIN"

Monday-"SPAN OF LIFE." Everybody goes to the PARK. Seats at the THEATER EMPIRE

XMAS WEEK

HARRY W. SEMON'S EXTRAVAGANZA CO. NILLSON'S AERIAL BALLET

The latest New York craze, Next-Harry Morris's Entertainers. SCHOOLS-COLLEGES-MUSIC. HOWE MILITARY SCHOOL Prepares thoroughly for College, chools, or business. Cadets are u REV. J. H. M'KENZIE, Lima, Indiana

"WANT" ADS, IN THE NEWS ONLY ONE CENT A WORD

Only a Few Days Longer

SHOES AT YOUR OWN PRICES We vacate our room January 1.

You can not afford to miss these bargains we are offering in Ladies' Gents', Misses' and Children's Footwear. Step in to-morrow and Shoe yourself while you have the opportunity, as you will not have the opportunity again soon at the prices we are offer

CLOSING-OUT SALE

W. HART 23 East Washington St.

RUBEN'S



60 West Washington St.

that cause people to flock to our store daily, to take advantage of the immense bargains we are now offering in Overcoats and Ulsters. have entirely too many, and must turn them into cash.

Do Not Fail to See Our Windows They contain something of

interest to you. For \$7.00 we sell a \$20 Overcoal or Uisle for \$8.00 we sell a \$22 Overcoal or Uislei For \$12.56 we sell a \$30 Overcool or Uislei

Every garment our own make. Fit guaranteed. BEN'S BATES HOUSE CLOTHING PARLOR

60 West Washington St. ndianapolis Business Universit Y

THE INDIANAPOLIS NEWS Is, and has been for many years, the Indiana Board of Trade for buyers and sellers. Both know that each look for the other's announcements in

the advertising columns of The

THE RAILROADS. Excursion and Regular Trains. BIG 4 ROUTE.

A. M. A. M. A. M. P. M. P. M. P. M.

Best Line to CINCINNATI, DAYTON, TOLEDO and DETROIT LEAVE INDIANAPOLIS

No. 33 Cincinnati Vestibule, daily...... 3:40 aas
No. 31 Cincinnati Fast Line, daily...... 7:45 am
No. 27 Cin., Dayton, Toledo and Detroit
Express, daily, except Sunday...... 10:50 am
No. 41 Cin. Fast Ex., daily except Sun. 2:55 pm
No. 33 Cin. & Dayton Vestibule, daily... 5:25 pm
No. 38 Cin. Dayton, Toledo and Detroit
Express, daily, except Sunday..... 5:30 pm
G. W. HAYLER, D. F. A.
D. G. EDWARDS, G. P. A. MONON ROUTE SHORTEST LINE To Chicago With Dising Cars, Parlor Couches and Pullman Vestibule Sleepers. Trains leave daily, 11:50 a. m. and 12:35 midnight. Trains arrive daily 3:25 a. m. and 5:25

p. in.

Monon accommodation leaves 4 p. and arrives 11:20 s. m., except Sundays.

Chicago sleeper ready at 8:20 p. m., west and Union station.

Ticket offices: Union station, Massachusetts ave. and 2 W. Washington st.

GEO. W. HAYLER. D. P. A. THE BEST LINE TO Chicago

Northwest

daily; open to receive passengers every night at 8:30. Arrive Chicago, 7:30 a. m. For full information as to rates of fare and sleeping car space, call on agent No. 48 W. Washington street, 46 Jackso Place, Union Station, Massachusett avenue, or address GEO. E. ROCKWELL, D. P. A.

OUR CUT YOUR DEAL In REMNANTS

Cut Deep-TO SELL. At a Price-Yours, Your neighbor's, anybody's JUST SO THE GOODS GO QUICK.
They are of all kinds. All prices, too.

CLOAKS IN IT

The following a hint of the offerings: Odd sizes, one lot of Box Front Coats, 38, 40 and 42 sizes, have been \$10 and \$12. Remnant Sale says \$5.00 FOR CHOICE.

One lot of Long Coats, one ♦♦♦♦
of a kind only;
\$3.00 THE PRICE. PICKING OUT \$6, \$7, \$8 and \$9 values for \$2.50, \$3, \$3.50 and \$4 in SILKS AND DRESS GOODS

Black Goods remnants, too. Always good—any fime—all the time. Lace Curtains, half pairs and odd pairs, odd price because they are half and less.

L.S. AYRES & CO

FINE SILVER GOODS

Salad Sets, Oyster Forks, Soup Spoons, Cheese Spoons, Ice Tongs, Cream Ladles, Oyster Ladles, Candelabra, Cream Pitchers, Sugar Bowls, Black Coffees, etc. Sterling Pieces for the service and decoration.

Julius C. Walk, Son, indiana's leading jewelers.

SCOLLOPS

The snow's edge on all creation was beautiful but it does not last. The edge we put on

Furniture and **Wall Paper**

At PENNSYLVANIA AND MARKET STREETS lasts, because it is well tempered and

A DOUBLE EDGE

The edge of quality and of cut-priceyou can get Good goods of us a little cheaper than anywhere else.

CARPETS. RUGS, · CURTAINS

up-stairs, over Pearson's music house, opposite the Denison House. Call or Write. Consultation Free.

ASTMAN SCHLEICHER & LEE

Children can have their coffee nowadays and add to their health. Postum Cereal is a fac-simile of fine Mocha coffee, but is made wholly of pure grains.

If you want a Cloak this winter come to THE FAMOUS to-morrow and take any Cloak or Cape in the house at just HALF-PRICE.

Cloaks

Jackets

Furs

75 Astrakhan Capes, 30-inch, 120-inch sweep, were \$13 and \$20; to-morrow's price, \$5.98.
Fine Cony Capes, \$12 and \$15 goods: to-morrow's price, \$3.95.
100 Electric Seal Capes, 33 and \$6-inch, Marten collar and edge; were \$50; to-morrow's price, \$12.50.
These are the greatest value on earth.

Capes

All-Wool Double Cloth Capes at Fine Plush Capes, Thibet-trimmed. To-morrow is your only chance, if you want a Cloak, Cape or Jacket at less than one-half price at

CLOAK

52 and 54 N. Illinois St.



THE PYRAMID PILE CURE iscovery for the prompt, perms is in every form. Every druggist has it.

Have You Seen e new Pozzoni Puff Box? It is given se with each hox of powder. Ask for it.

ONE SOTTLE EVERY DAY OF ANHRUSE SOCIES "MALT NUTRINE" (Trade Mark) as from 2 to 5 pounds a week gained thy flesh.

FATHER OF DISEASES

A Book Every Woman Should Read Entitled "Woman's Beauty, Peril, Duty," will be sent free to any woman who addresses LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICAL COMPANY LYNN, MASS.

AMUSEMENTS.

Ledgerdemain at the Grand Opera House-Other Attractions. A medium-sized, but rather unapprecia-

tive audience was at the Grand Opera House last night, to greet Frederick Baneroft who on the bill-boards is called "The Prince of Magicians." His work last night did not prove his claim to the title. He is not in the same class with Herrmann or Keller, but some of his mechanical tricks were fair and the ushers promptly led the applause when they were finished. Mr. Bancroft, however, has expended considerable money in dress-ing his stage, and some of the spectacular ing his stage, and some of the spectacular effects were very pleasing: part of the scenery is as handsome as was ever set on the stage of the opera-house. In addition to the "feats of magic," which contains little that is new, there are specialty acts such as club juggling, wire balancing, skirt-dancing, and ball-rolling. A very tiresome comedy in one act is used as a prelude to the old vanishing trick. The performance will be repeated to-night, to-morrow night and a Saturday matinee.

Notes.

There was a change of program at the Park Theater yesterday, the Florence Bindley combination presenting "The Pay Train." The play will be continued for the remainder of the week. The American Liliputians, headed by Mrs. Tom Thumb, began an engagement with the matinee to-day at English's Opera-House. Two performances will be

given to-morrow. Semon's Extravaganza Company, with its wonderful aerial ballet, and other striking features, still continues the attraction at the Empire Theater. Two performances will be given to-morrow, closure the engagement. ing the engagement.

Miss Nethersole In Carmen.

New York Herald. There are two Carmens now in the city, and Miss Olga Nethersole refuses to take a second place. It is powerful, like her Camille, wonderfully human, more heartless, though less seductive, than Calve's Carmen, realistic to a degree that sometimes makes one's breath catch; sometimes almost repels. It is Carmen, indeed; Carmen in real flesh and blood, unsoftened by the romance and blandish-

ments of music. This is claimed to be the only unoperatic dramatization of Merimee's familiar story, and Wednesday night's production story, and wednesday night's production was its first. Miss Nethersole essayed a bold part when she undertook to rival Calve in her favorite role and in the city where Calve triumphs. It was the bolder as the event turned out, for Carmen of the play was far from being Carmen of the opera lacking the refining

men of the opera, lacking the refining touch of Bizet's exquisite music, and looming out in a naked sincerity of real-ism that sometimes almost shocked. ism that sometimes almost shocked.

But it was a very real Carmen, indeed, a very wayward and human Carmen, and the quality of the personation was the excuse for a genuine ovation for the talented young actress that lasted from the beginning to the end of the play. Only once was there anything like a set-back in the climacteric enthusiasm, and that was toward the close of the second act, when the daring realism of some of the sensuous love passages between Carmen and Don Jose sent a visible and audible shiver through the house. But by the time the curtain fell the audience had recovered, under the impressive sincerity of the artist, and called her four times to the footlights.

Feed JANES'S Dustless Oats.

Fooal—Pocahontas Coal.

Smokeless. Sold by A. B. MEYER Coal Dealers, 17 N. Pennsylvania st.

Smokeless. Sold by A. B. MEYER Coal Dealers, 17 N. Pennsylvania st.

Fooal Dealers, 17 N. Pennsylvania st. At the close of the play the audience

At the close of the play the address again attested its appreciation by lingering until Miss Nethersole had perforce appeared under five rises of the curtain. The story of the play is almost identical with the familiar story of the opera. ANOTHER PLAYER SIGNED.

Conners, of Peoria, To Play In the Indianapolis Outfield.

Will Conners, late of the Peoria club the Western Association, has signed an Indianapolis contract for 1896 and will play in the outfield. Conners, it is said, was the fastest out-fielder in the associatien and stood near the top in batting. He was wanted by four Western League clubs and both Chicago and Louisville. The signing of Conners completes the In-dianapolis out-field for next season. He will probably be placed in left field and McCarthy moved to center. Conners is said to be a first-class thrower. This was McCarthy's weakest point last season. In enter field his throws will not so long as they are nearly always made to HUYLER'S and take no other.

econd base. The other Western Association player who will probably wear an Indianapolis uniform next season has not yet signed, but he has agreed to play here and his release has been purchased by the local management. Indianapolis will have a little farm of its own next season. The strength of the Western League, together with Watkins's success as a pennant-winner, has caused all of the young players in this part of the country to want to play in Indianapolis or become in some way identified with the club. Watkins has signed fully a dozen young players, who seem to be buds of promise, and will farm them out to Western Association and Southern League clubs for next season. Indianapolis will have first call on their services and they will be promoted as fast as they show ability to hold their own in this company. These players realize that they yet have something to learn before they are qualified to play here, and they signed contracts with the understanding that they were to be used wherever Manager Watkins saw fit until he decided to use them here.

"Pop" McCauley, the veteran first baseman, who lives here, has not yet signed for next season. He is reserved by President Van Derbeck, of Detroit, but as that chub has four or five first basemen on its list and Van Derbeck has always showed a decided reluctance to letting a man go, "Pop" thinks that he may have an opportunity to see Indianapolis play next season.

New Year's trade. uniform next season has not yet signed, but he has agreed to play here and his

FOR THE BOYS' CLUB.

Christmas Entertainment To Be Given Tuesday Night.

Well-known women of the city, who are Interested in the support of the Boys' Club and Employment Association, which was organized under their direction, are preparing to give the 150 boys who com-pose it a holiday entertainment, in the shape of a "Christmas tree," accompanied by sultable and useful presents. It will by sultable and useful presents. It will be at the First Baptist church next Tuesday night (New Year's eve) and already many contributions have been received for it. Many more are needed, and the managers would like such gifts in the way of toys, shoes, clothing, etc., as would be useful, as each boy is to receive an individual present, with his name on it. S. H. Collins, of the United States Lounge Company, who has supplied the tree and 200 pounds of candy, has charge of the matter, and any gifts for the boys may be sent to his place of business, No. 25 North Illinois street. Several city merchants have already sent many useful things for the boys.



The retail provision market has opened p brisk after Christmas, and dealers say that the amount of business done is larger than in former years. Many turkeys have bought. The warm weather caused much loss. The number of birds shipped East was small compared with last year. Many pounds spoiled here in the poultry houses. Turkeys are selling at 12c a ound now, and a good supply will be n hand for New Year's Day. The fish and game market is active and well patronized now. The same prices as last week are charged-mallard ducks, \$6 week are charged—manard ducks, so ozen; sn'pe and quail, \$2.50; pheasant, use and pra'rie chicken, \$9; ven.son nch, 30@35c a pound, and bear steak, Oysters, \$90@0c a quart, and 25c to 45c ozen in the shell; terrapin, \$9 a dozen; iters, 25c a pound; bluefish, eel, haifbut, tefish, trout, fresh codfish, black bass salmon, 15c a pound. and salmon, 15c a pound.

The following meat prices are quoted by dealers: Tenderloin, 25 cents a pound; sweethreads 25 cents a pair; sausage, 15 cents, wienerwurst, 10 cents, ham, 25 cents; bacon, 16 to 20 cents; veal, 8, 12½, 15 and 17½ cents; pork, 10, 12½ and 15 cents; leg of mutton, 15 cents; lamb chops 15 to 25 cents. Butter is 25 cents a pound and eggs are 22 cents a dozen.

Good nuts and vegetables from the

South variety are on the market. Florida strawberries sell at 40 cents a pint; cucumbers 10 cents each; Florida tomatoes, 20 cents a pound; lettuce, 25 cents a head; California oranges from 35 to 60 cents a dozen; figs, 10 to 20 cents a pound, and dates from 5 to 15 cents. The first of the newly cannel goods are coming in now. The packers report a coming in now... The packers report a good season, and the retailers are finding a ready sale.

Bond Money Sent To New York. Comptroller Johnson has sent \$8,000 to New York, to pay off bonds that have been drawing interest from the city of 7.3 per cent., since January 1, 1876. He also sent as the semi-annual interest on these and other bonds, \$42,582.

Antitoxin Directions. Secretary Metcalf, of the State Board o Health, is sending to county health boards, directions as to how to use antitoxin in treating diphtheria. The board at its last meeting recommended the new method of treatment.

RHEUMATISM.

Afflicted For Ten Years. Cured By Two Bottles. Health Better Than Ever.

For more than ten years I have been af-icted with that terrible nerve-racking and tor-aring disease called rheumatism. So severe erer my sufferings that for long periods I was nable to raise my hand to my head. I tried umerous remedies and many excellent physi-lans, but found no relief. I, was induced to y PERRY'S MAGIC RHEUMATISM CURE, nd was cured by only two bottles. My general alth is better than it has been for many ars.

MRS. C. M. D. TOWERS.

At all druggists. PERRY, 50 N. Illinois st.

HUNTER'S PARADISE.

Arkansas and Northern Louisiana. The finest hunting this side of the Rocky Mountains; deer, hear, turkey, squirrels, ducks, etc. The best hunting season for this territory is between now and January 1. Low rates of fare to hunting parties. For copy of game laws, rates and other information, address COKE ALEXANDER, D. P. A., Missouri-Pacific Railway, 7 Jackson Place, Indianapolis I., D. & W. and Clover Leaf Route las through sleeping and parlor cars to St louis; fare, \$5.50. Ticket office, Union depo

Sartorial Matters. If your wardrobe needs replenishing, the best place to go is No. 5 N. Meridian st. and see LALLEY BROS.

If you want the best fire insurance, buy a Closing Out Lap Robes, Horse lankets, Harness, Whips, Combs, Brushes and runks, WM. VANDERPOOL, 226 E. Wash, st. Feed JANES'S Dustless Oats.

Coal-Pocahontas Coal. Smokeless. Sold by A. B. MEYER & CO. Coal Dealers, 17 N. Pennsylvania st.

Old-Fashioned Buckwheat Flour. All the popular breakfast cereals. FRANK E. JANES, successor to George A. Van Pelt, 107-113 N. Delaware st.

If you want a cup of good Cocoa or Chocolate, you should use HUYLER'S. All grocers.

California Excursion Via La E. & W. R. R. Lowest rates, Quickes time. Best accommodations. For date and full information call on or address A. H. SEL LARS, City Passenger Agent, 26 S. Illinois st.

Prevent grip by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla Guns. Guns. Guns. Cash or payments. Guns to rent. (HABICH, 62 W. Market, Cyclorama Place. Have your grocer send you some of HUY-LEP'S COCOA, AND CHOCOLATES with your

next order. Once tried, always used. Grille and Fret Work All styles. H. L. SPIEGEL. 316 E. Vermont st Mrs, Winslow's Soothing Sirup is the best of all remedies for children teething. 25c a bottle.

Correct Styles

HUYLER'S Pure, Delicious COCOA AND CHOCOLATES are sold by all grocers. Ask for Saturday, From 7 to 9 O'Clock

In the evening, we will sell regular men's and boys' 50c cordurey, cloth or Scotch caps for 10c, at the DANBURY HAT CO., No. 8 E. Wash-

New Year's trade. At the stores of

Up-to-Date Goods

WO. 250 VIRGINIA AVENUE

Summer Prices

A chance to save money. See our special prices for

Saturday and Monday 15c Unbleached Canton Flannel for.. 10c 121/2c Bleached Canton Flannel for.. 10c

10c Gray Mixed Canton Flannel for 40c all-Wool Mixed Flannel for 40c Turkey Red Damask for 25c 10-4 Unbleached Sheeting for 18c 25c 10-4 Bleached Sheeting for...... \$1 11-4 Heavy Cotton Blankets for \$2 11-4 Heavy Union Blankets for \$1.50 \$5 12-4 all-Wool Factory Blankets for .

75c 54-inch all-Wool Ladies' Cloth for 50c \$1.25 46-inch all-Wool Henrietta for.. 89c 85c 46-inch all-Wool Henrietta for.... 59c 75c 46-inch all-Wool Henrietta for 50c 39c and 35c Novelty Dress Goods for 25c Ladies', Men's and Children's Underwear, Hosiery, Gloves and Mittens below manufacturers' prices. No limit to quantity.

first comes will have the advantage.

Handkerchiefs Swiss Handkerchiefs, all that are left out of our regusold at 25c, choice of the lot Ladies' Fine Hand Embroid-

ered Irish Linen Handker-50c, 60c and 75c lines, choice 25cts Children's Fancy Embroidered Silk Handkerchiefs, 10c and 15c ones. Men's Hemstitched Fancy Colored Border Handkerchiefs, many of our best styles that sold at 121c, 15c, 19c and dainty narrow

bordered pure linen ones

that sold at 25c, choice of

all the lot Men's Fancy Embroidered blocked and woven bordered Full Dress Handkerchiefs, 25c and 35c ones; choice to Men's Plain White and Fancy colored border Japanese

Silk Handkerchiefs, large size, best quality, former prices were 48c, 65c and 75c, \$1.00 choice 3 for......

Center Aisle

ture buckles.....

Pins...

Spar Stick Pins, in 4-2-3 balls,

Silk Muff Holders, with minia-

Sterling Silver Buckle Stick

Fancy Celluloid Hair Pins,

Fine line Boys' Pocket

Silver Ring with sulphate

Silk Throws with tinsel ends.

Purses 10c and.....

Knives, 2 and 4 blades 25cts

worth 75c 48cts

worth 15c

Gents' Furnishings

YESTERDAY AND TO-DAY

Tuesday. We find hundreds of odds and ends in all the departments, one to half dozen

articles of a kind, which we will offer to-morrow at prices that will close them out in a

Games, Albums, odds and ends of fine China and Bric-a-Brac, Handkerchiefs, Gents'

Furnishings, Kid Gloves, Furs, Cloaks, Fascinators, Etc., Etc. Come early for choice.

About 50 pairs Men's Fancy Embroidered Satin, also Pure Silk and Pure Elastic Suspenders, 50c quality... 22 pairs Men's plain and embroidered Satin \$1.25 Suspenders, choice for

pairs Men's Purest Satin Embroidered Suspenders, \$1.48 and \$1.98 quality, choice for..... Men's Pure Silk Teck Ties bought for the holidays, sold for 50c, choice of a large assortment for. Men's Finest Holiday Neck Ties, in Flowing and

Tecks and large Puffs, including our \$1, \$1,25 and \$1.50 kinds, all go choice Men's Fancy Percale Shirts separate collars and cuffs, \$1.25 quality for..... One lot fancy Night Shirts, sold for 50c and 75c, slight-

ly mussed, for...... Ladies' fine silk close rolling Umbrellas with fine sterling trimmed sticks, pearls, Agates, Dresdens and fine imported handles, sold for \$3.98 \$5, \$6 and \$7, for....... \$5, \$6 and \$7, for.....

Kid Gloves

5cts

25cts

Ladies' Dressed Kid Gloves with four large buttons, also Foster patent hooks these have been handled during the holiday season at \$1 and \$1.25, choice for. Ladies' Dressed Kid Gloves, fine quality with heavy stitching, all colors..... -button Suede Mousquetaire Kid Gloves, extra good quality, all shades. Ladies' Mousquetaire Party Gloves, in opera shades,

Fascinators ators for ...

sold at \$2.25 and \$2.50.... A lot of 35c and 45c Fascinfine Fascinators, Wool, large and heavy

Cloaks

Choice of any Cloth Jacket in our house (over 260 to select from), worth from \$25 to \$45, beautifully tailored and fancy silk lined, some fur trimmed, \$17.50

all go, choice for 200 Jackets, colors and blacks. Beavers, Boucles and Worsted Cloths, \$5.00 worth \$7.50 to \$10, choice for.....

Capes

All Capes reduced. \$50, \$65 \$37.50 and \$75 Capes go for.... \$30, \$35, \$40 and \$45 Capes \$25.00

Children's Furs at \$1, \$1.25. \$1.50. \$2, \$2.50 and

\$2.98. Former prices, \$2 to \$6.50. Small Furs

Muffs and Fancy Furs, Scarfs, in finest qualities of high-grade furs, at about one-third off.

Fur Capes

50 Capes offered to-morrow at less than half price.

\$25 Astrakhan Capes go for .. \$12.00 \$40 American Seal Capes go for..... \$18-50

25cts \$37.50 Wool Seal Capes go for.....**\$20.00** \$65 Beaver Capes go for.... **\$35.00** \$100 Beaver Capes go for \$45.00 \$2.19 \$100 Beaver Capes go for.... \$45.00 \$200 Marten Capes go for.... \$95.00

H. P. Wasson & C H. P. Wasson & C H. P. Wasson & C

Extra Special Sale_

CLOAK AND FUR SALE

Prices will be so low for fine CLOAKS and FUR CAPES,

MUFFS and SCARFS that it paid you to wait until after Christ-

mas. All garments will be sold at nearly HALF PR HALF PRICE

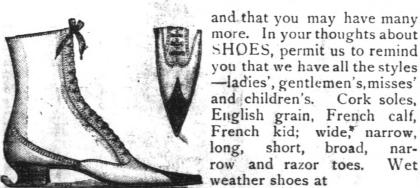
No goods charged or sent on approval. Be sure and attend all escheap sales of Cloaks and Furs and see who has the best stock, best styles and lowest prices.

N. B.—We can repair all kinds of furs now on short notice, we prices. No misfits. at low prices. No misfits.

We Hope You Had

SIERSDORFER'S

27 West Washington Street



"Seasonable Goods" FOR 1896. A GLORIOUS DAY Dinries, Physicians' Visiting Lists, Peloubet's Notes, at always the lowest prices. and that you may have many more. In your thoughts about CATHCART, CLELAND & CO. SHOES, permit us to remind

6 East Washington Street, you that we have all the styles Indianapolis, Ind. -ladies', gentlemen's, misses' Remainders of Holiday Goods and children's. Cork soles, English grain, French calf,

THE IND ANAPOLIS NEWS BARGAIN COLUMNS

The extremely low rate on this "classified" advertising and adherence to the rule excluding everything not strictly legitimate has made these WANT ADVERTISEMENTS the Greatest Bargain Directory.
One cent a word for each day. No advertisement taken for less than 10 cents.

WASSON'S The Close of the Year

Finds us with altogether too much clothing on hand. WE WANT MONEY—in place of Suits have been spent in re-arranging and straightening our stock after the great crush of and Overcoats. The deep cuts we make in the prices of our high-class garments should crowd hurry. Holiday Goods of every description at practically your own prices. Dolls, Toys, the store with customers. To-morrow, we shall The lots will all be arranged conveniently on counters and tables for quick inspection and offer:



of any Overcoat or Ulster in the house-no matter whether the former price was \$22, \$25, \$30 or \$35, for

Plush Caps

200 Men's Fine Plush and

all-Wool Kersey Caps, roll

or slide band, worth \$1.50,

Underwear

One case fine blue allwool Undershirts and Drawers-worth \$1.50-

125 Boys'

Knee Pants

Suits, choice

patterns, well-

made, worth \$4

and \$4.50; sizes

3 to 15, for

200 dozen white and fancy Cambric Handkerchiefs, fast colors, worth 15c-

The New Cloak House Now is the time to buy all kinds of goods at price

lower than ever. CLOAKS, FURS, SUITS, MILLINERY_

39 EAST WASHINGTON STREET.

WE FIRE

We never think of consequences, other than reducing stock and raising cash. Sometimes we make money, and again we lose. Loss in this case is only a second consideration. We prefer it, and thereby sell the stuff, at No. 10 West Washington

ten dollars.

will buy the very choicest & will buy the very finest Children's Cape Over- Ulsters for boys, some of coats and Ulsters. Yes, some are worth nine and 5 which would be bargains at twelve dollars.

ARCADE

Carpets, Wall Paper, Shades, **Draperies, Lace Curtains** "Prices the Lowest."

"Qualities the Best." ALBERT GAI

17' and 19 West Washington St SALE OF BRIC-A-BRAC AND FANCY CHINA STILL CONTINUES